



Franklin County
Board of Commissioners
OFFICE ON AGING



REPORT

Central Ohio Regional Assessment on Aging

August 2026



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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

2026 Central Ohio Regional Assessment on Aging

The 2026 Central Ohio Regional Assessment on Aging (CORAA) was made possible through the collaboration and support of many individuals and organizations across the region.

We are grateful to the project partners – the **Central Ohio Area Agency on Aging (COAAA)**, the **Franklin County Office on Aging (FCOA)**, and **The Ohio State University’s Age-Friendly Innovation Center** – for their guidance and ongoing contributions throughout the implementation of the assessment.

Special thanks are extended to the **Age-Friendly Innovation Center staff and students** who conducted telephone follow-up with older adults, helping expand participation and ensure that residents had multiple opportunities to share their perspectives.

We also appreciate the many **regional aging organizations and community partners across Central Ohio** that helped publicize the survey and encourage participation within their communities. Their outreach was an important part of reaching older adults throughout the region.

The Age-Friendly Innovation Center would like to thank the following funders whose financial support made the 2026 CORAA possible: **The Columbus Foundation, The Isabelle Ridgway Foundation, The Central Ohio Area Agency on Aging**, and **Columbus City Council**.

Most importantly, we thank the **1,349 older adults across Central Ohio who participated in the survey**. Their time, experiences, and perspectives are the foundation of this assessment and will help inform future efforts to support older adults, caregivers, and communities throughout the region.

Central Ohio Regional Assessment on Aging

OVERVIEW

CORAA is a joint effort of The Ohio State University's Age-Friendly Innovation Center, the Central Ohio Area Agency on Aging (COAAA), and the Franklin County Office on Aging (FCOA). The study examines older adults' ability to age in place and identifies where additional resources and supportive services may be needed.

Illuminology assisted with survey design and administered the 2026 CORAA to a random sample of 1,349 adults aged 50+ living in **Delaware, Fairfield, Fayette, Franklin, Licking, Madison, Pickaway, and Union Counties**, as well as the **City of Columbus**.

1349

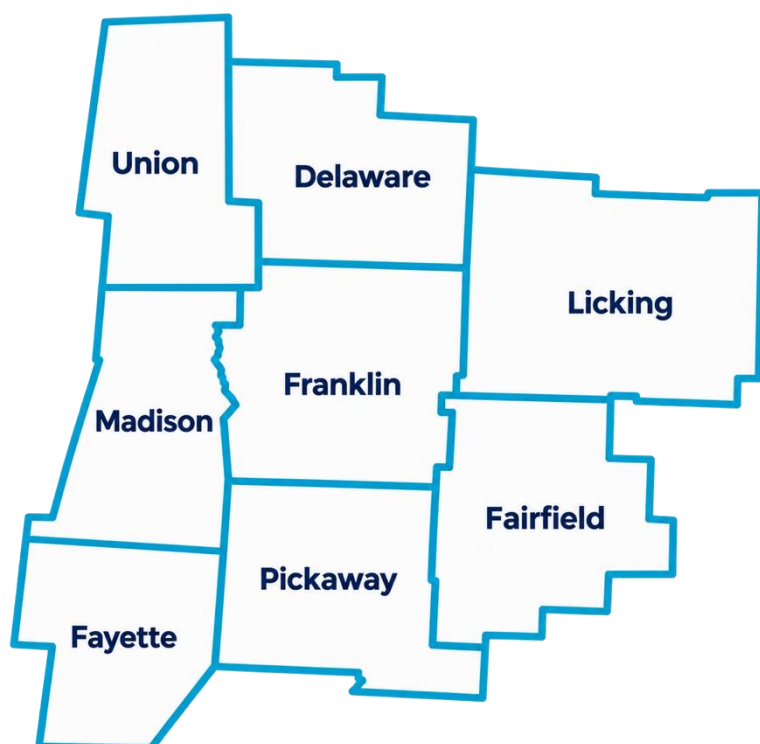
CENTRAL OHIO ADULTS
AGE 50+

±2.7%

MARGIN OF
ERROR

95%

CONFIDENCE
LEVEL



Most older adults in Central Ohio are doing well and want to remain in their homes and communities. The challenge is helping them maintain that independence as circumstances change. Doing so will require accessible supports, strong connections to services and community, and meaningful opportunities for older adults to have a voice in decision making.



Central Ohio Regional Assessment on Aging

How to read this report

As shown in the Table of Contents, the **2026 Central Ohio Regional Assessment on Aging** is organized into multiple, distinct sections. First, an executive summary presents general key findings from the engagement. Then, a Respondent Profile section provides a profile of the survey respondents. The main body of the 2026 Central Ohio Regional Assessment on Aging is divided into topical sections that contain key findings from the survey.

Significant differences between populations in the community

Analyses were conducted to determine if there were statistically significant differences in survey results based on demographic and social factors including age, gender, race, employment status, education, marital status, living situation (alone or with others), and area of residence (rural or urban). Analyses that suggest the presence of significant differences among specific populations are listed below the main findings for each topic or group of topics. Note that education is considered a proxy for income. Because respondents were more likely to report education than income, education is the variable used in these analyses.

Other notes

Sometimes percentages will not sum to 100% due to rounding and / or because multiple responses were accepted. In some cases, “outlier” responses (e.g., extreme values) were winsorized (i.e., replaced with the highest or lowest non-outlying value). Additional methodological detail (including the survey questionnaire) can be found in Appendix A. Footnotes throughout the report correspond to sources cited in the “References” section.



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

2026 Central Ohio Regional Assessment on Aging (CORAA)

KEY FINDING #1

Older adults strongly want to age in place, and most feel positively about their homes and communities; housing affordability may make that goal harder for some.

93%

say remaining in their **home** is somewhat or very important

89%

say remaining in their **neighborhood** is somewhat or very important

63%

spend **30% or more** of their income on housing

AFFORDABILITY

Older adults spend an average of **41%** of monthly household income on housing-related expenses.

HOUSING SUITABILITY

39% report needing at least one safety feature or major home upgrade. **17%** need a walk-in shower or tub, **17%** need grab bars, and **15%** need roof repairs.

The desire to age in place is clear; for some older adults, housing affordability and needed home modifications may make that goal harder to sustain.

KEY FINDING #2

Social connection is an important part of mental health and the informal support system older adults rely on. Many have meaningful social connections, but social isolation and caregiving strain remain a concern.

36%

feel left out at least some of the time

34%

feel alone at least some of the time

30%

feel isolated at least some of the time

48%

do not have many close friends to talk with about private matters

49% of older adults experienced symptoms suggesting anxiety or depression recently and **44%** rely on their social circle for information about services. Caregiving adds another dimension: **28%** of older adults are caregivers. **73%** of them report stress related to those responsibilities and **40%** say caregiving sometimes or often makes it hard to care for themselves.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

2026 Central Ohio Regional Assessment on Aging

KEY FINDING #3

Most older adults are successfully managing their daily needs; some will need support to maintain independence over time.

24%

need help or additional help with at least one **daily activity**

16%

need help or additional help with at least one **nutritional need**

11%

say **transportation issues** have sometimes or often disrupted necessary trips

Most older adults report few unmet basic needs and **82%** rate their health positively. However, **15%** have experienced a fall in the last six months and **20%** reported medication cost as a barrier.

69% would rely on family or friends as backup transportation and **27%** worry about inconveniencing others.

Though many report no current unmet needs, some underserved populations are experiencing challenges accessing resources and support.

KEY FINDING #4

Older adults use multiple channels to find information and services, but navigating available supports can still be difficult.

54%

of all respondents had heard of **COAAA** before the survey

53%

of all respondents had heard of **FCOA** before the survey

51%

say finding services for older adults is somewhat or very difficult

54%

learn about services for older adults online

The internet emerged as a key source of information about services for respondents. An important caveat is that this survey was administered at least partially online.

Among non-users, barriers include **lack of knowledge** and **access to technology**; these older adults are especially likely to rely on family, friends, neighbors, or television.

Reaching older adults effectively will require multiple communication channels and support navigating available services.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

2026 Central Ohio Regional Assessment on Aging

KEY FINDING #5

Many older adults perceive ageism and feel that their voices are not fully valued in local decision-making.

72%

agree there are negative stereotypes about older adults

35%

disagree that their ideas and opinions are valued by local decision makers.

Inclusion is not only about access to services, but also about whether older adults feel respected and heard in the decisions that affect their communities.

KEY FINDING #6

Many older adults are doing well, but those of lower socioeconomic status and older adults under age 70 face more consistent barriers across multiple domains.

34%

of adults with less than a bachelor’s degree reported at least one medication access problem

21%

of adults with less than a bachelor’s degree reported at least one unmet nutritional need

36%

of adults with no more than a high school diploma or GED rated their health as very good or excellent

Across the report, **education** (a proxy for income) is one of the most consistent sources of subgroup differences. Lower-education older adults face **higher housing cost burden, greater financial strain, more medication and nutritional needs, poorer self-rated health, weaker social networks, and lower internet use.**

Age also shows a recurring pattern, with **younger respondents reporting more needs** in several domains. Other demographic differences—such as race, gender, marital status, employment status, living situation, and geography—appear in selected areas but are generally more issue-specific.

Some vulnerabilities do cluster: lower-SES and younger respondents show recurring needs across multiple domains.



RESPONDENT PROFILE

A statistical portrait of the older adults in Central Ohio who completed the 2026 Central Ohio Regional Assessment is shown below. These percentages have been weighted to match population benchmarks for age, education, gender, marital status, household income, immigration status, White-alone status, and geography (City of Columbus and county). Demographic breakdowns before and after weighting can be found in Appendix B.

RESPONDENT DEMOGRAPHICS		CORAA
Gender	Male	47.3%
	Female	52.7%
	Transgender	< 1%
Age	50-54 years	19.3%
	55-59 years	18.1%
	60-64 years	18.2%
	65-69 years	15.0%
	70-74 years	12.3%
	75+ years	17.1%
Race / Ethnicity	White	80.6%
	African American or Black	13.9%
	Asian	4.2%
	Middle Eastern or North African	1.7%
	American Indian or Alaska Native	1.8%
	Hispanic or Latino	1.1%
	Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	0.7%
	Other	0.4%
Educational Attainment	Less than 12 th grade (no diploma)	2.3%
	High school degree / GED	36.2%
	Some college (no degree)	18.9%
	Associate's degree	7.4%
	Bachelor's degree	21.1%
	Graduate or professional degree	14.1%

RESPONDENT PROFILE

RESPONDENT DEMOGRAPHICS		CORAA
Marital Status	Single, never married	7.5%
	Married	59.0%
	Widowed	11.3%
	Divorced / Separated	19.5%
	Not married, living with a partner	2.7%
County	Delaware	11.6%
	Fairfield	8.8%
	Fayette	1.6%
	Franklin County ¹	58.8%
	Licking	10.2%
	Madison	2.5%
	Pickaway	3.2%
	Union	3.3%
Immigration Status	Born in the United States	90.5%
	Immigrated	9.5%
Source of Income	Social Security	34.0%
	Social Security Disability (SSDI)	5.6%
	Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	3.2%
	Pension	20.4%
	401k or 403b	8.5%
	State Retirement Plan (OPERS/STRS)	9.9%
	Savings/Investment or ROTH IRA	14.6%
	Working	45.6%
	Other	4.6%
Household Income	Under \$10,000	3.2%
	\$10,000-\$24,999	7.7%
	\$25,000-\$39,999	8.8%
	\$40,000-\$59,999	13.6%
	\$60,000-\$74,999	8.6%
	\$75,000-\$99,999	12.7%
	\$100,000 or more	45.4%

¹ The majority of Columbus respondents are included in Franklin County, but some reside in Delaware or Fairfield Counties

RESPONDENT PROFILE

RESPONDENT DEMOGRAPHICS		CORAA
Living Situation	Lives alone	25.7%
	Lives with spouse/partner	62.6%
	Lives with children	26.8%
	Lives with grandchildren	5.2%
	Lives with other relatives	4.1%
	Lives with tenant/renter	0.1%
	Lives with other people not related	1.0%
Veteran Status	Veteran	9.6%
	Partner or spouse of a veteran	9.2%
	Not a veteran or a partner of a veteran	81.2%
Employment Status	Working full time	38.1%
	Working part time	6.0%
	Unemployed and looking for a job	2.8%
	Retired and looking for a job	2.2%
	Retired and not looking for a job	42.5%
	Disabled and unable to work	8.4%
Sexual Orientation	Straight / Heterosexual	97.6%
	Gay	1.0%
	Lesbian	1.1%
	Bisexual or Pansexual	0.3%
	Uses another term	0.5%
Language(s) Spoken at Home	English	98.5%
	Language(s) other than English*	7.3%

*A full list of these other languages can be found in Table 1 of Appendix C

HOME AND COMMUNITY

This section provides insight into how older adults in Central Ohio experience their **homes and neighborhoods** as places to age. It examines residents' attachment to their home and neighborhood, perceptions of neighborhood livability and safety, and current housing tenure or homeownership status. These factors help identify how well local environments support **aging in place** and where community conditions may create barriers to stability, comfort, and long-term independence.



KEY FINDINGS

Attachment to home & neighborhood

- ▶ **93%** of older adults say it is somewhat or very important to remain in their home as they age
- ▶ **89%** of older adults say it is somewhat or very important to remain in their neighborhood as they age

Neighborhood livability and safety

- ▶ **97%** of older adults feel somewhat or very safe in their neighborhood
- ▶ **92%** of older adults think their neighborhood is a very or somewhat good place for aging residents

Essential Safety Upgrades

- ▶ **61%** of older adults say they do not need to add or update any safety feature or major home item

Homeownership status

- ▶ **88%** of older adults own their own home
- ▶ **49%** of older adults have a home loan or mortgage; **39%** own their home outright

Attachment to Home and Neighborhood

Overall, older adults feel a **strong attachment to their home**, with **93%** saying it is somewhat or very important to be able to age in place in their home.

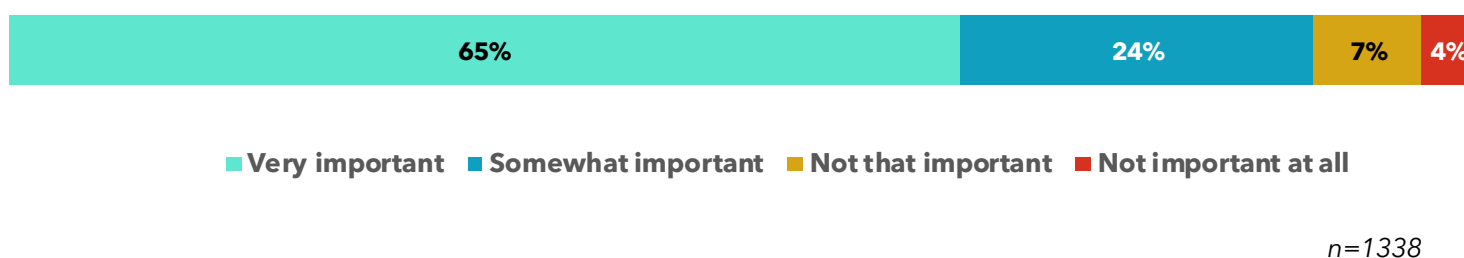
How important is it to you to be able to remain in your home as you age?



 No Subgroup Differences

Similarly, older adults expressed a **strong attachment to their neighborhood**, with **89%** saying it is somewhat or very important to remain there as they age.

How important is it to you to be able to remain in your neighborhood as you age?



 No Subgroup Differences

Neighborhood Livability and Safety

97% of older adults have **positive perceptions** of the safety of their neighborhood.

How safe do you feel in your neighborhood?



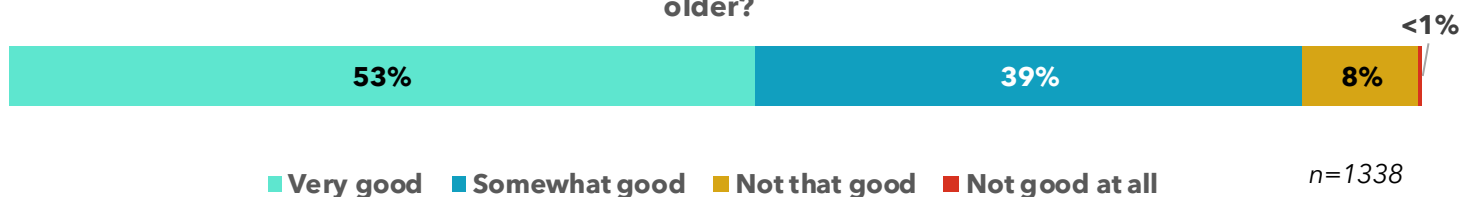
n=1333



Older adults who live in rural areas were **more** likely than older adults who live in urban areas to report feeling **very safe in their neighborhood** (88.6% vs. 73.3%)

92% feel that their neighborhood is a very or somewhat **good place for aging residents**.

How would you rate your neighborhood as a place for people to live as they get older?



n=1338



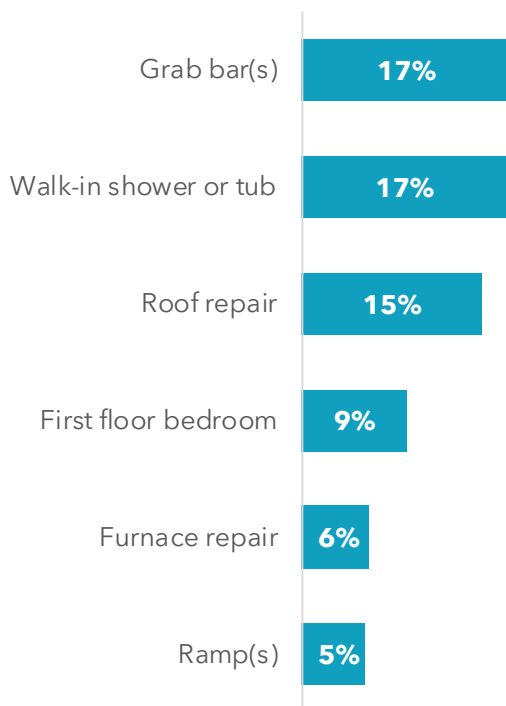
Older adults age 70+ were **more** likely than older adults under age 70 to rate their neighborhood as a **very good place** for people to live as they get older (61.7% vs. 48.7%)

Essential Safety Upgrades

Safely and successfully aging in place in one's residence often requires modifications or upgrades that prevent falls, anticipate and accommodate mobility challenges, and maintain a livable environment.¹⁴ Older adults' homes are generally well-equipped for aging in place; **only 39%** of older adults reported needing to **add or update at least one** safety feature or major home item.

The most frequently needed items are **grab bars (17%)**, a **walk-in shower or tub (17%)**, and **roof repairs (15%)**.

Please select each thing you need to add or update in your home.



n=1341

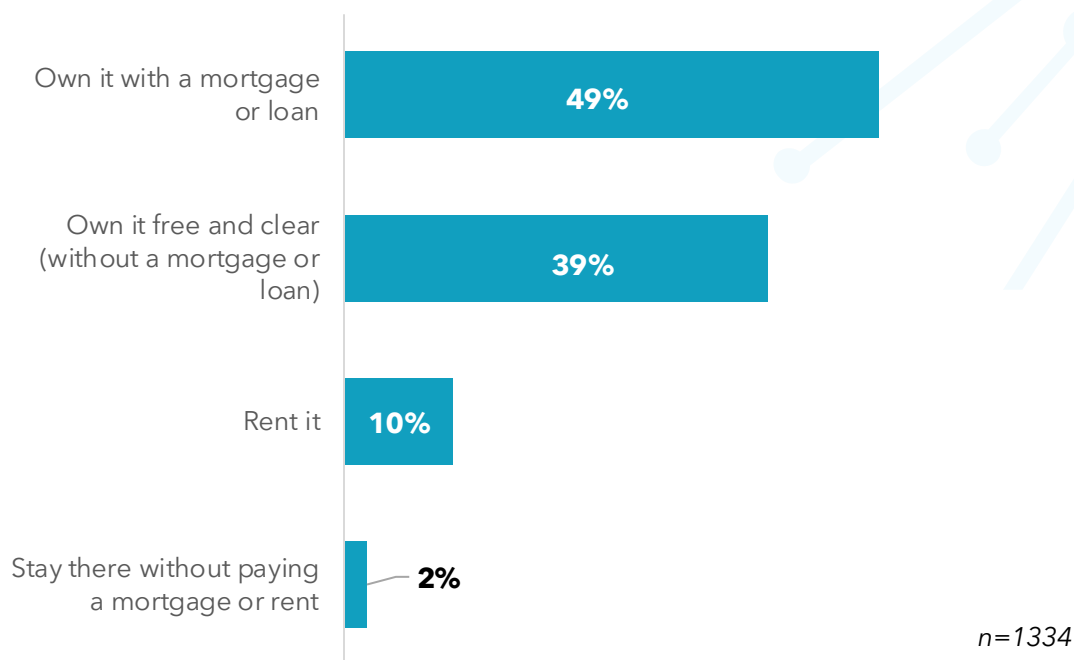


Older adults who live alone were **more** likely than older adults who do not live alone to report needing to add or update a **walk-in shower or tub** (27.1% vs. 13.3%)

Homeownership Status

While **88%** of older adults **own** their residence, only **41%** pay **no mortgage or rent**.

Think about the home, apartment, or mobile home where you live. Do you or someone in your household:



Older adults with less than a graduate or professional degree were **less** likely than more educated older adults to **own their home** (86.5% vs. 97.1%)



Older adults who are White were **more** likely than older adults of color to **own their home** (91.0% vs. 75.2%)



Married older adults were **more** likely than unmarried older adults to **own their home** (93.8% vs. 79.6%)

FINANCIAL STRAIN

This section provides insight into the **financial pressures** facing older adults in Central Ohio, including housing cost burden, difficulty paying monthly bills, debt, property taxes, medical expenses, food insecurity, utility shutoff concerns, scams and fraud, and the possibility of having to move. These indicators help show where economic insecurity may affect older adults' ability to **remain safely housed, meet basic needs, and maintain quality of life.**



KEY FINDINGS

Housing Cost Burden

- ▶ **63%** of older adults spend 30% or more of their monthly income on housing
- ▶ Older adults spend an average of **41%** of their monthly income on housing; this jumps to **52%** for renters

Financial Hardship & Concern

- ▶ **31%** of older adults find it very or somewhat hard to pay their monthly bills

Financial Worries

- ▶ **61%** of older adults are very or somewhat worried about scams and fraud
- ▶ **43%** of older adults are very or somewhat worried about medical expenses
- ▶ **32%** of older adults are very or somewhat worried about household debt
- ▶ **32%** of older adults are very or somewhat worried about paying property taxes

Housing Cost Burden

A household is considered cost-burdened if it spends 30% or more of its income on housing and is considered severely cost-burdened if this figure is 50% or more.

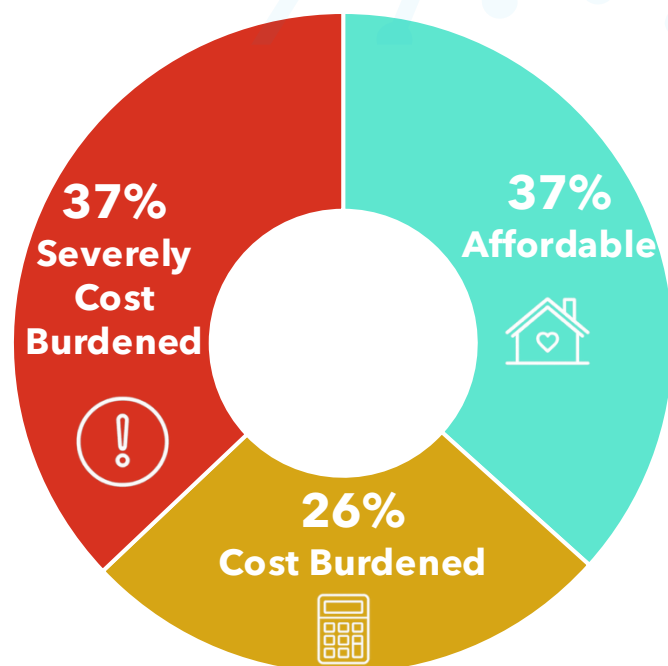
63% of older adults are cost-burdened, spending 30% or more of their monthly income on housing and associated expenses.

What percent of your monthly household income do you spend on your housing expenses, including mortgage or rent, utilities, property taxes, and homeowners' insurance?



41%
of monthly income,
on average

n=1265



n=1265



Older adults with less education report a higher housing cost burden.

Those with less than a bachelor's degree were **more** likely than more educated older adults to report:

- Spending **30% or more of their household income on housing** (74.8% vs. 42.0%)
- Spending **50% or more of their household income on housing** (48.1% vs. 15.9%)



Women were **more** likely than men to spend **30% or more of their household income on housing** (70.2% vs. 55.7%)

Housing Cost Burden

Renters are especially cost-burdened, spending an average of **52%** of their monthly income on housing.

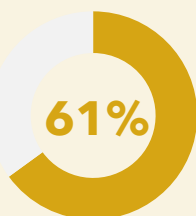
78% of renters spend 30% or more of their monthly income on housing, and **54%** spend 50% or more of their monthly income on housing.

HOMEOWNERS

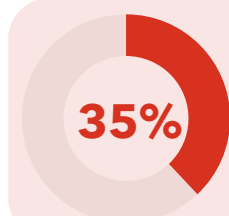


39%

Average monthly income
spent on housing



Cost Burdened
(Spend 30% or more)



Severely Cost Burdened
(Spend 50% or more)

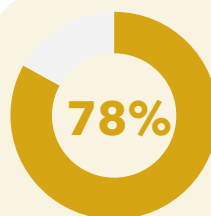
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RENTERS

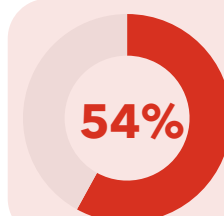


52%

Average monthly income
spent on housing



Cost Burdened
(Spend 30% or more)



Severely Cost Burdened
(Spend 50% or more)

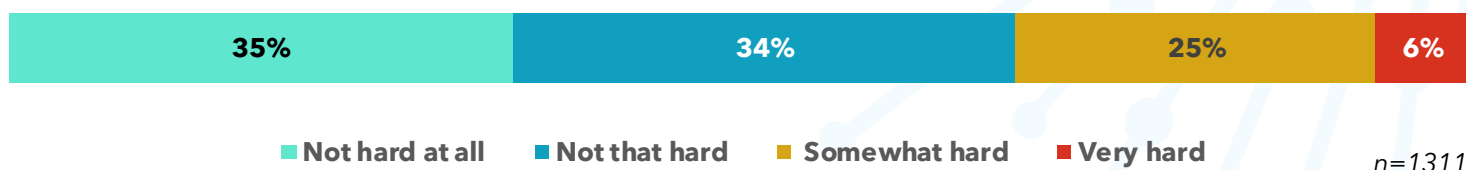
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Note: Cost Burdened percentages are cumulative - they include cost burdened and severely cost burdened residents.

Financial Hardship & Concern

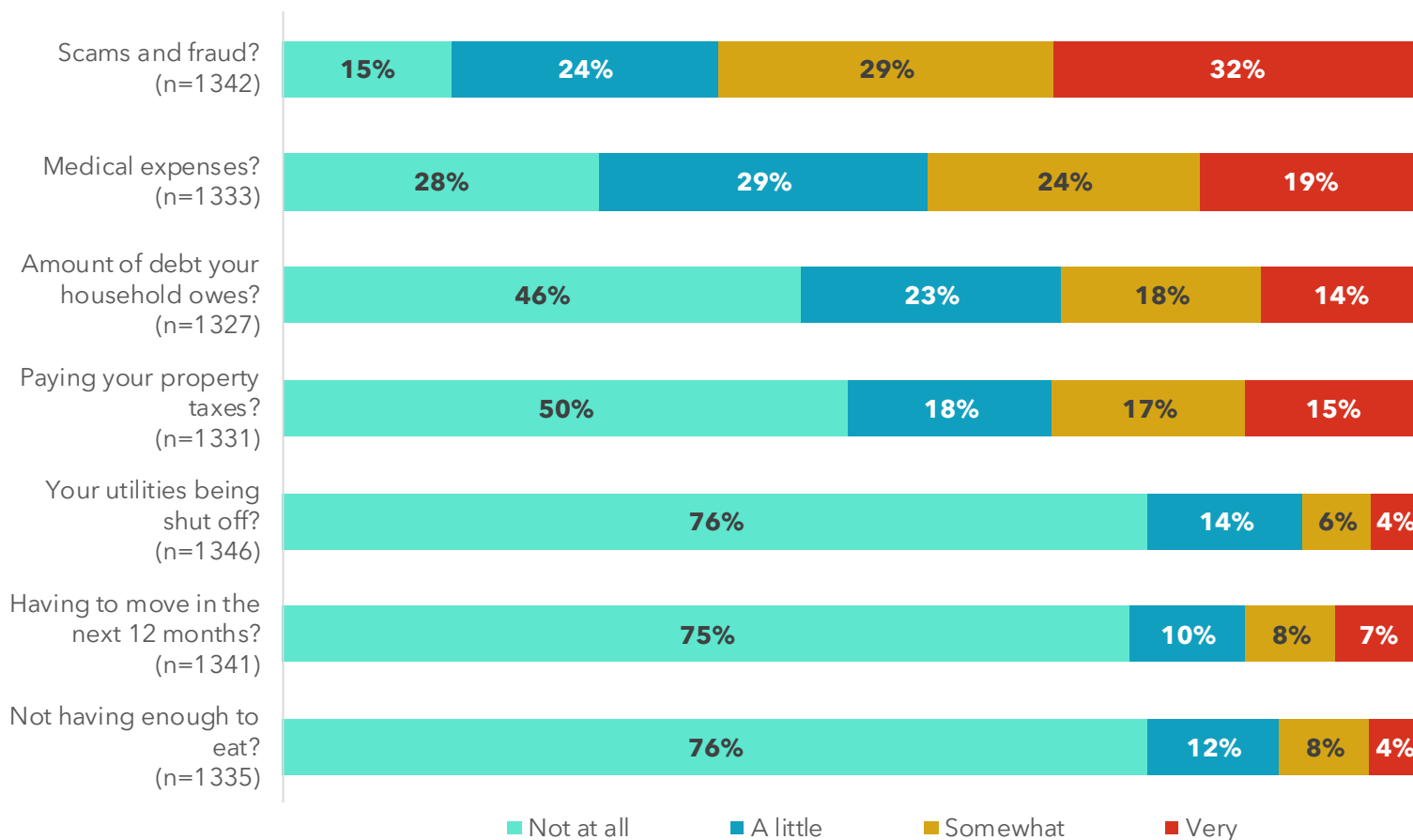
Despite being generally cost-burdened with housing, only **31%** of older adults reported having **difficulty paying their monthly bills**.

How hard is it for you to pay your monthly bills?



Older adults' primary financial concerns are **scams and fraud (61%)**, **medical expenses (43%)**, **household debt (32%)**, and **paying property taxes (32%)**. Relatively few older adults reported being very or somewhat worried about having to move in the next 12 months (15%), not having enough to eat (12%), or having their utilities shut off (10%).

How worried are you about...



Financial Hardship & Concern

Subgroup differences



Older adults with less education report more financial hardship & concern.

Those with less than a bachelor's degree were **more** likely than more educated older adults to report:

- It is somewhat or very **hard to pay their bills** (39.4% vs. 14.1%)
- At least a little worry about **household debt** (60.7% vs. 41.6%)
- At least a little worry about **having to move in the next 12 months** (29.6% vs. 16.8%)
- At least a little worry about **not having enough food** (31.0% vs. 10.3%)
- At least a little worry about **utilities being shut off** (30.8% vs. 10.3%)



Younger respondents report more financial hardship & concern.

Specifically:

- Older adults **under age 70** were **more** likely than those 70+ to report that it is somewhat or very **hard to pay their bills** (33.1% vs. 23.3%)
- Older adults **under age 75** were **more** likely than those 75+ to report at least a little worry about **household debt** (57.0% vs. 37.6%)



Older adults of color report more financial hardship & concern. Older adults of color were **more** likely than those who are White to report:

- At least a little worry about **household debt** (68.6% vs. 49.9%)
- At least a little worry about **utilities being shut off** (37.5% vs. 19.0%)

SELF-SUFFICIENCY AND BASIC NEEDS

This section provides insight into older adults' ability to **manage daily activities and access essential supports**. This includes functional needs such as attending appointments, managing medications, preparing food, shopping, maintaining the home, and getting where they need to go. Together, these measures help identify **threats to independence, caregiving support, and basic service access**.



KEY FINDINGS

Activities of Daily Living

- ▶ **24%** of older adults reported at least one need for support with daily activities
- ▶ **15%** of older adults had a fall within the past six months

Access to Medications

- ▶ While **71%** of older adults reported no problems getting their medications, **20%** have found cost to be an obstacle

Nutritional Needs

- ▶ **16%** of older adults reported at least one need for nutritional supports

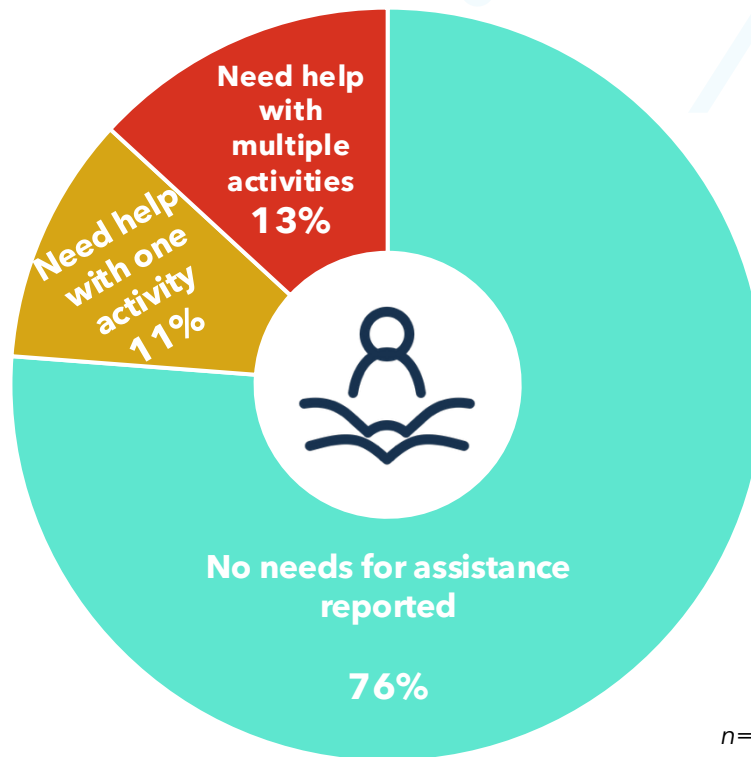
Transportation Needs

- ▶ **69%** of older adults would rely on friends or family for rides if their usual mode of transportation was not an option
- ▶ **27%** of older adults worry they will inconvenience friends or family members by asking them for rides
- ▶ **11%** of older adults sometimes or often experienced transportation challenges over the past year

Activities of Daily Living

24% of older adults reported needing (or needing more) assistance with **at least one** activity of daily living (including housekeeping, getting places they need to go, managing money and paying bills, shopping, scheduling and attending appointments, preparing food, basic hygiene, moving from place to place, and taking medications).

Number of needs for support with daily activities

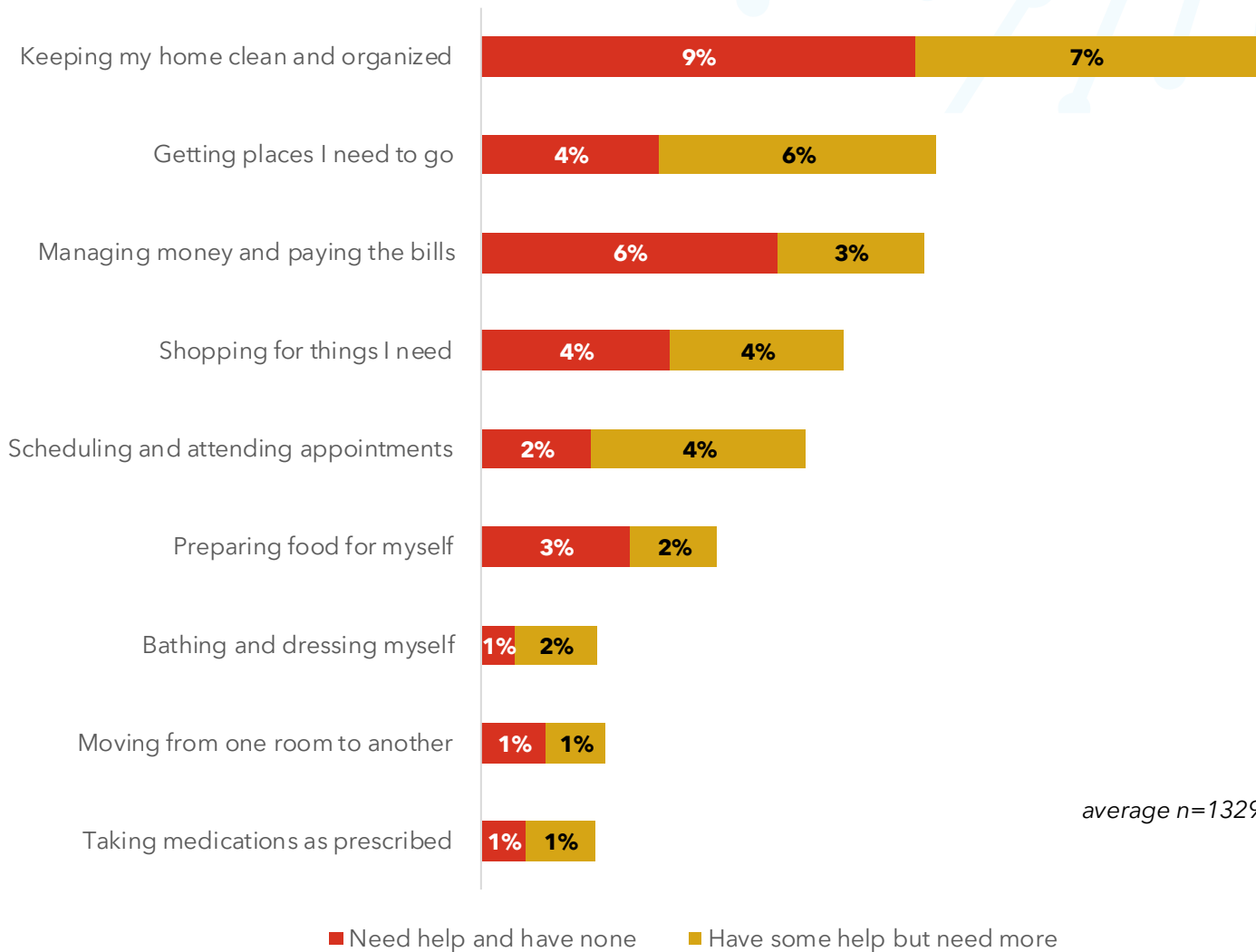


Women were **more** likely than men to report needing help or needing additional help with **at least one daily activity** (28.7% vs. 17.4%)

Activities of Daily Living

16% of all respondents need at least some help that they are not currently receiving to **keep their home clean and organized**. And **more than 5%** of all respondents **need help getting places they need to go, managing money, shopping for things they need, and scheduling and attending appointments**.

Here is a list of things that some older adults need help doing. Check the box that best describes your situation



Activities of Daily Living

Subgroup differences



Older adults with less than a bachelor's degree were **more** likely than more educated older adults to need help **getting places they need to go** (12.9% vs. 3.0%)



Older adults under age 70 were **more** likely than those 70+ to need help **managing money or paying bills** (11.6% vs. 3.4%)



Women were **more** likely than men to need help **keeping their home clean and organized** (21.5% vs. 9.1%)



Older adults who are not currently working have higher needs for help with daily activities. Those who are not currently working were **more** likely than those who are currently working to report:

- Needing help **shopping for things they need** (10.0% vs. 3.5%)
- Needing help **getting places they need to go** (12.3% vs. 4.9%)

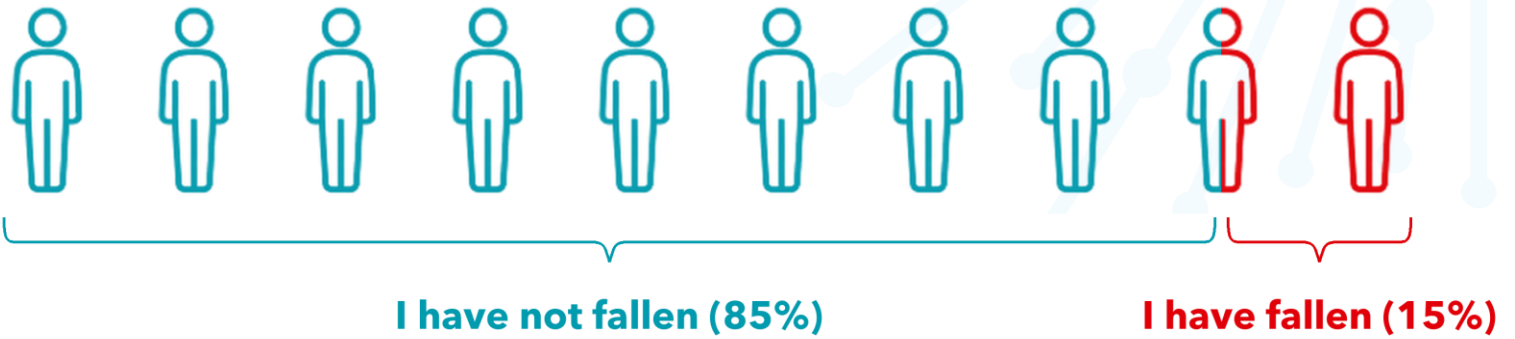


Urban older adults were **more** likely than rural older adults to need help **shopping for things they need** (8.9% vs. 1.2%)

Falls

Experiencing one or more falls in the past six months is strongly correlated with a decline in functional capability.¹ **15%** of older adults reported **having fallen** in the last six months.

Have you fallen in the last six months, or has that not happened?

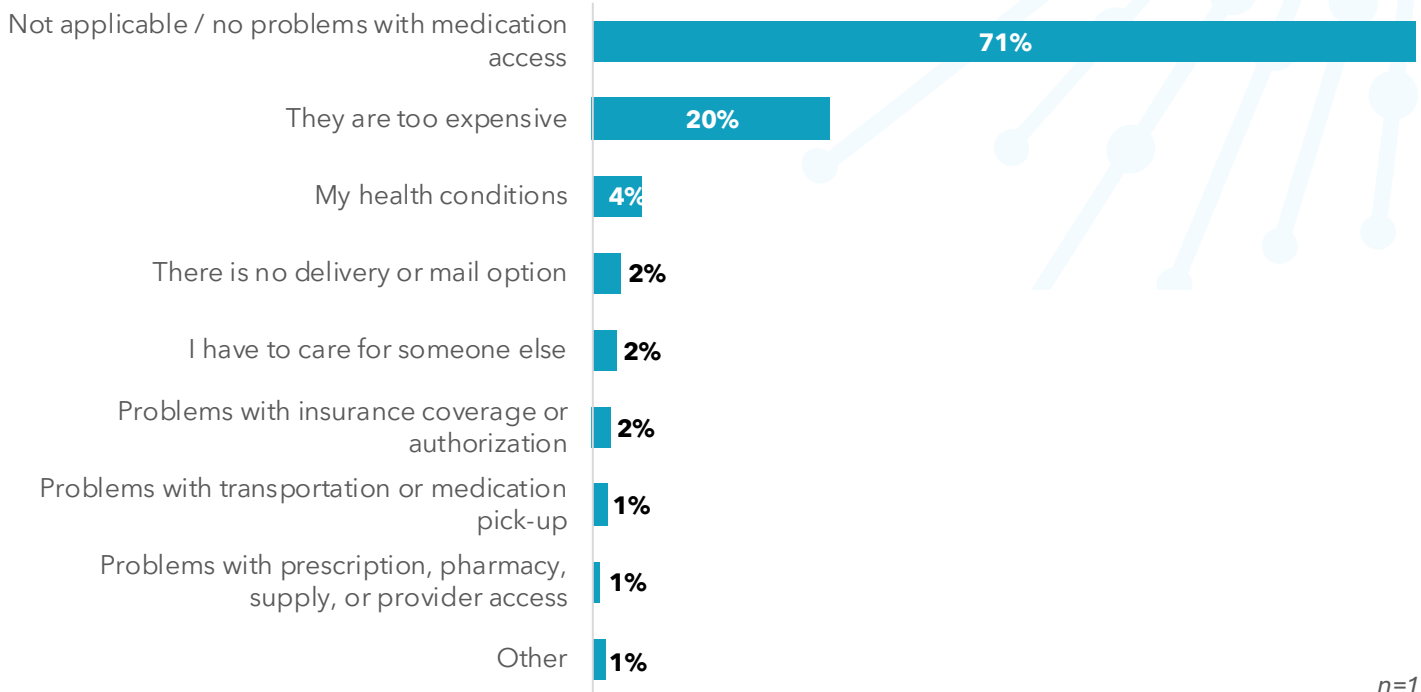


No Subgroup
Differences

Access to Medications

71% of older adults reported **no problems getting their medications**. However, **20%** of older adults had difficulty getting their medications because they are **too expensive**.

Do you ever have problems getting your medications because of the following reasons?



Older adults with less than a bachelor's degree were **more** likely than more educated older adults to report **at least one medication access problem** (33.6% vs. 21.8%)

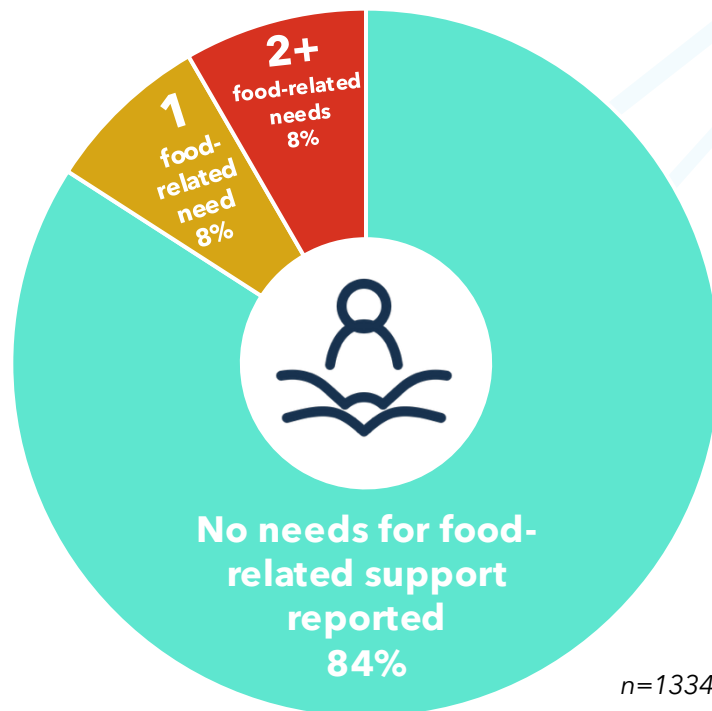


Older adults under age 70 were **more** likely than those 70+ to report **at least one medication access problem** (33.3% vs. 20.5%)

Nutritional Needs

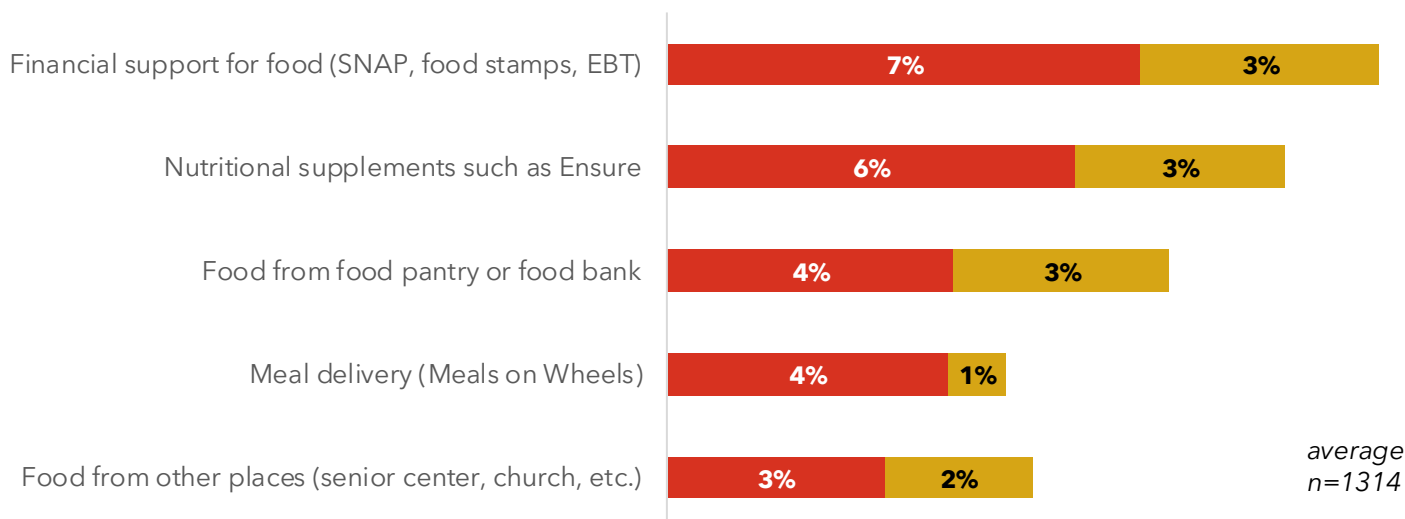
16% of older adults reported needing (or needing more) assistance with **at least one** nutritional need.

Number of food-related supports needed



10% of older adults reported a need for **financial support for food** and **9%** reported a need for **nutritional supplements**.

Here is a list of things that some older adults need. Check the box that best describes your situation



■ I need it and I don't have it at all

■ I need it and I don't have enough

Nutritional Needs

Subgroup differences



Older adults with less education report greater nutritional needs. Those with less than a bachelor's degree were **more** likely than more educated older adults to report:

- **At least one food-related need** (20.5% vs. 7.2%)
- A need for **food-related financial assistance** like SNAP or EBT (13.8% vs. 3.7%)
- A need for **food from a senior center, church, or other community source** (7.6% vs. 0.6%)

Additionally, older adults with no more than a high school diploma or GED were **more** likely than more educated older adults to report a need for **nutritional supplements** (14.2% vs. 5.6%)



Older adults under age 70 report greater nutritional needs. Those age 50-69 were **more** likely than those 70+ to report:

- A need for **food-related financial assistance** like SNAP or EBT (12.2% vs. 5.7%)
- A need for **food from a food pantry or food bank** (8.9% vs. 2.1%)
- A need for **food from a senior center, church, or other community source** (6.5% vs. 1.7%)

Additionally, older adults under age 75 were **more** likely than those 75+ to report a need for **meal delivery** (5.6% vs. 2.0%)



Older adults who are not currently working report greater nutritional needs.

Those who are not currently working were **more** likely than those who are currently working to report:

- **At least one food-related need** (18.9% vs. 11.7%)
- A need for **food-related financial assistance** like SNAP or EBT (13.9% vs. 5.8%)
- A need for **meal delivery** (7.4% vs. 1.9%)



Urban older adults were **more** likely than rural older adults to report a need for **food from a food pantry or food bank** (8.5% vs. 1.9%)

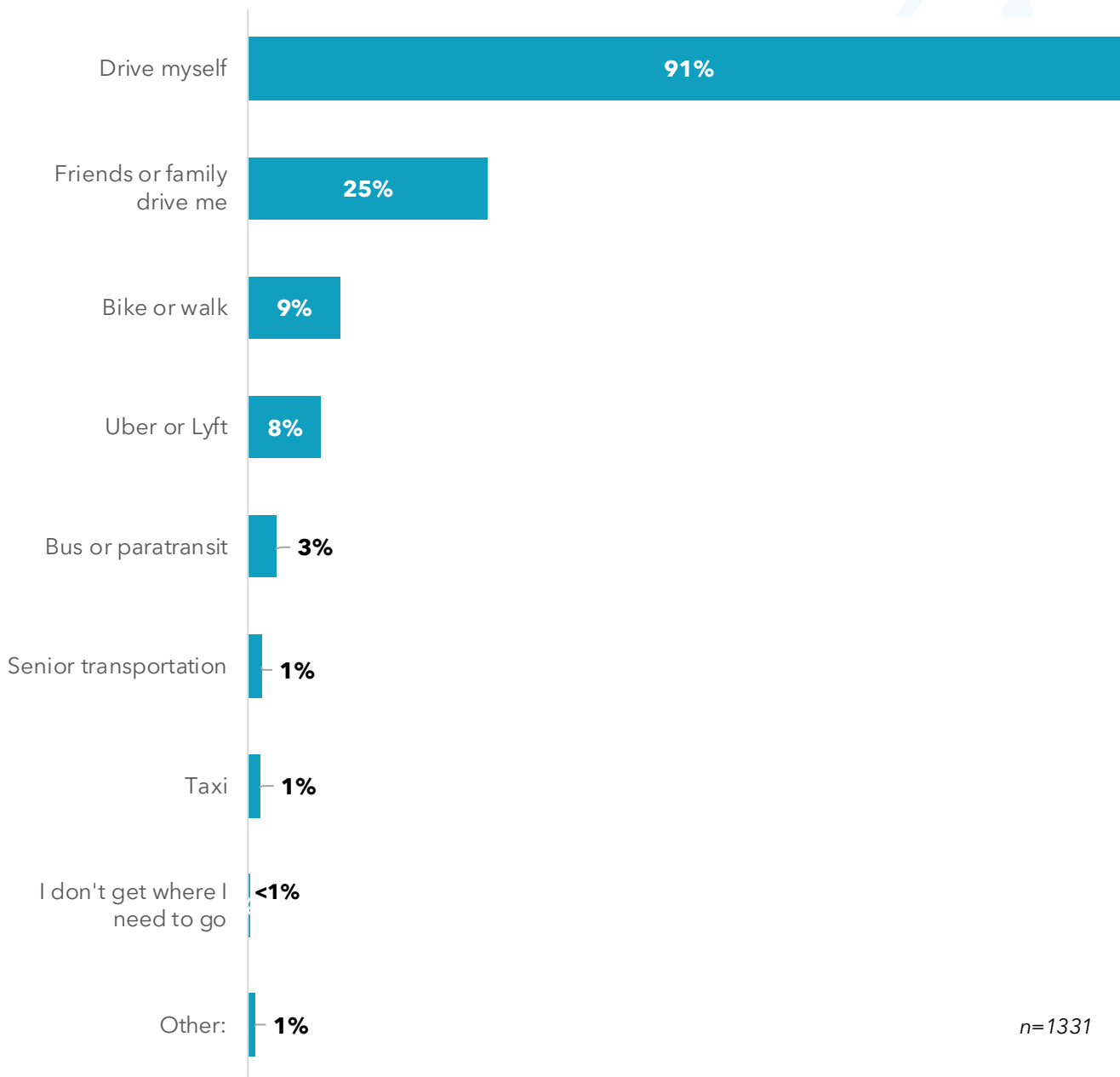


Transportation Needs

Access to transportation is essential for maintaining independence and supporting well-being. Insufficient access to transportation limits the ability to perform essential tasks such as attending medical appointments, shopping for groceries, and running errands, which in turn can negatively impact physical health.² Insufficient access to transportation also increases social isolation, which can lead to poor mental health.³

91% of older adults **drive themselves** and **25%** rely on **members of their social circle** for their transportation needs.

What is your usual way of getting where you need to go?



Transportation Needs

Subgroup differences



Older adults with less than a bachelor's degree were **less** likely than more educated older adults to usually **drive themselves** (86.4% vs. 99.0%)



Women were **more** likely than men to usually rely on **friends or family** for transportation (34.1% vs. 14.2%)



Older adults who are currently working were **more** likely than older adults who are not currently working to usually **drive themselves** (99.0% vs. 84.5%)



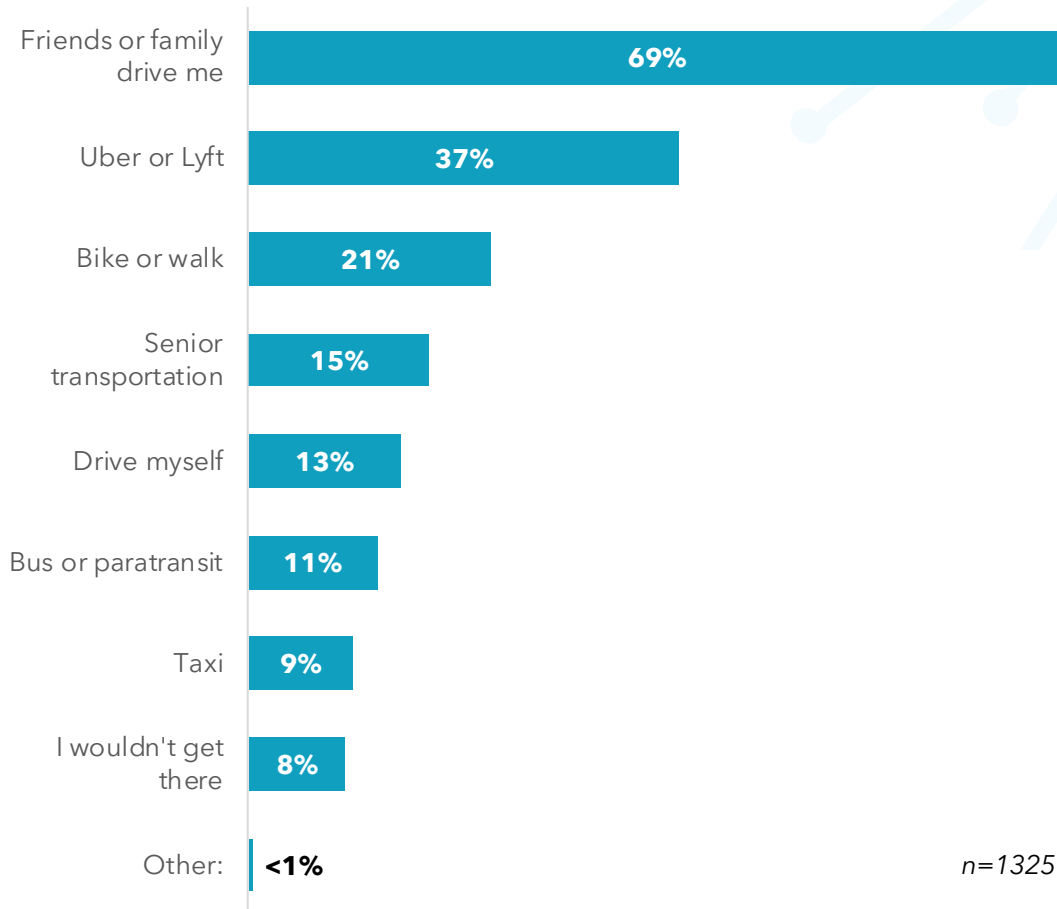
Usual mode of transportation varies by area of residence. Specifically:

- Older adults who live in **rural** areas were **more** likely to usually **drive themselves** (97.2% vs. 89.4%)
- Older adults who live in **urban** areas were **more** likely to usually **bike or walk** (10.9% vs. 3.4%)

Transportation Needs

69% of older adults said they would rely on **members of their social circle** to drive them where they need to go if their usual mode of transportation was not an option.

If your usual way of getting around was no longer an option, how would you get where you need to go?



Older adults with no more than a high school diploma or GED were **less** likely than more educated older adults to use **Uber or Lyft** as an alternate mode of transportation (17.3% vs. 48.4%)



Older adults who are currently working were **more** likely than older adults who are not currently working to rely on **friends or family** as an alternate mode of transportation (74.6% vs. 65.4%)

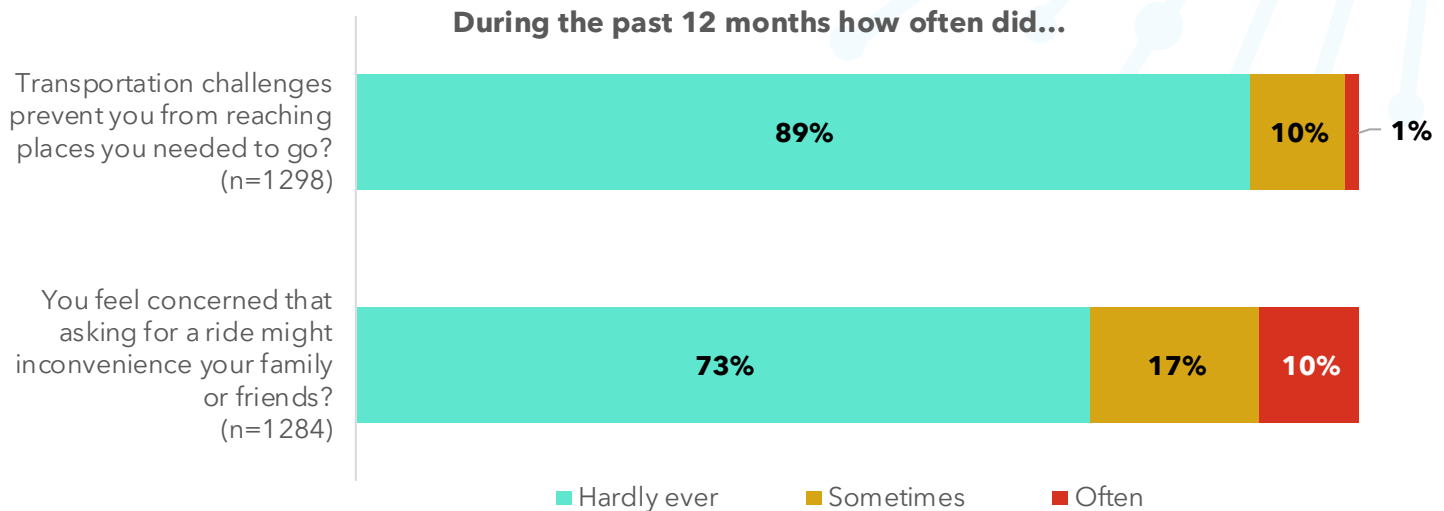


Older adults who live in urban areas were **more** likely than older adults who live in rural areas to use the **bus or paratransit** as an alternate mode of transportation (12.8% vs. 2.7%)



Transportation Needs

89% of older adults **hardly ever experienced transportation challenges** over the past year. However, **27%** were **concerned about inconveniencing members of their social circle** with requests for rides. Forgoing necessary trips for fear of inconveniencing others can negatively impact one's ability to lead a full, happy, and satisfying life and can lead to poorer physical and behavioral health outcomes.⁴



✓ No Subgroup Differences

HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

This section provides insight into older adults' **physical and behavioral health**. It includes health measures such as overall health, substance use, and mental health. It also examines social connectedness and inclusion. Together, these measures help map the **holistic well-being** of older adults and show where health issues and social isolation may affect older adults' ability to thrive as **engaged and valued members of their community**.



KEY FINDINGS

Self-Reported Health

- **82%** of older adults report that they are in excellent, very good, or good health

Substance Use

- **32%** of older adults reported having four or more alcoholic beverages in a single day at least once within the past 12 months

Mental Health

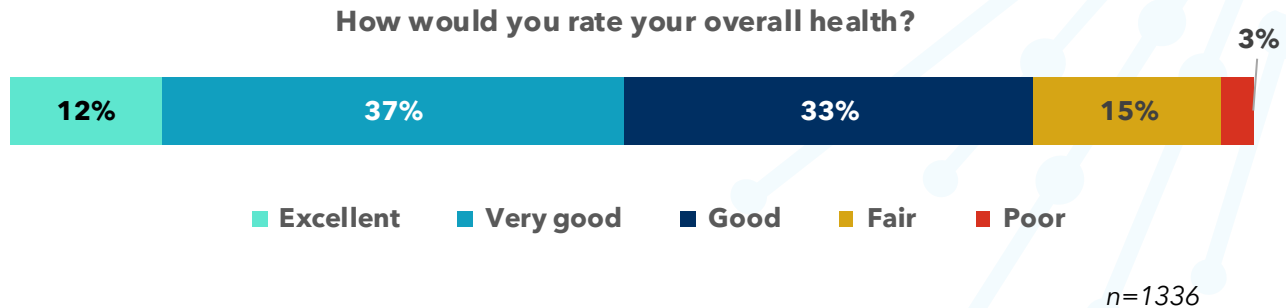
- **49%** of older adults reported experiencing symptoms suggesting anxiety or depression over the past 2 weeks

Social Engagement and Inclusion

- At least some of the time, **36%** of older adults feel left out, **34%** feel alone, and **30%** feel isolated
- **48%** of older adults do not have enough close friends to discuss private matters with
- **72%** of older adults think that there are negative stereotypes about older adults and **35%** feel their ideas and opinions are not valued by local decision makers

Self-Reported Health

Older adults rate their overall health as good, with **82%** reporting that they are in **excellent, very good, or good health**.



Older adults with no more than a high school diploma or GED were **less** likely than more educated older adults to rate their health as **very good or excellent** (36.3% vs. 57.2%)



Women were **more** likely than men to rate their health as **very good or excellent** (54.4% vs. 44.0%)

Substance Use

Older adults reported few issues with substance use, with **59%** reporting **no binge drinking, nicotine use, or recreational drug use in the past 12 months**.

However, **10%** reported having **four or more alcoholic beverages** in a single day at least once per week and **10%** reported using **tobacco or other nicotine products** at least once per week.

During the past 12 months, how often have you:

 **Had four or more drinks containing alcohol in a single day?**
(n=1337)

68%
NEVER

32%
AT LEAST ONCE

Out of all respondents



■ Less than once per month ■ Once per month
■ Once per week ■ Daily or almost every day

 **Used tobacco or any other nicotine product?**
(n=1341)

87%
NEVER

13%
AT LEAST ONCE

<1% Out of all respondents



■ Less than once per month ■ Once per month
■ Once per week ■ Daily or almost every day

 **Used a recreational drug or used a prescription for non-medical reasons?**
(n=1343)

88%
NEVER

12%
AT LEAST ONCE

Out of all respondents



■ Less than once per month ■ Once per month
■ Once per week ■ Daily or almost every day

 **Felt badly about your use of drugs or alcohol?**
(n=1333)

95%
NEVER

5%
AT LEAST ONCE

Out of all respondents



■ Less than once per month ■ Once per month
■ Once per week ■ Daily or almost every day

Substance Use

Subgroup differences



Substance use varies by age. Specifically:

- Older adults **under age 70** were **more** likely than those 70+ to report having **four or more drinks** in a single day at least once in the past 12 months (39.2% vs. 16.9%)
- Older adults **under age 75** were **more** likely than those 75+ to report **recreational drug use or non-medical prescription use** at least once in the past 12 months (13.7% vs. 2.4%)
- Older adults **age 75 or older** were **more** likely than those under age 75 to report **none of the three measured substance use behaviors** (80.8% vs. 53.7%)



Substance use varies by gender. Specifically:

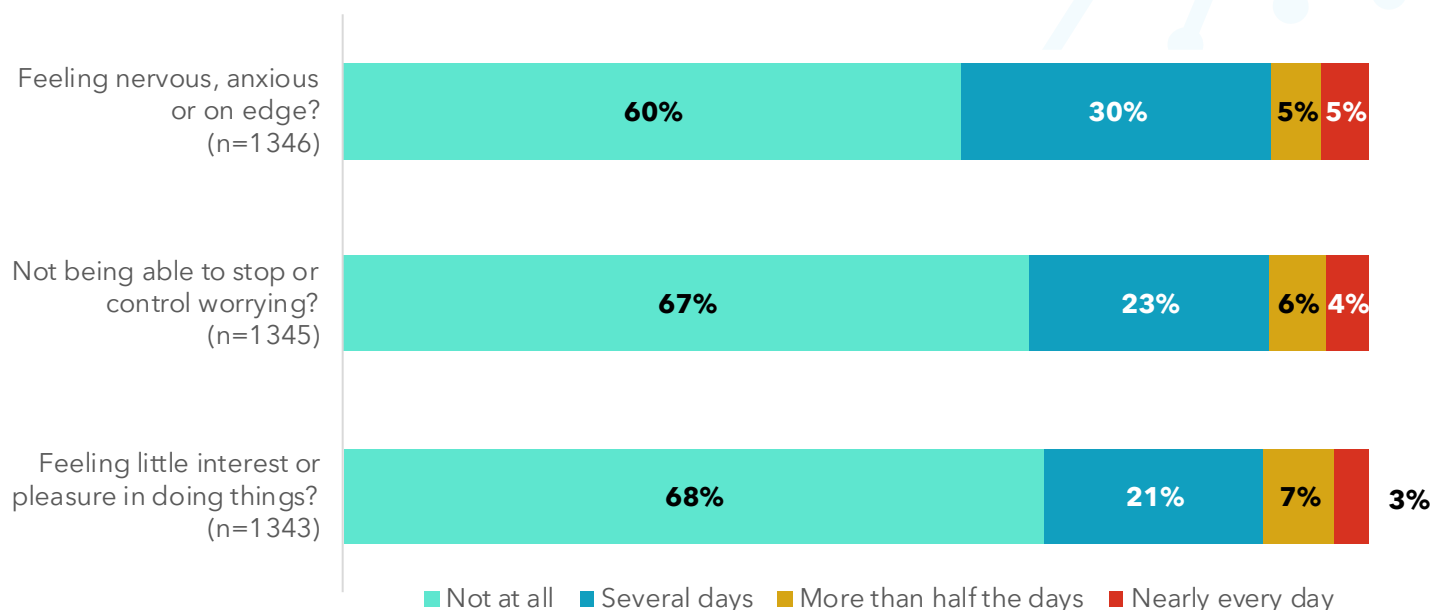
- **Men** were **more** likely than women to report having **four or more drinks** in a single day at least once during the past 12 months (39.1% vs. 24.8%)
- **Women** were **more** likely than men to report **none of the three measured substance use behaviors** (67.2% vs. 50.6%)

Mental Health

51% of older adults **did not report experiencing any of the three symptoms related to depression or anxiety** over the past two weeks.

However, **40%** reported feeling **anxious**, **33%** were **unable to stop worrying**, and **31%** felt **little interest or pleasure** in doing things several days or more over that time period.

Over the last 2 weeks, how often have you been bothered by the following problems?



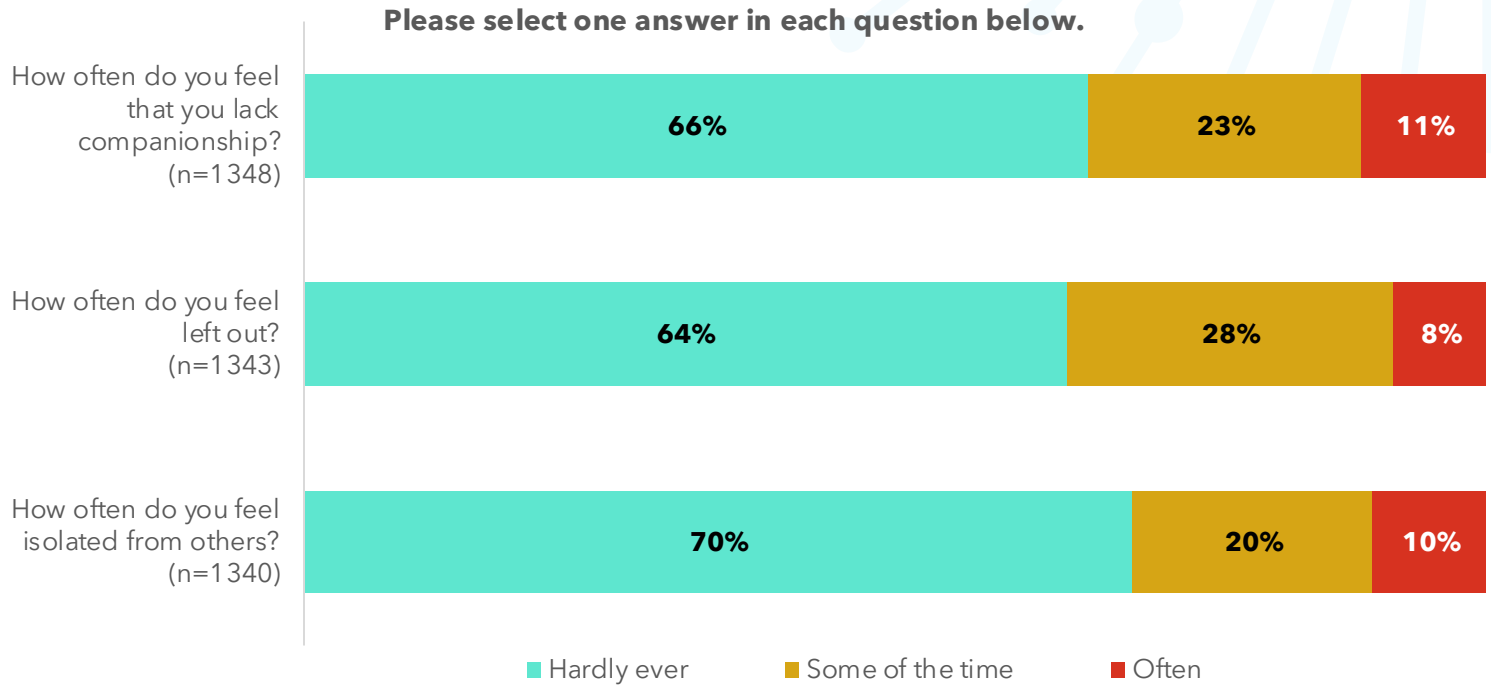
Older adults under age 60 report more symptoms related to depression or anxiety. Specifically:

- Older adults **under age 60** were **more** likely than those 60+ to report **feeling nervous, anxious, or on edge** several days or more in the past two weeks (48.7% vs. 35.0%)
- Older adults **age 60 or over** were **more** likely than those under age 60 to report **no measured symptoms of anxiety or depression** across all three mental health items (55.3% vs. 43.0%)

Social Engagement and Inclusion

Social connection is a vital component of living a long and healthy life. Maintaining strong social bonds can reduce the risk of cognitive decline,⁵ improve mental health,⁶ and help maintain physical health.⁷

55% of older adults reported **rarely feeling socially disconnected**, but **36%** feel **left out**, **34%** feel **alone**, and **30%** feel **isolated** at least some of the time.



Social Engagement and Inclusion

Subgroup differences



Older adults under age 60 report more social disconnection. They were **more** likely than those 60+ to report:

- Feeling **left out** some of the time or often (45.1% vs. 29.9%)
- Feeling like they **lack companionship** some of the time or often (40.9% vs. 29.4%)



Unmarried older adults report more social disconnection. They were **more** likely than married older adults to report:

- Feeling **isolated** some of the time or often (43.9% vs. 20.1%)
- Feeling like they **lack companionship** some of the time or often (55.7% vs. 18.2%)
- Feeling **left out** some of the time or often (47.5% vs. 27.0%)

Married older adults are **more** likely to report **hardly ever feeling** disconnected on all three social disconnection items (67.6% vs. 37.1%)



Older adults who live in urban areas report more social disconnection. Compared to older adults who live in rural areas, those who live in urban areas are:

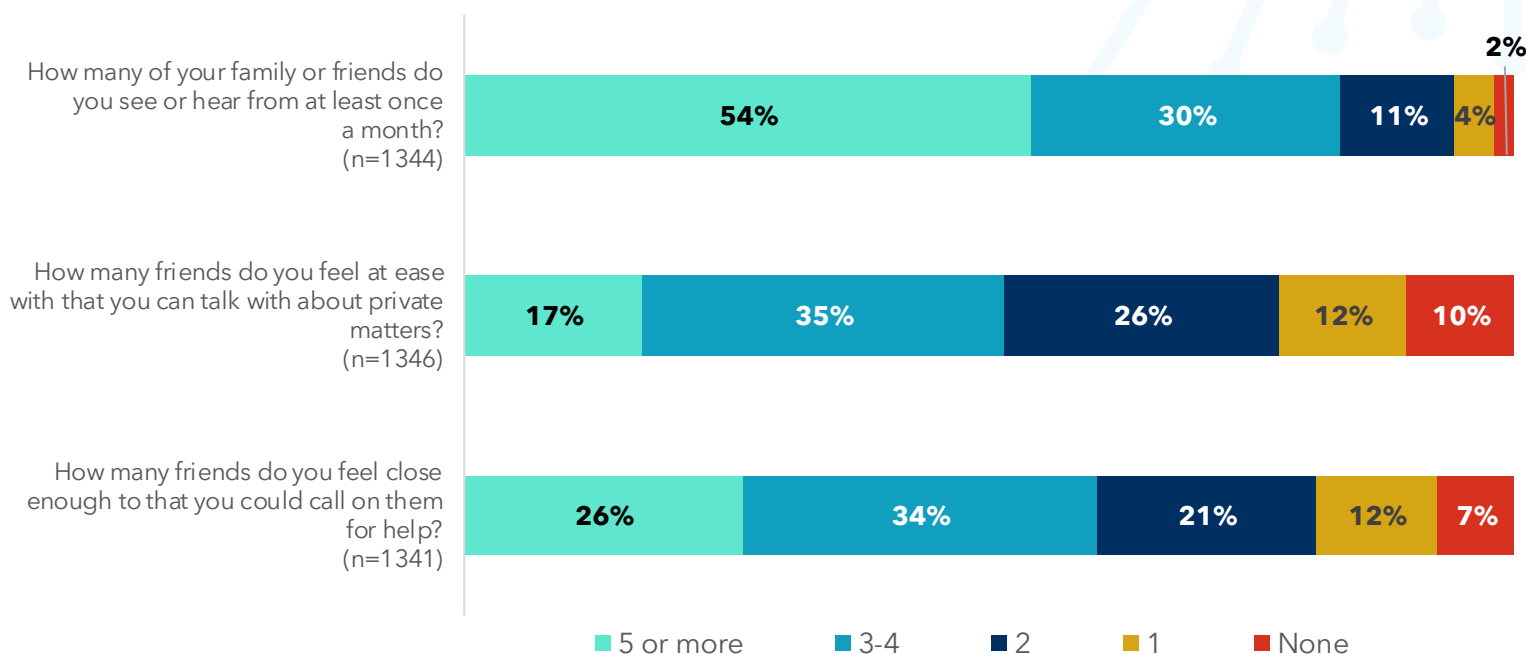
- **More** likely to report feeling **left out** some of the time or often (38.9% vs. 20.6%)
- **Less** likely to report **hardly ever feeling disconnected** on all three social disconnection items (51.6% vs. 70.5%)

Social Engagement and Inclusion

It is generally recommended that individuals have at least three to five close friends on whom they can rely for support; those with fewer such friendships are more likely to feel socially isolated and experience poorer mental health.⁸

While **84%** of older adults have **regular contact** with at least three friends or family members and **60%** have three or more friends **they can call on for help**, only **52%** have more than two friends they feel at ease with **discussing private matters**.

Think about all your family and friends, including those in your neighborhood:



Older adults with less education report weaker social networks. Specifically:

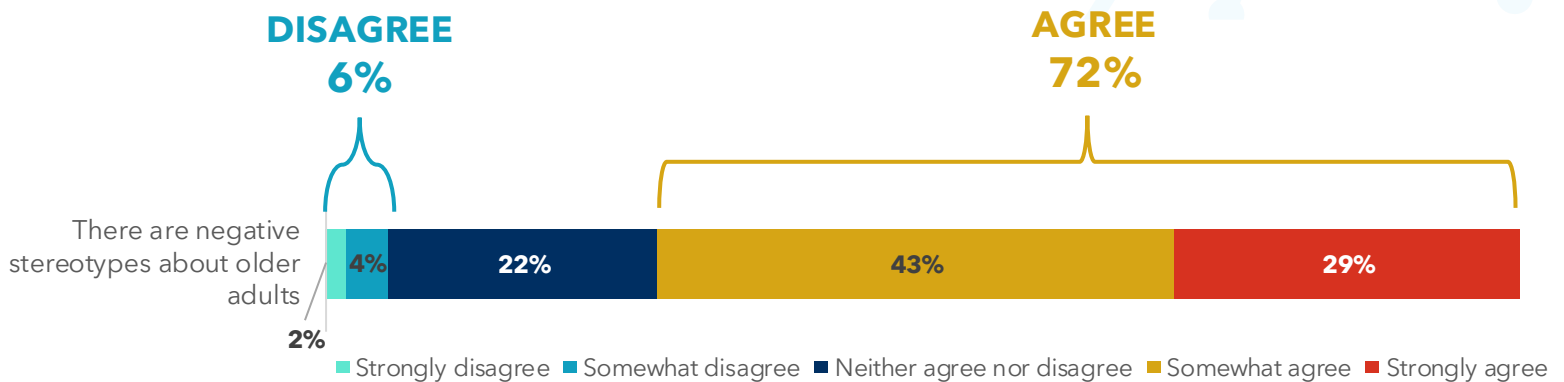
- Older adults with no more than a high school diploma or GED were **more** likely than more educated older adults to report having **two or fewer** friends they feel at ease with **discussing private** matters (61.6% vs. 40.6%)
- Those with less than a bachelor's degree were **more** likely than more educated older adults to report having **two or fewer friends** they can **call on for help** (46.1% vs. 28.2%)

Social Engagement and Inclusion

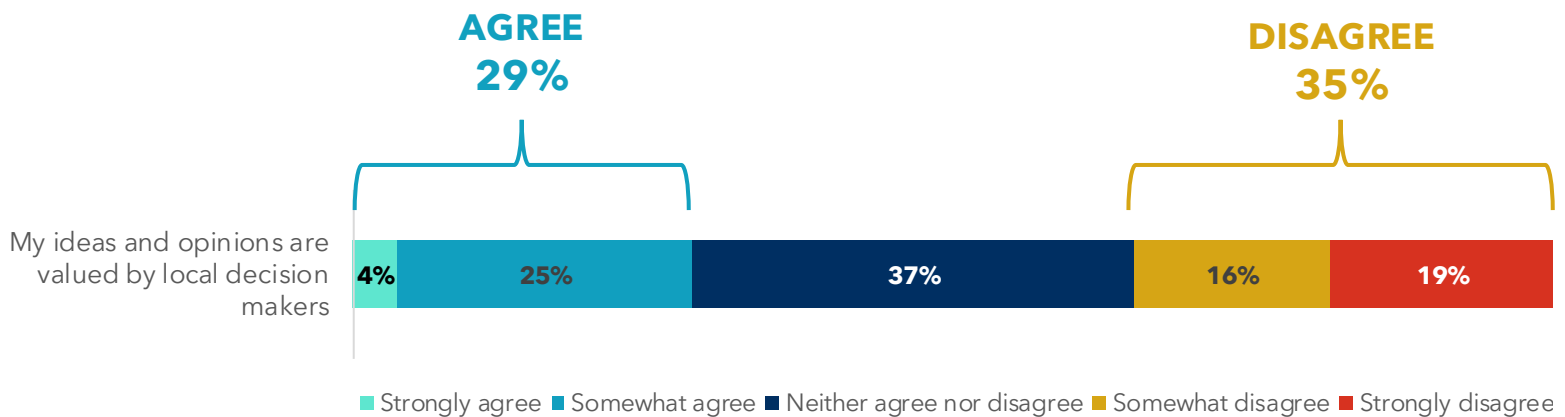
Feeling valued and included by the greater community is fundamental to overall well-being. Individuals who feel accepted and included are more resilient,⁹ experience better mental health,¹⁰ and enjoy a longer lifespan.¹¹

35% of older adults somewhat or strongly **disagree** that **their ideas and opinions are valued** by local decision makers and **72%** somewhat or strongly **agree** that **there are negative stereotypes about older adults**.

How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements:



n=1339



n=1340



CAREGIVING

This section provides insight into older adults' **caregiving duties**. It includes measures such as caregiver status, level of stress caused by caregiving, and the ability to care for oneself as well as others. Together, these measures show the **impact of caregiving on older adults** and highlight where more supports could be helpful.

KEY FINDINGS

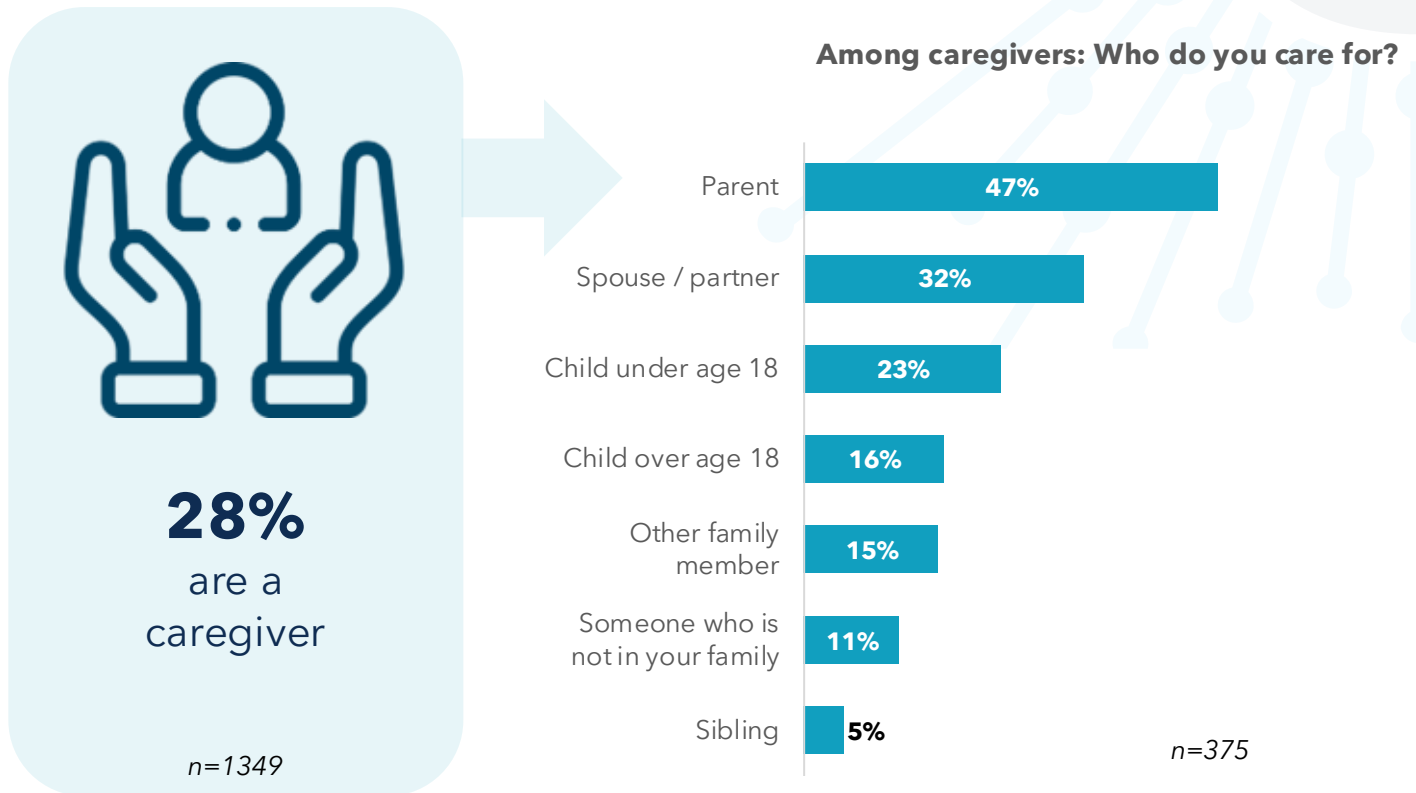
Caregiving

- ▶ **28%** of older adults are caregivers
- ▶ Caregivers most commonly report caring for a parent (**47%**), a spouse / partner (**32%**), or a child under age 18 (**23%**)
- ▶ **73%** of caregivers report feeling sometimes or often stressed about caring for someone else
- ▶ **40%** of caregivers report finding it sometimes or often difficult to take care of themselves



Caregiving

28% of older adults are **caregivers**. They are most likely to be caring for a **parent (47%)**.



Older adults without a graduate or professional degree were **less** likely than more educated older adults to be caring for a **child under age 18** (16.0% vs. 55.3%)



Caregiving responsibilities vary by age. Specifically:

- Older adults **under age 60** were **more** likely than those 60+ to be caring for a **child under age 18** (41.3% vs. 5.2%)
- Older adults **under age 70** were **more** likely than those 70+ to be caring for a **parent** (58.3% vs. 13.3%)

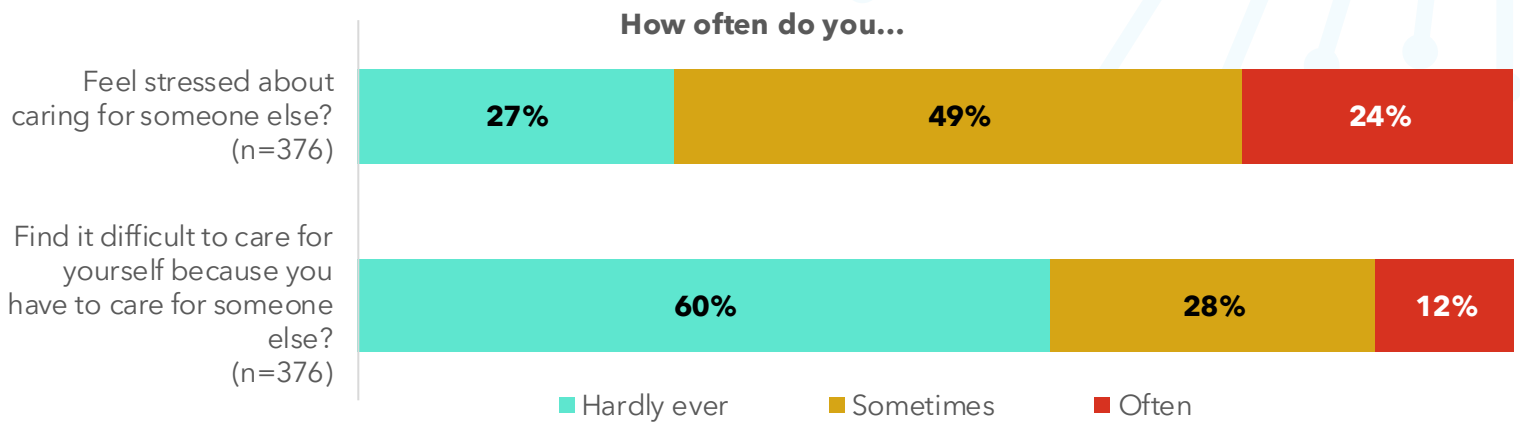


Married older adults were **more** likely than unmarried older adults to be caring for a **spouse or partner** (41.3% vs. 8.6%)

Caregiving

Caregiving responsibilities are often a source of stress for caregivers¹² and can result in them neglecting their own needs in order to meet the needs of those they care for.¹³

73% of older adult caregivers feel at least occasionally **stressed** by their caregiving duties, while **40%** reported that their caregiving duties **make it challenging to care for themselves** at least some of the time.



Older adults under age 70 were **more** likely than those 70+ to report feeling sometimes or often **stressed** about caring for someone else (83.2% vs. 45.1%)



Older adults who were White were **more** likely than older adults of color to report feeling sometimes or often **stressed** about caring for someone else (78.5% vs. 52.1%)

EMERGENCY READINESS

This section provides insight into the ability of older adults in Central Ohio to deal with **emergencies and safety challenges**. It includes safety devices, emergency supplies, evacuation plans for residents and their domestic animals, and prior experience with climate and power disruptions. Together, these measures offer a snapshot of older adults' ability to **respond to emergencies** and help identify gaps in climate resilience and emergency readiness.

KEY FINDINGS

Emergency Readiness

- ▶ **61%** of older adults possess working devices and tools necessary for safety and comfort such as smoke and carbon monoxide detectors, air conditioners, flashlights, and first-aid kits.
- ▶ **66%** of older adults possess a 3-day supply of food that can be eaten without cooking, bottled water, clothing, and medicine, and **75%** possess a first-aid kit
- ▶ **73%** of older adults have a safe place to go in case of an emergency evacuation and **98%** of those with a safe place have a way to get there

Weather Emergencies

- ▶ **87%** of older adults did not report experiencing climate or power disruptions over the past year

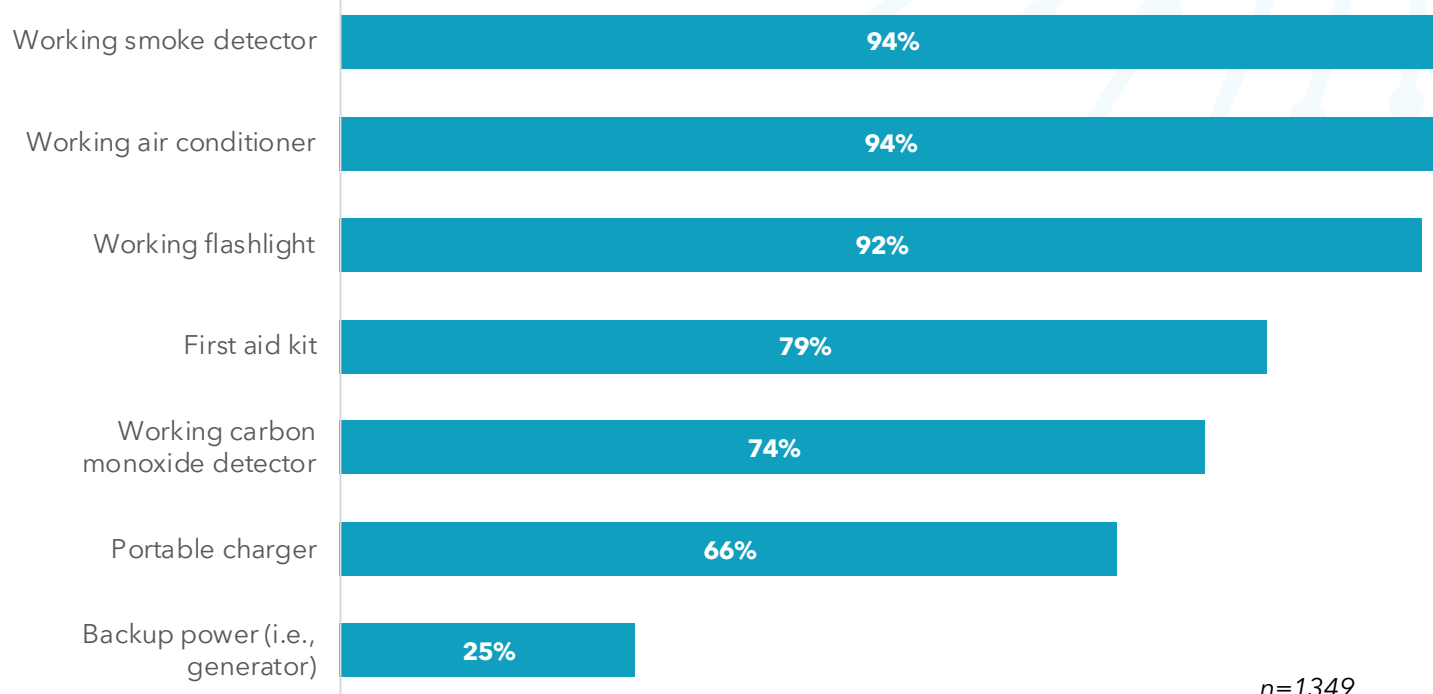


Emergency Readiness

Older adults are generally well-prepared for emergencies, with **61% possessing five core safety and emergency readiness items** (smoke and carbon monoxide detectors, air conditioner, flashlight, and first-aid kit).

However, **34%** have **no portable charger** and **75%** have **no generator or other form of backup power**.

Please select each thing you have in your home.



n=1349



Less educated older adults report fewer preparedness resources. Older adults with no more than a high school diploma or GED were **less** likely than more educated older adults to have:

- A **first-aid kit** (67.2% vs. 86.7%)
- **All five core emergency readiness items** (smoke detector, carbon monoxide detector, air conditioner, flashlight, and first-aid kit) (43.7% vs. 71.6%)



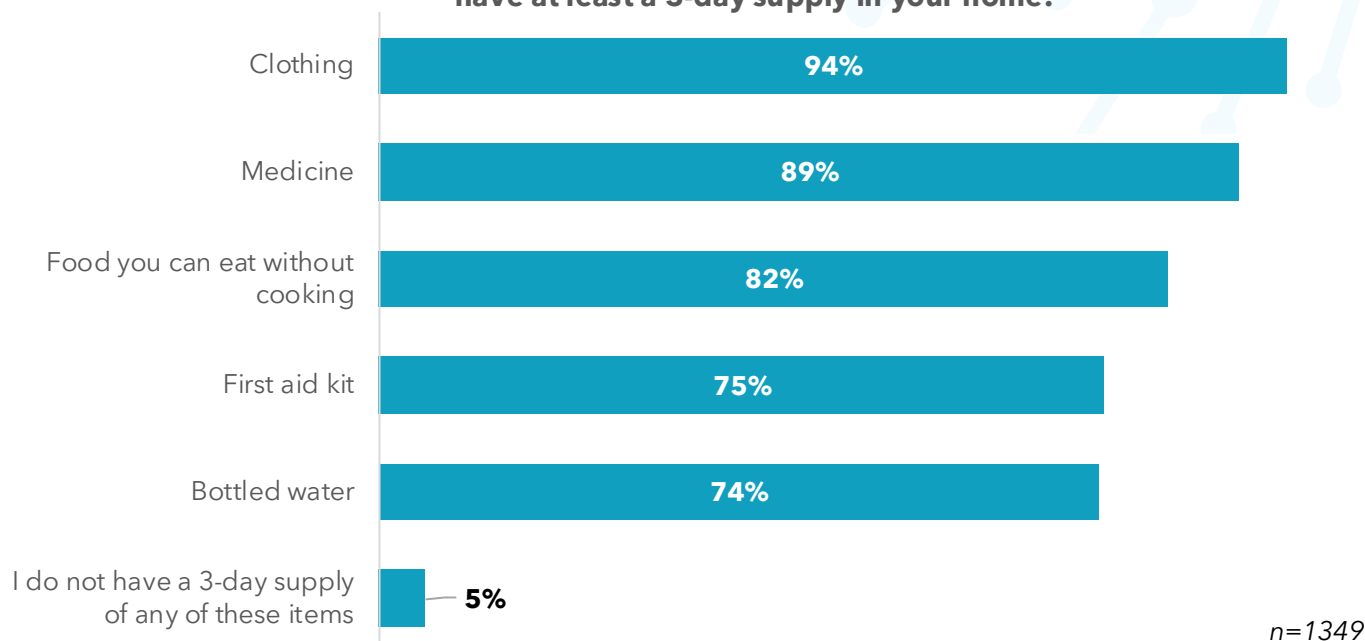
Older adults who live in rural areas were **more** likely than older adults who live in urban areas to have **backup power** such as a generator (59.9% vs. 17.3%)

Emergency Readiness

34% of older adults do not possess a **3-day supply of items necessary for survival** (food, water, clothing, and medicine) in an emergency.

25% lack a **first-aid kit** and **26%** do not have a **3-day supply of bottled water**.

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) recommends that you have at least a 3-day supply of these items for use in an emergency. Select each item if you have at least a 3-day supply in your home.



Older adults with no more than a high school diploma or GED were **less** likely than more educated older adults to have a **first-aid kit** (63.3% vs. 82.6%)



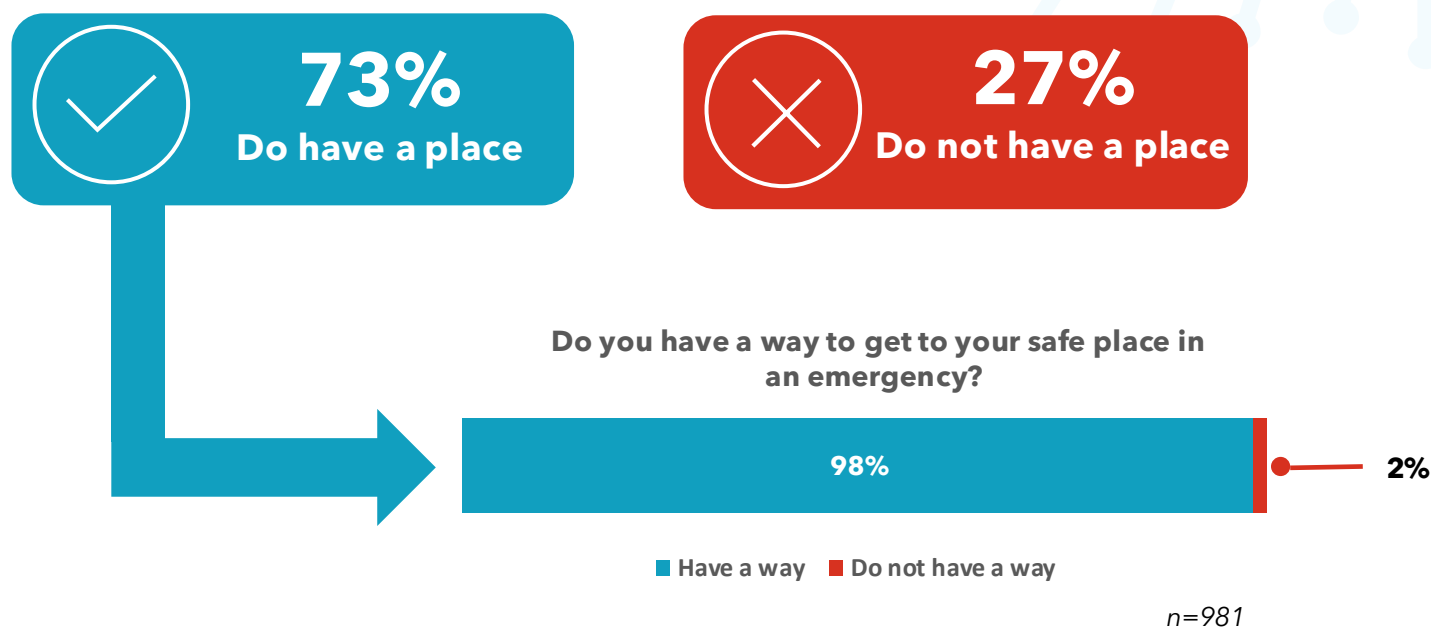
Older adults who are White were **more** likely than older adults of color to have a **first-aid kit** (80.3% vs. 58.5%)

Emergency Readiness

73% of older adults have a **safe place to go** if there is an emergency that requires evacuation.

98% of those who have a safe place to go report having **a way to get there**.

FEMA also recommends that you have a safe place to go if you must evacuate during an emergency. Do you have a place like that, or do you not have a safe place to go in an emergency? (n=1349)



✓ No Subgroup Differences

Emergency Readiness

55% of older adults reported having **pets or service animals**.

Of those who do, **84%** feel **very or somewhat prepared** to care for their animal companions in the event of an emergency.

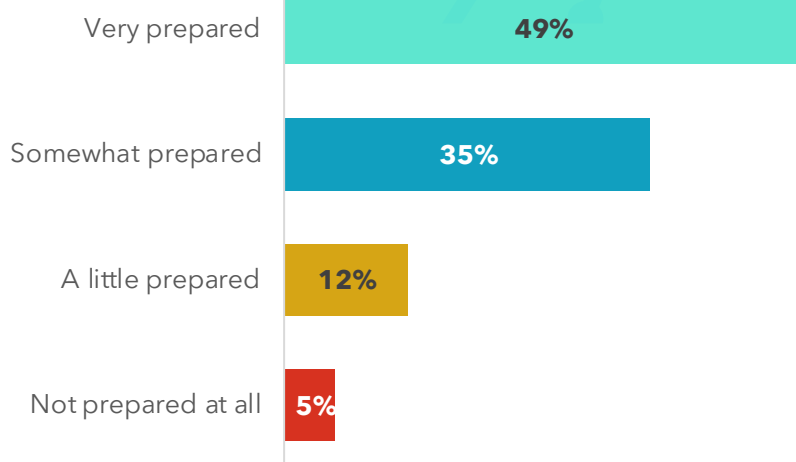


55%
Have pets
or service animals

45% do not

n=1349

Among pet owners:
**In the event of an emergency, how prepared do you
feel to care for your pets or service animals?**



n=737



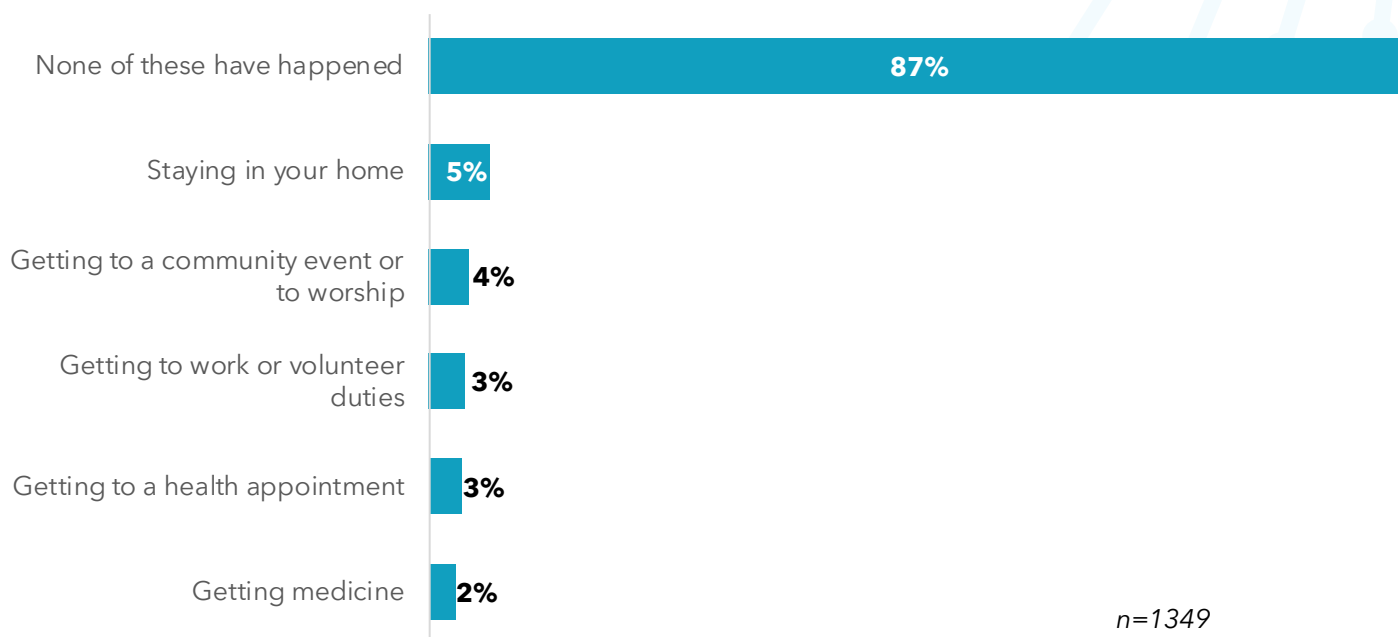
Older adults under age 75 were **more** likely than those 75+ to **have a pet or service animal** (61.3% vs. 29.6%)

Weather Emergencies

Climate resilience, or the ability to prepare for, recover from, and adapt to climate impacts in a warming world, is a vital part of survival.

87% of older adults **did not report experiencing** weather or climate disruptions over the past year.

During the last 12 months, has extreme heat, a power outage, or flooding ever prevented you from doing any of these things, or has that never happened?



No Subgroup Differences

AWARENESS OF AND ACCESS TO SERVICES

This section provides insight into older adults' ability to **locate services**. It includes awareness of organizations that serve older adults, information channels used to learn about services, ease of finding services, and internet usage. Together, these measures help identify **knowledge gaps** that can prevent aging residents from accessing the supports they need.



KEY FINDINGS

Awareness of Agencies and Services

- ▶ **54%** of older adults were previously aware of the Central Ohio Area Agency on Aging and **53%** were previously aware of the Franklin County Office on Aging
- ▶ Older adults typically rely on online sources (**54%**) or members of their social circle (**44%**) to get information about services for older adults

Finding Services

- ▶ **51%** of older adults think it is difficult to find services for older adults

Internet Usage

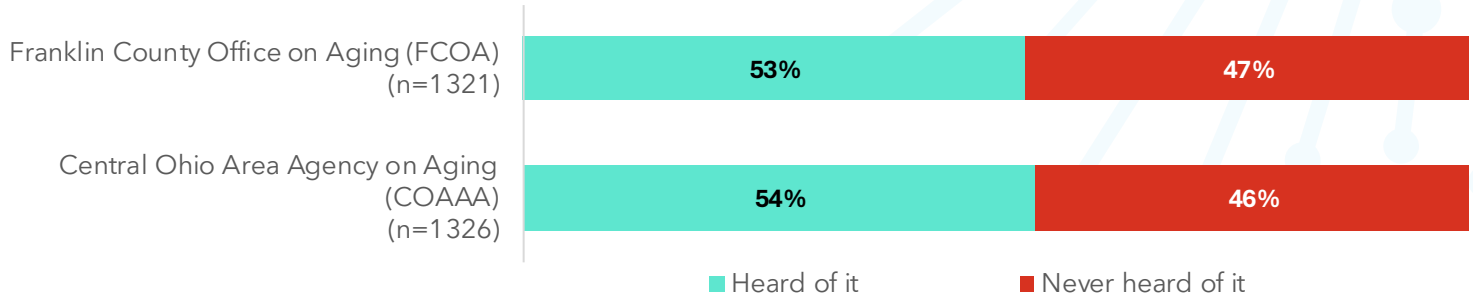
- ▶ **94%** of older adults use the internet
- ▶ Of the **6%** who do not use the internet, **69%** do not know how to use the internet, **40%** do not know how to use a device to access the internet, and **56%** do not want to use the internet
- ▶ Of those who do not use the internet, **37%** do not own an internet-enabled device and **20%** cannot afford an internet-enabled device

Awareness of Agencies and Services

Awareness of the project partners that provide direct services to older adults was measured in the survey.

54% of older adults had previously heard of **COAAA** and **53%** had previously heard of **FCOA**.

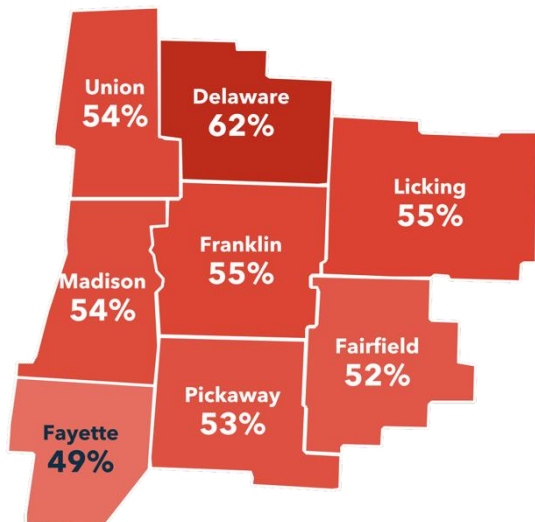
Before today, had you heard of these organizations that serve older adults?



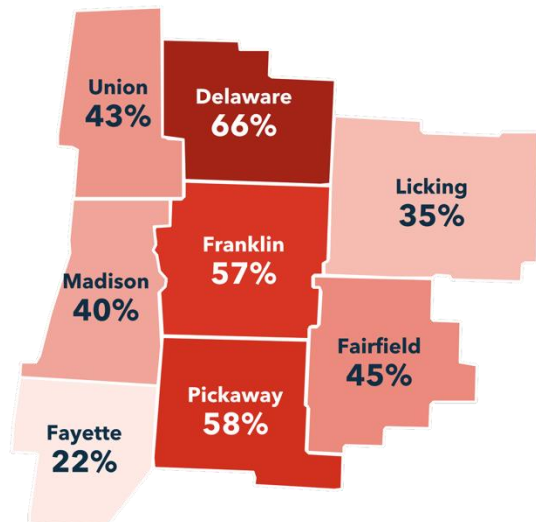
Awareness of both COAAA and FCOA was highest in Delaware County and lowest in Fayette County.

FCOA awareness was also higher in Franklin and Pickaway, and lower in Licking County.

Awareness of COAAA by county



Awareness of FCOA by county



Share who had heard of the agency



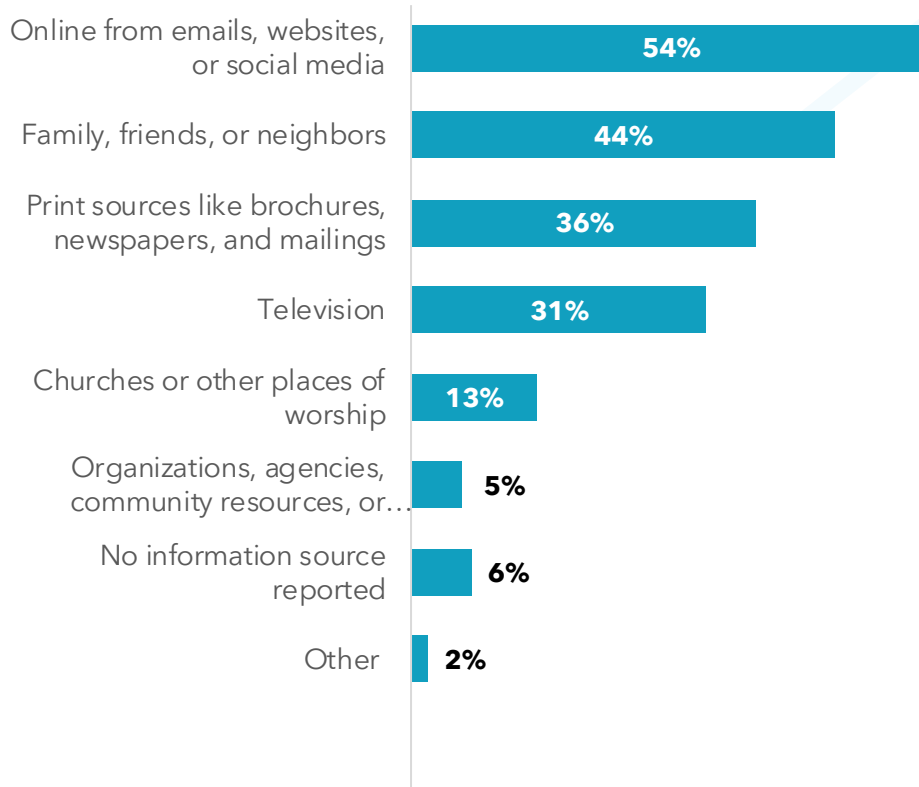
Women were **more** likely than men to have **heard of COAAA** (62.9% vs. 45.4%)

They were also **more** likely to have **heard of FCOA** (61.3% vs. 45.4%)

Awareness of Agencies and Services

Older adults use a variety of channels to get information about services for older adults but prefer **online forms of communication (54%)** and **word of mouth (44%)**.

How do you most often get information about services for older adults?



n=1348



Older adults of color were **more** likely than those who are White to use **television** to get information about services for older adults (47.7% vs. 27.2%)



Men were **more** likely than women to use **television** to get information about services for older adults (37.6% vs. 26.0%)

Finding Services

Older adults' opinions are divided regarding the ease or difficulty of finding services for older adults in Central Ohio; **49%** say it's very or somewhat **easy**, while **51%** say it's very or somewhat **hard**. Assistance navigating the older adult service system would be beneficial.

How easy or hard do you think it is to find services for older adults in our community?



n=1326

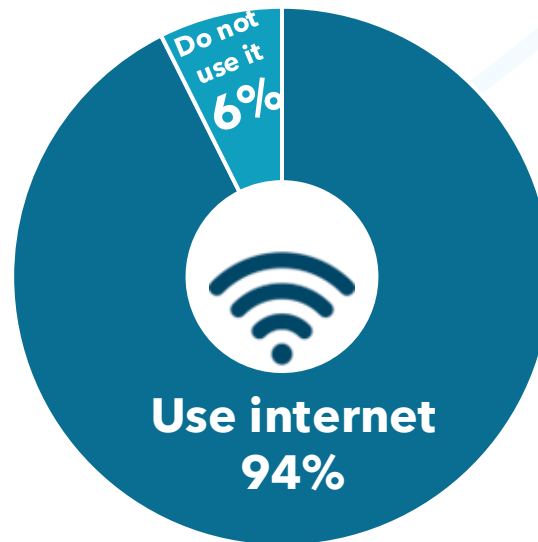


No Subgroup Differences

Internet Usage

Internet use among survey respondents is **widespread**; **94%** of older adults reported **using the internet**. Because the survey was administered partially online, this rate could be inflated.

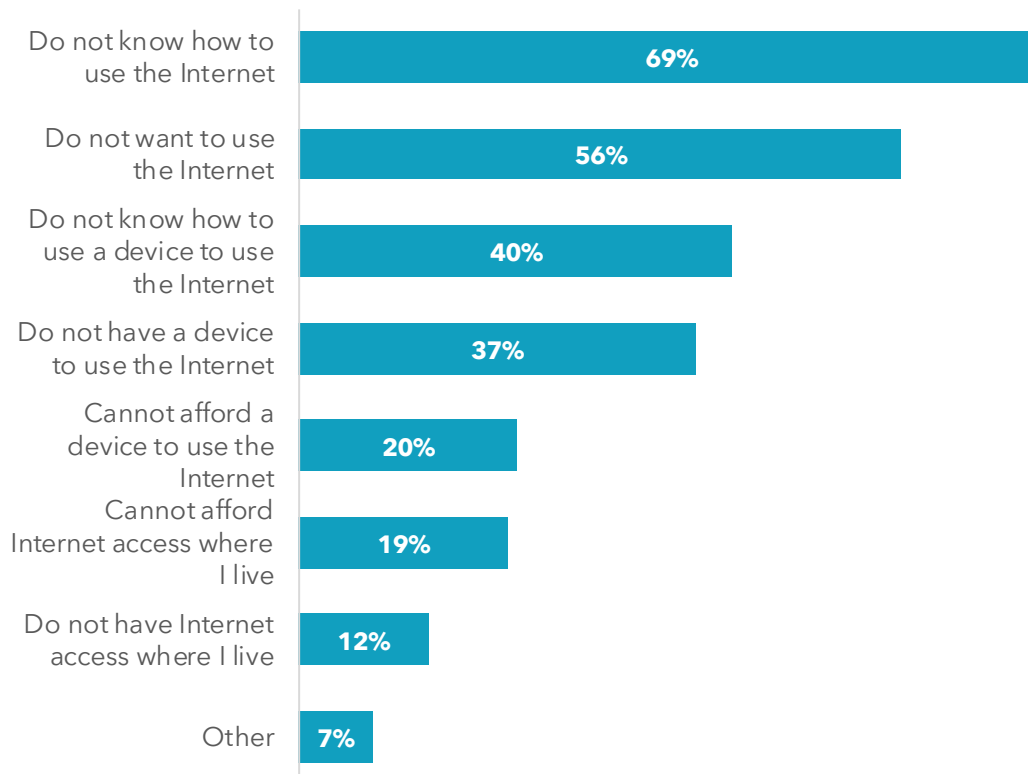
Do you use the internet, including email or social media, or do you not do that?



n=1349

Among non-internet users, **69% do not know how to use it** and **40% do not know how to use a device** to access it. Increasing local digital literacy resources could help fill these knowledge gaps. However, lack of knowledge isn't the only barrier - **56% do not want to** use it.

Please select all the reasons why you don't use the Internet.



n=65

Internet Usage

Subgroup differences



Older adults with no more than a high school diploma or GED were **less** likely than more educated older adults to report **using the internet** (87.9% vs. 98.7%)



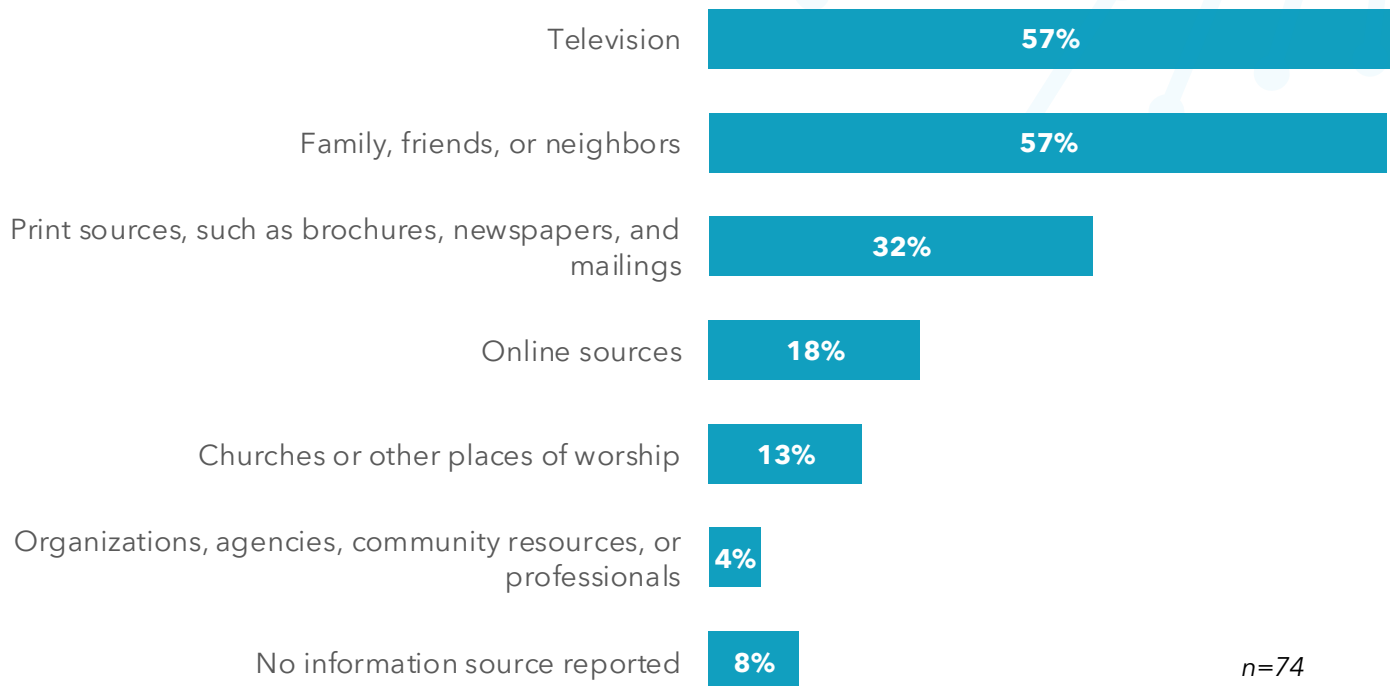
Older adults under age 60 were **more** likely than those 60+ to report **using the internet** (99.9% vs. 91.0%)

Internet Usage

Where do the 6% of older adults who do **not** use the internet find information?

57% of non-internet users say **television** and **57%** say **family, friends, or neighbors**.

Information channels preferred by those who don't use the Internet



No Subgroup Differences

Appendix A

Methodology

Survey Overview

A representative survey of adults aged 50+ residing in one of the eight Central Ohio counties was conducted to gather comprehensive data on community needs. This survey was administered across three waves from January 16, 2026 to August 17, 2026. In Wave 1, respondents were invited by mail to complete a self-administered questionnaire, which could be completed online or on paper. Each Wave 1 household received up to two mailings: the first included an advance letter with instructions for completing the survey online; the second contained a cover letter with instructions for completing the survey online, a hard copy of the survey, a hard copy of the informed consent form, and a pre-paid return envelope. Once a household completed a survey, that household did not receive additional mailings.

In Wave 2, a new sample was drawn from counties other than Franklin and excluding the City of Columbus. Wave 2 households received the advance letter from Wave 1 with instructions for completing the survey online. The final wave of mailings (Wave 3) focused on boosting responses from the remaining Wave 2 counties, excluding Licking County, where enough residents had completed the survey to provide the desired margin of error.

Telephone follow-up was conducted by staff from the Age-Friendly Innovation Center. During these calls, respondents were reminded of the letter mailed to them and were also given the opportunity to complete the survey by telephone.

Regional partners supported the effort by publicizing each wave of the survey to the residents in their area.

Sampling Strategy

To identify households with adults aged 50+, contact lists were obtained from MSG, a survey sample vendor who combines USPS address records with public and proprietary data that flag households including individuals in different age groups.

To ensure diverse representation, the survey utilized a geography-specific address-based sampling approach instead of relying on one single, large sample from the entire Central Ohio area. This methodology enabled the strategic oversampling of specific geographies, allowed for monitoring response rates, and informed adjustments to subsequent sampling rounds. To avoid duplication, households that participated in earlier rounds were excluded from subsequent sampling frames.

Testing for Subgroup Differences

Illuminology analyzed each question to determine whether subgroup differences existed in that domain. Specifically, we estimated an Ordinary Least Squares regression predicting each outcome from a series of demographic and social variables. This approach estimates the association between each characteristic and the outcome while accounting for the other characteristics included in the model.

Conducting many statistical tests on the same dataset increases the likelihood of identifying statistically significant differences by chance. To reduce this risk, we used a False Discovery Rate procedure to adjust for multiple comparisons.

Survey Response and Statistical Confidence

1,349 Central Ohio residents participated in the survey, yielding a **4.4% response rate** and a **region-wide margin of error of $\pm 2.7\%$** at the 95% confidence level. Margins of error by geography are shown in the table below.

Geography	Number of residents who participated	Margin of error (95% confidence)
City of Columbus	423	$\pm 4.8\%$
Delaware County	108	$\pm 9.4\%$
Fairfield County	116	$\pm 9.1\%$
Fayette County	115	$\pm 9.1\%$
Franklin County	590	$\pm 4.0\%$
Licking County	103	$\pm 9.7\%$
Madison County	105	$\pm 9.6\%$
Pickaway County	115	$\pm 9.1\%$
Union County	97	$\pm 10.0\%$

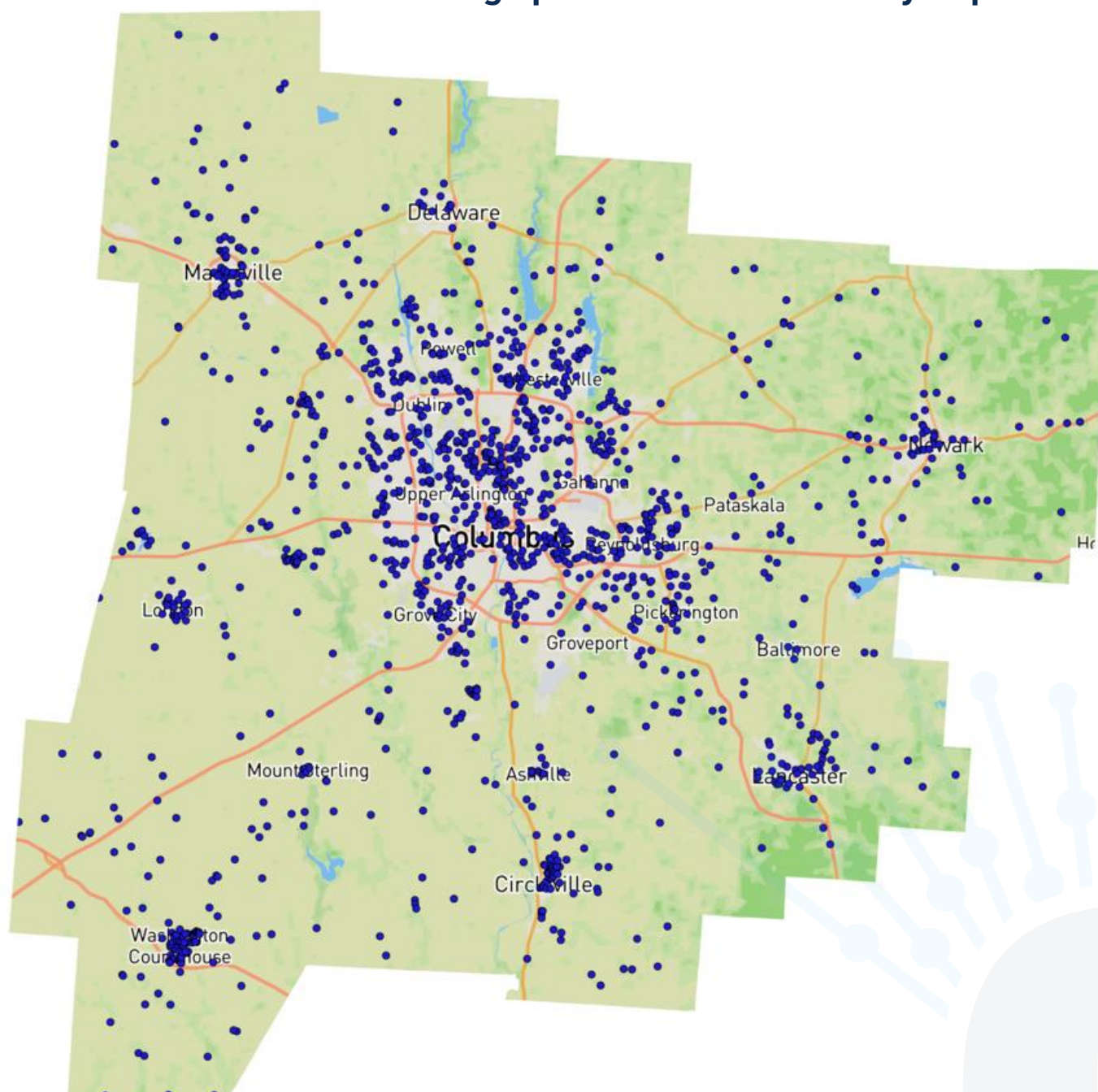
Before analyzing responses to the survey, **survey weights were computed**, allowing the researchers to produce more accurate statistical estimates. First, a base weight was created that adjusted for unequal probabilities of selection into the survey (i.e., compensating for the criteria used to select the sample). Then, this base weight was adjusted so that respondents' demographic characteristics (i.e., age, education, gender, marital status, household income, immigration status, White-alone status, and geography) aligned with population benchmarks for the nine sampled geographies.

Population benchmarks were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey. The adjusted base weight was calculated via an iterative proportional fitting procedure within the STATA v17 software package; all analyses were conducted on weighted data, using complex survey [svy] commands within STATA v17.

Geographic Representation

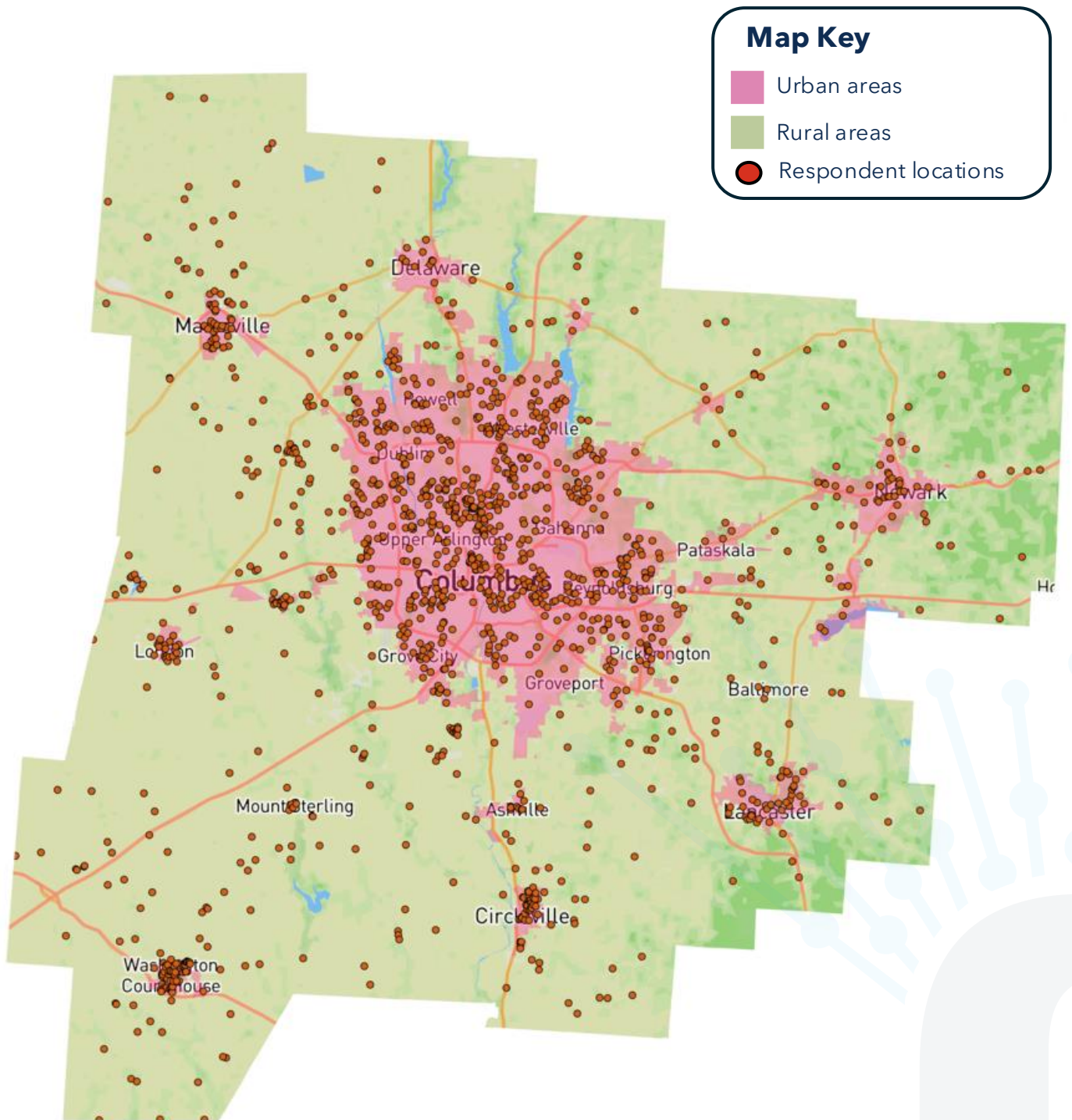
In the map below, each dot represents a single survey respondent. The map suggests that the survey achieved good representation of the population throughout the geographies of interest, with responses clustered in the more urban areas.

Geographic distribution of survey respondents



Urban vs. Rural Geographic Designations

Urban and rural residence was determined using the U.S. Census Bureau's 2025 TIGER/Line shapefile. Respondents' geocoded locations were mapped against the Census urban-area boundaries. Respondents whose locations fell within the designated urban areas were classified as urban; respondents whose locations fell outside these areas were classified as rural.



Survey Questionnaire



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These questions are about the experiences of **adults aged 50 and older** in Central Ohio. They should be answered by the **adult aged 50 or older** at this address who **MOST RECENTLY** had a **birthday**. All responses will remain confidential; please answer honestly.

YOUR HOME AND COMMUNITY

How important is it to you to be able to remain in **your neighborhood** as you age? [Circle one answer]

Very important

Somewhat important

Not that important

Not important at all

How safe do you feel in **your neighborhood**? [Circle one answer]

Very safe

Somewhat safe

Not that safe

Not safe at all

How would you rate **your neighborhood** as a place for people to live as they get older? [Circle one answer]

Very good

Somewhat good

Not that good

Not good at all

How important is it to you to be able to remain in **your home** as you age? [Circle one answer]

Very important

Somewhat important

Not that important

Not important at all

Think about the home, apartment, or mobile home where you live. Do you or someone in your household:

Own it with a mortgage
or loan

Own it free and clear
(without a mortgage or
loan)

Rent it

Stay there without
paying a mortgage or
rent

What **percent** of your **monthly** household income do you spend on your **housing expenses**, including mortgage or rent, utilities, property taxes, and homeowners' insurance? Your best estimate is fine.

[Write a number between 0 and 100 in the box]

%

How hard is it for you to pay your monthly bills? [Circle one answer]

Very hard

Somewhat hard

Not that hard

Not hard at all

How worried are you about... [Circle one answer in each row]

Amount of debt your household owes?

Very

Somewhat

A little

Not at all

Having to move in the next 12 months?

Very

Somewhat

A little

Not at all

Paying your property taxes?

Very

Somewhat

A little

Not at all

Scams and fraud?

Very

Somewhat

A little

Not at all

Not having enough food to eat?

Very

Somewhat

A little

Not at all

Medical expenses?

Very

Somewhat

A little

Not at all

Your utilities being shut off?

Very

Somewhat

A little

Not at all

HELP FOR OLDER ADULTS

Before today, had you heard of these organizations that serve older adults? [Circle one answer in each row]

Franklin County Office on Aging (FCOA)

Heard of it

Never heard of it

Central Ohio Area Agency on Aging (COAAA)

Heard of it

Never heard of it

How easy or hard do you think it is to find services for older adults in our community? [Circle one answer]

Very easy

Somewhat easy

Somewhat hard

Very hard

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How do you **most often** get information about services for older adults? [Check all that apply]

- | | |
|---|--|
| ☐ Print sources like brochures, newspapers, and mailings | ☐ Television |
| ☐ Online from emails, websites, or social media | ☐ Family, friends, or neighbors |
| ☐ Churches or other places of worship | |
| ☐ Other (write in): | |

Here is a list of **things** that some older adults **need help** doing. Check the box that best describes **your** situation.

	Don't need help with this at all	Need help and have none	Have some help but need more	I have all the help I need
Scheduling and attending appointments	☐	☐	☐	☐
Keeping my home clean and organized	☐	☐	☐	☐
Taking medications as prescribed	☐	☐	☐	☐
Managing money and paying the bills	☐	☐	☐	☐
Bathing and dressing myself	☐	☐	☐	☐
Moving from one room to another	☐	☐	☐	☐
Preparing food for myself	☐	☐	☐	☐
Shopping for things I need	☐	☐	☐	☐
Getting places I need to go	☐	☐	☐	☐

Do you ever have problems getting your medications because of the following reasons? [Circle all that apply]

- | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| My health conditions | They are too expensive | There is no delivery or mail option | I have to care for someone else | Other: _____ |
|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|

Here is a list of **things** that some older adults **need**. Check the box that best describes **your** situation.

	I don't need it	I need it and don't have it at all	I need it and I don't have enough	I need it and have enough
Nutritional supplements such as Ensure	☐	☐	☐	☐
Food from food pantry or food bank	☐	☐	☐	☐
Meal delivery (Meals on Wheels)	☐	☐	☐	☐
Food from other places (senior center, church, etc.)	☐	☐	☐	☐
Financial support for food (SNAP, food stamps, EBT)	☐	☐	☐	☐

Have you fallen in the last six months, or has that not happened? [Circle one answer]

- | | |
|---------------|-------------------|
| I have fallen | I have not fallen |
|---------------|-------------------|

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YOUR HEALTH AND WELLBEING

How would you rate your **overall health**? [Circle one answer]

Excellent

Very good

Good

Fair

Poor

During the **past 12 months**, how often have you: [Check one box in each row]

Never

Less than
once per
month

Once per
month

Once per
week

Daily or
almost every
day

Had four or more drinks containing **alcohol** in a single day?

☐
☐
☐
☐
☐

Used **tobacco** or any other nicotine product?

☐
☐
☐
☐
☐

Used a recreational **drug** or used a prescription for non-medical reasons?

☐
☐
☐
☐
☐

Felt **badly** about your use of drugs or alcohol?

☐
☐
☐
☐
☐

Hardly ever

Some of the time

Often

How often do you feel that you lack companionship?

☐
☐
☐

How often do you feel left out?

☐
☐
☐

How often do you feel isolated from others?

☐
☐
☐

Over the last 2 weeks, how often have you been bothered by the following problems? [Check one box in each row]

Not at all

Several days

More than half
the days

Nearly every
day

Feeling nervous, anxious or on edge?

☐
☐
☐
☐

Not being able to stop or control worrying?

☐
☐
☐
☐

Feeling little interest or pleasure in doing things?

☐
☐
☐
☐

Think about **all your family or friends**, including those in your neighborhood:

How many of your family or friends do you **see or hear** from at least **once a month**?

None

1

2

3-4

5-8

9 or more

How many friends do you **feel at ease with** that you can talk with about private matters?

None

1

2

3-4

5-8

9 or more

How many friends do you feel close enough to that you could **call on them for help**?

None

1

2

3-4

5-8

9 or more

How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements:

There are negative stereotypes about older adults

Strongly agree

Somewhat agree

Neither agree nor disagree

Somewhat disagree

Strongly disagree

My ideas and opinions are valued by local decision makers

Strongly agree

Somewhat agree

Neither agree nor disagree

Somewhat disagree

Strongly disagree

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CAREGIVING

A caregiver is a **friend or family member who is not paid to provide care** for someone else. They might visit regularly, help with things like bathing or dressing, cooking, household chores, shopping, providing transportation, or managing medical care or finances. To be considered a caregiver, this person **does not need to live with you**. Would you say you are a caregiver for someone else or not? [Circle one answer]

I am a caregiver

I am **not** a caregiver

Please answer the next three questions **ONLY if you are a caregiver to someone else**.

Who do you care for? [Circle all that apply]

Spouse /
partner

Child over
age 18

Child under
age 18

Parent

Sibling

Other family
member

Someone who is
not in your family

Please circle one answer in each row below.

Overall, how often do you feel **stressed** about caring for someone else?

Hardly ever

Sometimes

Often

How often do you find it **difficult to care for yourself** because you have to care for someone else?

Hardly ever

Sometimes

Often

PREPARING FOR AN EMERGENCY

Please circle each thing you have in your home. [Circle all that apply]

Working
smoke
detector

Working carbon
monoxide
detector

Working air
conditioner

Working
flashlight

First
aid kit

Portable
charger

Backup power
(i.e., generator)

In the event of an emergency, how prepared do you feel to care for your pets or service animals?

[Circle one answer]

Do not have pets

Very prepared

Somewhat prepared

A little prepared

Not prepared at all

During the last 12 months, has extreme heat, a power outage, or flooding ever prevented you from doing any of these things, or has that never happened? [Circle all that apply]

Getting to a health
appointment

Getting
medicine

Getting to work or
volunteer duties

Getting to a community
event or to worship

Staying in your
home

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) recommends that you have at least a 3-day supply of these items for use in an emergency. Circle each item if you have **at least a 3-day supply in your home**.

[Circle all that apply]

Food you can eat without cooking

Bottled water

Clothing

Medicine

First aid kit

FEMA also recommends that you have a **safe place to go** if you must evacuate during an emergency. Do you have a place like that, or do you not have a safe place to go in an emergency?

Do have a place

Do not have a place

If you have a safe place, do you have a **way to get to** your safe place in an emergency?

Have a way

Do not have a way

Please circle each thing you need to **add or update** in your home. [Circle all that apply]

Ramp(s)

Grab bar(s)

Walk-in shower
or tub

Roof repair

Furnace
repair

First floor bedroom

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TRANSPORTATION NEEDS

What is your **usual** way of getting where you need to go? [Circle all that apply]

Drive
myself

Friends or family
drive me

Bus or
paratransit

Uber or
Lyft

Taxi

Bike or
walk

Senior
transportation

I don't get
where I need
to go

Other: _____

If your **usual** way of getting around **was no longer an option**, how would you get where you need to go?

[Circle all that apply]

Drive
myself

Friends or family
drive me

Bus or
paratransit

Uber or
Lyft

Taxi

Bike or
walk

Senior
transportation

I wouldn't
get there

Other: _____

Please circle one answer in each row below.

During the past 12 months, how often did transportation challenges prevent you from reaching places you needed to go?

Hardly ever

Sometimes

Often

During the past 12 months, how often did you feel **concerned that asking for a ride** might inconvenience your family or friends?

Hardly ever

Sometimes

Often

EMPLOYMENT & VETERAN STATUS

What is your employment status? [Circle one answer]

Work full
time

Work part
time

Unemployed but
looking for a job

Retired but
looking for a job

Retired and not
looking for a job

Disabled and
unable to work

Are you a veteran, or a spouse/partner of a veteran? [Circle one answer]

Veteran

Spouse / partner of
veteran

Neither

USE OF THE INTERNET

Do you use the internet, including email or social media, or do you not do that? [Circle one answer]

Use internet

Do not use it

Answer only if you **DO NOT** use the **INTERNET**: Please circle all the reasons why you don't use the internet.

Do not want to use the Internet

Do not know how to use the Internet

Do not have internet access where I live

Cannot afford internet access where I live

Do not have a device to use the Internet

Cannot afford a device to use the Internet

Do not know how to use a device to use the Internet

Other: _____

Demographics

These questions are for statistical purposes only.

In what year were you born?

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What is your ZIP code?

What county do you live in? [Circle one answer]

Delaware

Fairfield

Fayette

Franklin

Licking

Madison

Pickaway

Union

Other: _____

What is your marital status? [Circle all that apply]

Married

Widowed

Divorced

Single, never
married

Not married, living
with a partner

Who lives in your home with you? [Circle all that apply]

Spouse/
partner

Children

Grandchildren

Other
relatives

Tenant /
renter

Other people not
related to me

I live
alone

What is the highest level of education you have completed? [Circle all that apply]

Less than 12th
grade
(no diploma)

High school
diploma or GED

Some college
(no degree)

Associate's
degree

Bachelor's
degree

Graduate or
professional degree

What is your race? [Circle all that apply]

African
American

American Indian or
Alaskan Native

Asian

Middle Eastern or
North African

Native Hawaiian or
Pacific Islander

White

Other: _____

Are you of Hispanic or Latino descent or origin? [Circle one answer] Yes No

What is your gender? [Circle all that apply]

Man

Woman

Non-binary

Transgender

I use another term: _____

How would you describe yourself? [Circle all that apply]

Straight/
heterosexual

Gay

Lesbian

Bisexual or
pansexual

I use another term: _____

Did you immigrate or were you born in the U.S.? [Circle one answer] Immigrated Born in the U.S.

What languages are spoken in your home?

English

Other(s): _____

What is your primary source of income? [Circle all that apply]

Social
Security

Social Security
Disability (SSDI)

Supplemental Security
Income (SSI)

Pension

401k or
403b

State retirement plan
(OPERS / STRS)

Savings / Investment
or ROTH IRA

Working

Other: _____

Which of these categories includes your total household income in 2025, before taxes? [Circle one answer]

Under
\$10,000

\$10,000 –
24,999

\$25,000 –
39,999

\$40,000 –
59,999

\$60,000–
74,999

\$75,000–
99,999

\$100,000 or
more

Appendix B

Unweighted vs. Weighted Demographics

DEMOGRAPHIC CATEGORIES		CENTRAL OHIO 50+ (Census)	WEIGHTED SURVEY PERCENTAGES	UNWEIGHTED SURVEY PERCENTAGES (<i>n</i> =1,349)
Gender	Male	47.28%	47.27%	42.45%
	Female	52.72%	52.73%	57.55%
Age	50-54 years	19.35%	19.31%	5.12%
	55-59 years	18.07%	18.06%	8.29%
	60-64 years	18.23%	18.24%	12.13%
	65-69 years	15.02%	15.03%	20.57%
	70-74 years	12.25%	12.26%	20.20%
	75+ years	17.08%	17.10%	33.69%
Race/ Ethnicity	White	81.15%	80.62%	91.50%
	African American or Black	14.35%	13.89%	7.06%
	Asian	3.79%	4.21%	1.14%
	Middle Eastern or North African	NA	1.69%	.46%
	American Indian or Alaska Native	1.09%	1.79%	.84%
	Hispanic or Latino	2.66%	1.15%	.46%
	Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	.10%	.68%	.23%
	Other	3.29%	.38%	.15%
Educational Attainment	Less than 12 th grade (no diploma)	8.64%	2.32%	1.79%
	High school degree / GED	29.86%	36.16%	19.49%
	Some college (no degree)	18.91%	18.91%	19.42%
	Associate's degree	7.38%	7.38%	8.89%
	Bachelor's degree	21.09%	21.10%	24.50%
	Graduate or professional degree	14.11%	14.12%	25.91%

Unweighted vs. Weighted Demographics, *cont'd*

DEMOGRAPHIC CATEGORIES		CENTRAL OHIO 50+ (Census) ¹	WEIGHTED SURVEY PERCENTAGES	UNWEIGHTED SURVEY PERCENTAGES (n=1,349)
Marital Status	Single, never married	10.20%	7.50%	7.62%
	Married	59.00%	59.01%	55.86%
	Widowed	11.27%	11.27%	16.65%
	Divorced / separated	19.53%	19.53%	17.33%
	Not married, living with partner	NA	2.70%	2.54%
Residence	City of Columbus	36.77%	36.77%	31.36%
	Not City of Columbus	63.23%	63.23%	68.64%
Immigration Status	Born in the United States	90.46%	90.46%	97.30%
	Immigrated	9.54%	9.54%	2.70%
County	Franklin	58.77%	58.75%	43.74%
	Delaware	11.62%	11.62%	8.01%
	Fairfield	8.77%	8.78%	8.60%
	Licking	10.20%	10.21%	7.64%
	Madison	2.52%	2.53%	7.78%
	Pickaway	3.23%	3.23%	8.52%
	Union	3.26%	3.26%	7.19%
	Fayette	1.62%	1.62%	8.52%
Income	Under \$10,000	3.23%	3.23%	2.13%
	\$10,000-\$24,999	7.74%	7.74%	8.98%
	\$25,000-\$39,999	8.76%	8.76%	14.03%
	\$40,000-\$59,999	13.58%	13.58%	15.45%
	\$60,000-\$74,999	8.64%	8.64%	12.37%
	\$75,000-\$99,999	12.66%	12.66%	15.92%
	\$100,000 or more	45.38%	45.38%	31.13%

¹ All data from ACS 2020-2024 5-year estimates

Appendix C

Table 1: Other Languages Spoken in the Home

Language	Number of mentions
Spanish	12
French	4
German	4
Russian	4
Chinese / Mandarin	3
Italian	3
Arabic	2
American Sign Language	2
Japanese	2
Tagalog	2
Ukrainian	2
Cebuano	1
Filipino	1
Gujarati	1
Hindi	1
Indonesian	1
Kannada	1
Korean	1
Luo	1
Manobo	1
Nepali	1
Portuguese	1
Swahili	1
Telugu	1
Turkish	1
Twi	1

n=48

Appendix D

References

- ¹ See, e.g.: Ellmers, T. J., Delbaere, K., & Kal, E. C. (2023). Frailty, falls and poor functional mobility predict new onset of activity restriction due to concerns about falling in older adults: a prospective 12-month cohort study. *European Geriatric Medicine*, 14(2), 345-351; Park, C., Atique, M. M. U., Mishra, R., & Najafi, B. (2022). Association between fall history and gait, balance, physical activity, depression, fear of falling, and motor capacity: A 6-month follow-up study. *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, 19(17), 10785.
- ² See, e.g.: <https://www.ncoa.org/article/how-access-to-affordable-transportation-leads-to-better-health-outcomes-for-older-adults/>; <https://www.ruralhealthinfo.org/toolkits/transportation/1/population-considerations>; <https://www.nadtc.org/about/transportation-aging-disability/unique-issues-related-to-older-adults-and-transportation/>
- ³ See, e.g.: Shankar, R. (2023). Loneliness, social isolation, and its effects on physical and mental health. *Missouri Medicine*, 120(2), 106; <https://www.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/surgeon-general-social-connection-advisory.pdf>.
- ⁴ See, e.g.: Choi, N. G., & Marti, C. N. (2025). Transportation barriers, loneliness, and depressive/anxiety symptoms in older adults. *Innovation in Aging*, 9(12), igaf127; <https://www.ruralhealth.us/getmedia/4f912dad-6a85-4714-9e19-83aadf85d5f5/2020-NRHA-Policy-Documents-Rural-America%E2%80%99s-Senior-Citizens.pdf>; <https://innovatememphis.com/how-transportation-can-influence-health-outcomes/>
- ⁵ See, e.g.: Joshi, P., Hendrie, K., Jester, D. J., Dasarathy, D., Lavretsky, H., Ku, B. S., ... & Tampi, R. R. (2024). Social connections as determinants of cognitive health and as targets for social interventions in persons with or at risk of Alzheimer's disease and related disorders: A scoping review. *International Psychogeriatrics*, 36(2), 92-118; Wang, S., Molassiotis, A., Guo, C., Leung, I. S. H., & Leung, A. Y. M. (2023). Association between social integration and risk of dementia: A systematic review and meta-analysis of longitudinal studies. *Journal of the American Geriatrics Society*, 71(2), 632-645.
- ⁶ See, e.g.: Tunçgenç, B., van Mulukom, V., & Newson, M. (2023). Social bonds are related to health behaviors and positive well-being globally. *Science Advances*, 9(2), eadd3715; Grey, I., Arora, T., Thomas, J., Saneh, A., Tohme, P., & Abi-Habib, R. (2020). The role of perceived social support on depression and sleep during the COVID-19 pandemic. *Psychiatry Research*, 293, 113452.
- ⁷ See, e.g.: Martino, J., Pegg, J., & Frates, E. P. (2017). The connection prescription: Using the power of social interactions and the deep desire for connectedness to empower health and wellness. *American Journal of Lifestyle Medicine*, 11(6), 466-475; Holt-Lunstad, J., Smith, T. B., & Layton, J. B. (2010). Social relationships and mortality risk: A meta-analytic review. *PLoS Medicine*, 7(7), e1000316; House, J. S., Landis, K. R., & Umberson, D. (1988). Social relationships and health. *Science*, 241(4865), 540-545; <https://www.cdc.gov/social-connectedness/about/index.html>

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Appendix E

Crosstabulations by County



How important is it to you to be able to remain in your neighborhood as you age?

Geography	Very important	Somewhat important	Not that important	Not important at all
Franklin N = 584	63.4%	22.9%	9.1%	4.6%
Delaware N = 108	59.4%	33.8%	2.3%	4.4%
Licking N = 103	62.1%	30.2%	7.6%	0.1% ▼
Fairfield N = 114	80.2%	14.3%	5.5%	0.0% ▼
Union N = 97	61.7%	28.8%	8.4%	1.1%
Pickaway N = 115	76.0%	16.0%	4.8%	3.1%
Madison N = 105	65.9%	19.8%	14.3%	0.0% ▼
Fayette N = 114	67.1%	31.8%	0.4% ▼	0.7%
City of Columbus N = 418	64.4%	21.3%	8.8%	5.4%
All Geographies N = 1338	64.9%	24.2%	7.2%	3.7%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How safe do you feel in your neighborhood?

Geography	Very safe	Somewhat safe	Not that safe	Not safe at all
Franklin N = 584	69.9% ▼	26.7% ▲	2.7%	0.7%
Delaware N = 106	93.2% ▲	6.8% ▼	0.0% ▼	0.0%
Licking N = 102	90.3% ▲	9.7% ▼	0.0% ▼	0.0%
Fairfield N = 113	80.7%	19.3%	0.0% ▼	0.0%
Union N = 97	94.5% ▲	5.5% ▼	0.0% ▼	0.0%
Pickaway N = 113	81.5%	18.5%	0.0% ▼	0.0%
Madison N = 105	91.0% ▲	8.2% ▼	0.9%	0.0%
Fayette N = 115	73.9%	26.1%	0.0% ▼	0.0%
City of Columbus N = 417	60.3% ▼	35.1% ▲	3.6%	1.0%
All Geographies N = 1333	76.1%	21.3%	2.1%	0.5%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How would you rate your neighborhood as a place for people to live as they get older?

Geography	Very good	Somewhat good	Not that good	Not good at all
Franklin N = 584	52.4%	38.6%	8.7%	0.2%
Delaware N = 108	50.4%	49.0%	0.7% ▼	0.0%
Licking N = 103	62.9%	28.0%	9.1%	0.0%
Fairfield N = 114	57.5%	35.1%	7.4%	0.0%
Union N = 97	58.5%	40.9%	0.5% ▼	0.0%
Pickaway N = 115	50.3%	37.0%	12.7%	0.0%
Madison N = 105	77.9% ▲	18.1% ▼	3.7%	0.2%
Fayette N = 115	47.3%	49.3%	3.4%	0.0%
City of Columbus N = 418	46.8%	40.8%	12.1%	0.3%
All Geographies N = 1338	52.8%	38.7%	8.2%	0.3%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How important is it to you to be able to remain in your home as you age?

Geography	Very important	Somewhat important	Not that important	Not important at all
Franklin N = 584	76.6%	14.9%	6.5%	1.9%
Delaware N = 108	72.2%	20.7%	7.1%	0.0%
Licking N = 103	81.4%	10.8%	7.8%	0.0%
Fairfield N = 114	84.2%	10.3%	5.6%	0.0%
Union N = 97	77.4%	20.1%	1.7% ▼	0.8%
Pickaway N = 115	90.7%	5.7%	3.5%	0.0%
Madison N = 105	72.5%	20.3%	5.3%	1.9%
Fayette N = 114	82.8%	14.7%	2.5%	0.0%
City of Columbus N = 418	75.4%	16.5%	6.6%	1.5%
All Geographies N = 1338	77.9%	14.6%	6.1%	1.4%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Think about the home, apartment, or mobile home where you live. Do you or someone in your household:

Geography	Own it with a mortgage or loan	Own it free and clear (without a mortgage or loan)	Rent it	Stay there without paying a mortgage or rent
Franklin N = 581	50.4%	35.3%	11.9%	2.3%
Delaware N = 108	51.3%	36.3%	12.5%	0.0%
Licking N = 103	43.4%	50.7%	3.7%	2.2%
Fairfield N = 113	53.0%	37.0%	10.0%	0.0%
Union N = 97	62.0%	32.8%	4.9%	0.3%
Pickaway N = 115	36.2%	57.5%	6.2%	0.1%
Madison N = 105	52.4%	33.9%	8.9%	4.8%
Fayette N = 115	47.6%	33.0%	19.0%	0.4%
City of Columbus N = 413	47.9%	31.5%	17.2%	3.4%
All Geographies N = 1334	49.1%	38.9%	10.0%	2.1%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

What percent of your monthly household income do you spend on your housing expenses, including mortgage or rent, utilities, property taxes, and homeowners' insurance?

Geography	Less than 30%	30%-49%	50% or more
Franklin N = 547	33.1%	25.9%	40.9%
Delaware N = 99	48.3%	24.2%	27.5%
Licking N = 100	39.8%	22.1%	38.2%
Fairfield N = 105	32.1%	33.5%	34.3%
Union N = 95	42.4%	35.4%	22.2%
Pickaway N = 99	45.4%	29.2%	25.3%
Madison N = 97	42.1%	25.3%	32.6%
Fayette N = 110	34.1%	14.9%	51.0%
City of Columbus N = 384	34.0%	26.0%	40.1%
All Geographies N = 1265	36.7%	26.3%	37.1%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How hard is it for you to pay your monthly bills?

Geography	Very hard	Somewhat hard	Not that hard	Not hard at all
Franklin N = 575	8.0%	25.1%	33.6%	33.2%
Delaware N = 105	1.8%	8.8% ▼	25.9%	63.5% ▲
Licking N = 102	0.1% ▼	33.0%	38.8%	28.0%
Fairfield N = 112	13.7%	22.3%	30.8%	33.2%
Union N = 97	2.3%	19.1%	39.7%	38.9%
Pickaway N = 115	4.3%	27.9%	30.1%	37.6%
Madison N = 105	3.9%	28.8%	44.7%	22.7%
Fayette N = 103	9.5%	48.9% ▲	25.4%	16.2% ▼
City of Columbus N = 414	7.5%	26.0%	27.8%	38.7%
All Geographies N = 1311	6.3%	24.7%	34.5%	34.6%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How worried are you about...

Amount of debt your household owes?				
Geography	Very	Somewhat	A little	Not at all
Franklin N = 575	15.9%	16.8%	20.1%	47.2%
Delaware N = 101	4.2% ▼	12.4%	32.8%	50.6%
Licking N = 103	12.7%	29.5%	23.0%	34.8%
Fairfield N = 116	25.1%	12.5%	19.6%	42.8%
Union N = 97	3.3% ▼	25.5%	26.6%	44.6%
Pickaway N = 115	14.4%	8.5%	18.2%	58.9%
Madison N = 103	8.4%	17.7%	36.7%	37.2%
Fayette N = 112	23.8%	27.1%	22.3%	26.8% ▼
City of Columbus N = 408	16.0%	19.3%	19.6%	45.1%
All Geographies N = 1327	13.9%	17.6%	22.9%	45.6%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How worried are you about...

Having to move in the next 12 months?				
Geography	Very	Somewhat	A little	Not at all
Franklin N = 585	8.4%	9.4%	7.6%	74.6%
Delaware N = 107	11.0%	2.0% ▼	8.6%	78.4%
Licking N = 103	3.5%	7.5%	15.4%	73.6%
Fairfield N = 115	2.5%	9.9%	20.9%	66.7%
Union N = 97	3.1%	3.9%	22.3%	70.6%
Pickaway N = 115	2.8%	7.5%	12.1%	77.6%
Madison N = 103	3.6%	3.1%	17.2%	76.1%
Fayette N = 112	6.2%	18.2%	14.5%	61.1%
City of Columbus N = 417	9.9%	10.3%	8.6%	71.2%
All Geographies N = 1341	7.3%	8.0%	10.1%	74.6%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How worried are you about...

Paying your property taxes?				
Geography	Very	Somewhat	A little	Not at all
Franklin N = 580	13.1%	16.7%	16.5%	53.7%
Delaware N = 107	7.4%	11.1%	15.1%	66.5%
Licking N = 103	13.3%	27.0%	21.7%	38.0%
Fairfield N = 113	26.0%	15.7%	20.4%	37.9%
Union N = 96	19.9%	14.5%	21.8%	43.8%
Pickaway N = 115	5.5% ▼	20.3%	19.2%	55.0%
Madison N = 103	20.0%	17.0%	27.8%	35.2%
Fayette N = 109	14.1%	28.9%	20.9%	36.1%
City of Columbus N = 411	9.7%	14.5%	19.6%	56.2%
All Geographies N = 1331	15.3%	16.9%	18.0%	49.8%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How worried are you about...

Scams and fraud?				
Geography	Very	Somewhat	A little	Not at all
Franklin N = 588	29.4%	27.1%	27.0%	16.5%
Delaware N = 107	14.4% ▼	40.6%	30.1%	14.9%
Licking N = 102	38.0%	40.0%	13.5%	8.4%
Fairfield N = 116	46.8%	23.4%	21.1%	8.7%
Union N = 97	18.7%	30.9%	27.9%	22.5%
Pickaway N = 115	47.7%	27.5%	16.1%	8.7%
Madison N = 105	26.7%	37.7%	27.8%	7.9%
Fayette N = 109	37.8%	38.3%	17.1%	6.8%
City of Columbus N = 423	26.8%	26.0%	29.1%	18.1%
All Geographies N = 1342	32.2%	29.5%	23.5%	14.8%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How worried are you about...

Not having enough food to eat?				
Geography	Very	Somewhat	A little	Not at all
Franklin N = 583	5.1%	8.3%	9.8%	76.8%
Delaware N = 105	1.9%	1.1% ▼	12.2%	84.7%
Licking N = 103	2.6%	4.8%	16.5%	76.1%
Fairfield N = 116	2.5%	11.6%	18.1%	67.9%
Union N = 95	1.0%	6.8%	3.1% ▼	89.0% ▲
Pickaway N = 114	2.5%	8.3%	7.2%	82.0%
Madison N = 103	0.0% ▼	8.9%	19.7%	71.4%
Fayette N = 112	1.3%	11.4%	25.9%	61.5%
City of Columbus N = 420	6.4%	7.2%	11.3%	75.0%
All Geographies N = 1335	4.3%	8.0%	11.6%	76.1%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How worried are you about...

Medical expenses?				
Geography	Very	Somewhat	A little	Not at all
Franklin N = 587	17.2%	22.7%	33.4%	26.7%
Delaware N = 107	11.2%	22.1%	40.1%	26.6%
Licking N = 103	19.4%	36.5%	14.1% ▼	30.0%
Fairfield N = 116	21.4%	33.4%	21.9%	23.3%
Union N = 97	9.8%	23.6%	35.5%	31.1%
Pickaway N = 112	22.6%	21.7%	28.1%	27.7%
Madison N = 105	11.6%	22.2%	34.2%	32.0%
Fayette N = 114	44.7% ▲	13.1%	26.5%	15.7%
City of Columbus N = 421	14.9%	22.5%	34.9%	27.8%
All Geographies N = 1333	19.3%	23.9%	29.0%	27.8%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How worried are you about...

Your utilities being shut off?				
Geography	Very	Somewhat	A little	Not at all
Franklin N = 589	4.0%	7.8%	12.9%	75.3%
Delaware N = 107	2.8%	2.6%	14.2%	80.4%
Licking N = 103	3.9%	2.6%	21.6%	71.9%
Fairfield N = 116	6.9%	8.3%	19.3%	65.5%
Union N = 97	1.7%	1.7%	5.0% ▼	91.5% ▲
Pickaway N = 115	2.5%	4.4%	6.4%	86.8%
Madison N = 103	0.0% ▼	4.5%	19.8%	75.6%
Fayette N = 112	0.1% ▼	11.1%	26.9%	61.9%
City of Columbus N = 423	5.0%	6.5%	14.0%	74.6%
All Geographies N = 1346	4.2%	6.0%	13.6%	76.2%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Before today, had you heard of these organizations that serve older adults?

Franklin County Office on Aging (FCOA)		
Geography	Heard of it	Never heard of it
Franklin N = 570	57.0%	43.0%
Delaware N = 108	66.1%	33.9%
Licking N = 103	34.7%	65.3%
Fairfield N = 116	45.1%	54.9%
Union N = 95	42.8%	57.2%
Pickaway N = 114	58.5%	41.5%
Madison N = 101	39.6%	60.4%
Fayette N = 114	22.1% ▼	77.9% ▲
City of Columbus N = 407	53.6%	46.4%
All Geographies N = 1321	53.0%	47.0%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Before today, had you heard of these organizations that serve older adults?

Central Ohio Area Agency on Aging (COAAA)		
Geography	Heard of it	Never heard of it
Franklin N = 584	54.9%	45.1%
Delaware N = 99	61.8%	38.2%
Licking N = 102	55.2%	44.8%
Fairfield N = 115	52.3%	47.7%
Union N = 96	54.4%	45.6%
Pickaway N = 114	53.1%	46.9%
Madison N = 101	53.9%	46.1%
Fayette N = 114	49.1%	50.9%
City of Columbus N = 416	54.3%	45.7%
All Geographies N = 1326	54.1%	45.9%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How easy or hard do you think it is to find services for older adults in our community?

Geography	Very easy	Somewhat easy	Somewhat hard	Very hard
Franklin N = 579	9.0%	39.2%	40.5%	11.3%
Delaware N = 107	19.6%	49.7%	27.6%	3.0%
Licking N = 102	1.1% ▼	54.3%	39.5%	5.1%
Fairfield N = 115	5.5%	38.0%	46.7%	9.8%
Union N = 96	4.7%	42.1%	47.1%	6.1%
Pickaway N = 115	7.0%	30.3%	48.5%	14.2%
Madison N = 99	5.6%	40.8%	51.3%	2.3% ▼
Fayette N = 115	6.9%	40.0%	35.2%	17.9%
City of Columbus N = 417	8.8%	39.8%	42.5%	8.8%
All Geographies N = 1326	8.5%	40.1%	42.5%	8.9%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How do you most often get information about services for older adults?

Geography	Print sources like brochures, newspapers, and mailings	Television	Online from emails, websites, or social media	Family, friends, or neighbors	Churches or other places of worship	Other
Franklin N = 590	35.5%	35.3%	55.2%	45.0%	14.8%	3.0%
Delaware N = 108	34.2%	22.2%	51.6%	42.6%	10.0%	0.0%
Licking N = 103	44.4%	31.8%	61.6%	52.6%	13.6%	2.0%
Fairfield N = 116	33.7%	29.3%	46.1%	45.9%	17.1%	0.0%
Union N = 97	49.6%	24.0%	57.7%	37.0%	16.7%	1.2%
Pickaway N = 115	49.7%	31.5%	40.3%	28.7%	11.9%	0.0%
Madison N = 105	29.2%	17.6%	68.0%	49.6%	30.4%	0.1%
Fayette N = 115	34.0%	25.5%	44.9%	51.9%	13.1%	2.2%
City of Columbus N = 423	37.2%	34.0%	52.9%	43.9%	13.5%	3.5%
All Geographies N = 1348	36.2%	31.0%	54.4%	44.4%	13.1%	1.7%

- ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).
- Percentages do not sum to 100% because respondents could select more than one response.

Here is a list of things that some older adults need help doing. Check the box that best describes your situation.

Scheduling and attending appointments				
Geography	Don't need help with this at all	Need help and have none	Have some help but need more	I have all the help I need
Franklin N = 578	76.5%	3.0%	3.8%	16.7%
Delaware N = 108	75.4%	1.2%	0.3% ▼	23.1%
Licking N = 101	77.7%	0.0% ▼	10.5%	11.8%
Fairfield N = 115	75.3%	0.0% ▼	8.3%	16.4%
Union N = 97	85.7%	0.0% ▼	0.9% ▼	13.4%
Pickaway N = 114	82.6%	1.8%	1.5%	14.0%
Madison N = 105	76.8%	0.3%	8.7%	14.3%
Fayette N = 114	75.8%	3.7%	2.6%	17.8%
City of Columbus N = 412	75.7%	3.9%	5.2%	15.1%
All Geographies N = 1331	76.2%	2.2%	4.4%	17.1%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Here is a list of things that some older adults need help doing. Check the box that best describes your situation.

Keeping my home clean and organized				
Geography	Don't need help with this at all	Need help and have none	Have some help but need more	I have all the help I need
Franklin N = 578	70.3%	9.4%	6.1%	14.1%
Delaware N = 108	71.7%	8.2%	2.7%	17.3%
Licking N = 101	68.4%	5.2%	13.4%	13.0%
Fairfield N = 115	62.4%	10.8%	11.9%	15.0%
Union N = 97	72.1%	9.1%	4.4%	14.4%
Pickaway N = 114	74.7%	4.2%	10.5%	10.7%
Madison N = 103	67.2%	0.5% ▼	9.2%	23.1%
Fayette N = 113	51.1%	20.0%	12.5%	16.3%
City of Columbus N = 412	72.0%	8.0%	4.5%	15.5%
All Geographies N = 1327	69.2%	8.9%	7.0%	14.9%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Here is a list of things that some older adults need help doing. Check the box that best describes your situation.

Taking medications as prescribed				
Geography	Don't need help with this at all	Need help and have none	Have some help but need more	I have all the help I need
Franklin N = 580	84.5%	1.6%	1.2%	12.7%
Delaware N = 108	86.4%	1.1%	0.0%	12.5%
Licking N = 101	86.7%	0.1%	4.4%	8.7%
Fairfield N = 115	76.6%	0.4%	3.5%	19.5%
Union N = 97	88.0%	0.0%	1.6%	10.5%
Pickaway N = 114	82.3%	0.2%	2.4%	15.1%
Madison N = 105	77.8%	0.0%	0.2%	22.0%
Fayette N = 114	88.1%	0.0%	2.1%	9.8%
City of Columbus N = 416	82.9%	2.4%	1.8%	12.8%
All Geographies N = 1332	84.0%	0.9%	1.4%	13.7%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Here is a list of things that some older adults need help doing. Check the box that best describes your situation.

Managing money and paying the bills				
Geography	Don't need help with this at all	Need help and have none	Have some help but need more	I have all the help I need
Franklin N = 575	75.0%	7.7%	3.1%	14.3%
Delaware N = 108	76.0%	3.1%	9.6%	11.3%
Licking N = 101	82.7%	1.9%	1.3%	14.1%
Fairfield N = 115	76.6%	6.7%	4.1%	12.7%
Union N = 97	76.2%	5.8%	5.3%	12.8%
Pickaway N = 114	84.3%	2.2%	1.2%	12.3%
Madison N = 105	77.4%	3.7%	3.3%	15.6%
Fayette N = 115	75.6%	5.2%	3.3%	15.9%
City of Columbus N = 411	73.6%	9.7%	2.6%	14.0%
All Geographies N = 1327	76.0%	6.1%	3.0%	14.9%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Here is a list of things that some older adults need help doing. Check the box that best describes your situation.

Bathing and dressing myself				
Geography	Don't need help with this at all	Need help and have none	Have some help but need more	I have all the help I need
Franklin N = 576	83.5%	1.1%	1.0%	14.4%
Delaware N = 108	86.8%	1.1%	0.0%	12.1%
Licking N = 97	82.8%	0.5%	4.6%	12.1%
Fairfield N = 115	81.8%	0.0%	2.9%	15.3%
Union N = 97	88.0%	0.0%	1.8%	10.2%
Pickaway N = 114	88.0%	0.0%	1.0%	11.0%
Madison N = 105	81.3%	0.0%	4.8%	14.0%
Fayette N = 113	84.6%	0.0%	1.8%	13.6%
City of Columbus N = 411	84.1%	1.6%	0.9%	13.4%
All Geographies N = 1328	83.7%	0.7%	1.7%	13.9%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Here is a list of things that some older adults need help doing. Check the box that best describes your situation.

Moving from one room to another				
Geography	Don't need help with this at all	Need help and have none	Have some help but need more	I have all the help I need
Franklin N = 581	83.1%	1.9%	1.3%	13.6%
Delaware N = 108	86.6%	1.1%	0.0%	12.3%
Licking N = 101	82.6%	3.9%	0.8%	12.6%
Fairfield N = 115	86.1%	0.0%	1.6%	12.3%
Union N = 97	87.7%	0.7%	1.4%	10.2%
Pickaway N = 114	87.6%	0.0%	1.6%	10.8%
Madison N = 105	81.0%	0.0%	4.8%	14.2%
Fayette N = 111	82.7%	0.5%	1.3%	15.5%
City of Columbus N = 416	82.4%	2.8%	0.4%	14.5%
All Geographies N = 1333	83.4%	1.3%	1.2%	14.1%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Here is a list of things that some older adults need help doing. Check the box that best describes your situation.

Preparing food for myself				
Geography	Don't need help with this at all	Need help and have none	Have some help but need more	I have all the help I need
Franklin N = 581	81.2%	4.8%	1.1%	12.9%
Delaware N = 108	78.4%	2.7%	0.2% ▼	18.7%
Licking N = 101	85.3%	0.0% ▼	5.8%	8.8%
Fairfield N = 110	85.7%	0.0% ▼	1.4%	12.9%
Union N = 97	87.3%	0.5%	3.1%	9.1%
Pickaway N = 114	85.8%	0.4% ▼	2.1%	11.7%
Madison N = 105	83.4%	4.9%	0.5%	11.2%
Fayette N = 114	80.1%	3.8%	2.3%	13.8%
City of Columbus N = 416	78.8%	5.9%	0.7%	14.6%
All Geographies N = 1328	81.4%	3.1%	1.8%	13.8%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Here is a list of things that some older adults need help doing. Check the box that best describes your situation.

Shopping for things I need				
Geography	Don't need help with this at all	Need help and have none	Have some help but need more	I have all the help I need
Franklin N = 580	77.4%	5.8%	3.3%	13.4%
Delaware N = 108	68.8%	2.7%	1.9%	26.6%
Licking N = 101	77.9%	3.9%	5.5%	12.6%
Fairfield N = 110	79.0%	2.3%	1.8%	16.9%
Union N = 96	86.3%	1.1%	1.9%	10.6%
Pickaway N = 114	84.4%	0.1% ▼	5.2%	10.3%
Madison N = 105	80.8%	5.1%	0.0% ▼	14.1%
Fayette N = 114	79.7%	1.7%	4.3%	14.3%
City of Columbus N = 416	76.5%	6.7%	2.8%	14.0%
All Geographies N = 1327	77.6%	3.9%	3.6%	15.0%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Here is a list of things that some older adults need help doing. Check the box that best describes your situation.

Getting places I need to go				
Geography	Don't need help with this at all	Need help and have none	Have some help but need more	I have all the help I need
Franklin N = 580	76.5%	5.6%	4.7%	13.2%
Delaware N = 107	69.2%	0.0% ▼	8.8%	22.0%
Licking N = 96	78.6%	1.0%	10.0%	10.4%
Fairfield N = 115	74.0%	2.3%	9.4%	14.3%
Union N = 97	86.3%	1.1%	2.0%	10.6%
Pickaway N = 114	85.6%	1.8%	3.7%	8.9%
Madison N = 105	75.6%	5.0%	4.9%	14.5%
Fayette N = 115	73.9%	1.2%	6.3%	18.6%
City of Columbus N = 415	75.7%	7.8%	4.7%	11.9%
All Geographies N = 1325	75.6%	3.7%	5.7%	15.0%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Do you ever have problems getting your medications because of the following reasons?

Geography	My health conditions	They are too expensive	There is no delivery or mail option	I have to care for someone else	Other	Insurance, coverage, or authorization problem	Transportation or medication-pickup problem	Prescription, pharmacy, supply, or provider-process problem	Not applicable / no medication-access problem
Franklin N = 579	4.2%	21.3%	1.8%	2.1%	1.0%	1.7%	2.1%	0.9%	69.9%
Delaware N = 107	1.9%	11.7%	0.0% ▼	1.1%	0.0%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	85.9% ▲
Licking N = 101	8.8%	22.9%	1.2%	4.3%	3.5%	0.0% ▼	0.0%	0.0%	71.9%
Fairfield N = 115	7.1%	20.7%	2.0%	4.5%	1.8%	2.0%	1.1%	0.0%	64.9%
Union N = 97	2.3%	15.2%	2.9%	0.3%	0.3%	0.9%	0.0%	2.5%	77.6%
Pickaway N = 114	4.8%	23.2%	3.0%	0.1%	0.0%	5.1%	0.1%	0.2%	63.7%
Madison N = 99	5.6%	21.9%	0.2%	0.0%	5.8%	1.2%	0.0%	2.4%	73.9%
Fayette N = 115	0.2% ▼	33.0%	2.3%	4.4%	2.2%	0.0% ▼	0.0%	0.0%	60.5%
City of Columbus N = 416	2.1%	20.6%	0.9%	1.4%	1.3%	1.5%	2.1%	1.4%	71.7%
All Geographies N = 1329	4.3%	20.4%	2.5%	2.1%	1.2%	1.7%	1.3%	0.7%	70.6%

- ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).
- Percentages do not sum to 100% because respondents could select more than one response.

Here is a list of things that some older adults need. Check the box that best describes your situation.

Nutritional supplements such as Ensure				
Geography	I don't need it	I need it and don't have it at all	I need it and I don't have enough	I need it and have enough
Franklin N = 576	88.5%	5.4%	2.4%	3.7%
Delaware N = 106	88.3%	1.1% ▼	6.7%	3.9%
Licking N = 101	84.9%	0.7% ▼	8.2%	6.3%
Fairfield N = 115	80.0%	7.6%	1.7%	10.7%
Union N = 97	87.5%	7.2%	0.1% ▼	5.3%
Pickaway N = 113	83.9%	6.5%	1.5%	8.1%
Madison N = 105	81.8%	7.4%	5.0%	5.8%
Fayette N = 114	80.9%	9.1%	4.8%	5.2%
City of Columbus N = 410	91.7% ▲	4.0%	2.1%	2.3% ▼
All Geographies N = 1321	85.5%	5.9%	3.0%	5.6%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Here is a list of things that some older adults need. Check the box that best describes your situation.

Food from food pantry or food bank				
Geography	I don't need it	I need it and don't have it at all	I need it and I don't have enough	I need it and have enough
Franklin N = 569	86.6%	6.0%	3.3%	4.1%
Delaware N = 108	89.5%	1.2%	1.7%	7.5%
Licking N = 98	95.7%	0.0% ▼	4.1%	0.3% ▼
Fairfield N = 115	84.8%	0.0% ▼	5.3%	9.9%
Union N = 97	95.1%	2.7%	1.1%	1.1%
Pickaway N = 114	88.9%	2.0%	0.0% ▼	9.1%
Madison N = 100	79.5%	4.2%	2.4%	13.9%
Fayette N = 112	87.7%	6.3%	1.5%	4.4%
City of Columbus N = 407	86.7%	6.2%	2.5%	4.6%
All Geographies N = 1312	87.9%	4.1%	3.1%	4.9%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Here is a list of things that some older adults need. Check the box that best describes your situation.

Meal delivery (Meals on Wheels)				
Geography	I don't need it	I need it and don't have it at all	I need it and I don't have enough	I need it and have enough
Franklin N = 572	91.7%	5.1%	1.2%	2.0%
Delaware N = 106	91.1%	1.1%	0.0%	7.8%
Licking N = 101	91.2%	4.2%	0.0%	4.6%
Fairfield N = 115	88.5%	5.4%	0.0%	6.1%
Union N = 97	97.2%	1.6%	0.0%	1.2%
Pickaway N = 114	91.8%	3.7%	0.7%	3.8%
Madison N = 105	85.0%	3.9%	6.4%	4.6%
Fayette N = 113	94.5%	0.1% ▼	2.1%	3.3%
City of Columbus N = 410	91.3%	5.0%	1.4%	2.2%
All Geographies N = 1321	92.1%	4.1%	0.8%	3.0%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Here is a list of things that some older adults need. Check the box that best describes your situation.

Food from other places (senior center, church, etc.)				
Geography	I don't need it	I need it and don't have it at all	I need it and I don't have enough	I need it and have enough
Franklin N = 566	90.5%	4.4%	2.5%	2.6%
Delaware N = 107	92.2%	0.2% ▼	0.0% ▼	7.6%
Licking N = 101	94.6%	0.0% ▼	0.5%	4.9%
Fairfield N = 110	91.4%	2.0%	2.9%	3.8%
Union N = 97	97.9% ▲	0.7%	1.1%	0.3% ▼
Pickaway N = 113	87.3%	2.2%	3.1%	7.4%
Madison N = 105	88.4%	0.4% ▼	1.7%	9.6%
Fayette N = 114	89.8%	1.4%	2.9%	5.9%
City of Columbus N = 406	92.5%	3.8%	2.0%	1.7%
All Geographies N = 1304	90.9%	3.1%	2.1%	3.8%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Here is a list of things that some older adults need. Check the box that best describes your situation.

Financial support for food (SNAP, food stamps, EBT)				
Geography	I don't need it	I need it and don't have it at all	I need it and I don't have enough	I need it and have enough
Franklin N = 566	83.5%	7.7%	4.5%	4.3%
Delaware N = 107	92.4%	3.5%	2.8%	1.3%
Licking N = 98	84.3%	5.8%	0.0% ▼	9.9%
Fairfield N = 109	90.2%	3.4%	2.0%	4.4%
Union N = 97	95.7% ▲	4.3%	0.0% ▼	0.0% ▼
Pickaway N = 113	84.9%	5.4%	3.3%	6.4%
Madison N = 105	80.6%	3.9%	10.7%	4.7%
Fayette N = 114	82.4%	6.0%	3.1%	8.5%
City of Columbus N = 404	83.1%	9.9%	4.0%	3.0%
All Geographies N = 1310	85.7%	6.8%	3.4%	4.0%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Have you fallen in the last six months, or has that not happened?

Geography	I have fallen	I have not fallen
Franklin N = 579	15.6%	84.4%
Delaware N = 108	12.8%	87.2%
Licking N = 102	22.3%	77.7%
Fairfield N = 116	10.1%	89.9%
Union N = 97	15.5%	84.5%
Pickaway N = 112	23.4%	76.6%
Madison N = 105	19.7%	80.3%
Fayette N = 115	9.5%	90.5%
City of Columbus N = 413	16.4%	83.6%
All Geographies N = 1332	15.3%	84.7%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How would you rate your overall health?

Geography	Excellent	Very good	Good	Fair	Poor
Franklin N = 582	10.7%	36.0%	34.4%	17.1%	1.7%
Delaware N = 108	16.8%	42.8%	32.5%	7.8%	0.1% ▼
Licking N = 102	21.9%	23.0%	33.9%	18.6%	2.5%
Fairfield N = 114	1.2% ▼	51.7%	23.7%	17.5%	5.9%
Union N = 97	28.9%	38.1%	22.5%	10.3%	0.1% ▼
Pickaway N = 114	7.2%	40.9%	36.6%	12.7%	2.6%
Madison N = 105	20.5%	31.4%	31.2%	16.7%	0.3% ▼
Fayette N = 114	6.8%	29.0%	35.4%	28.1%	0.8%
City of Columbus N = 414	11.8%	34.6%	35.6%	16.9%	1.1%
All Geographies N = 1336	12.1%	37.2%	32.8%	15.2%	2.6%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

During the past 12 months, how often have you:

Had four or more drinks containing alcohol in a single day?

Geography	Never	Less than once per month	Once per month	Once per week	Daily or almost every day
Franklin N = 585	67.9%	15.8%	6.7%	8.5%	1.1%
Delaware N = 108	59.9%	17.3%	9.4%	7.4%	6.0%
Licking N = 103	79.2%	6.3% ▼	7.2%	2.8%	4.5%
Fairfield N = 115	67.9%	19.4%	2.7%	7.6%	2.4%
Union N = 97	69.2%	17.5%	5.7%	3.1%	4.6%
Pickaway N = 111	76.3%	5.6% ▼	2.6%	4.0%	11.6%
Madison N = 105	75.1%	10.9%	12.0%	2.0%	0.0% ▼
Fayette N = 115	61.7%	22.2%	11.0%	4.2%	0.9%
City of Columbus N = 420	68.3%	14.9%	7.4%	8.5%	1.0%
All Geographies N = 1337	68.4%	15.6%	6.6%	6.9%	2.6%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

During the past 12 months, how often have you:

Used tobacco or any other nicotine product?

Geography	Never	Less than once per month	Once per month	Once per week	Daily or almost every day
Franklin N = 586	88.3%	2.8%	0.2%	0.4%	8.3%
Delaware N = 108	87.7%	0.0% ▼	1.5%	8.0%	2.7% ▼
Licking N = 103	91.9%	0.0% ▼	0.0%	0.0%	8.1%
Fairfield N = 116	82.5%	4.7%	0.2%	0.0%	12.6%
Union N = 97	87.2%	4.2%	0.3%	0.0%	8.3%
Pickaway N = 111	79.9%	1.3%	0.0%	0.2%	18.7%
Madison N = 105	81.0%	2.1%	2.0%	7.5%	7.5%
Fayette N = 115	80.2%	1.8%	0.0%	0.3%	17.7%
City of Columbus N = 423	91.4%	2.4%	0.3%	0.3%	5.5%
All Geographies N = 1341	87.1%	2.4%	0.3%	1.1%	9.1%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

During the past 12 months, how often have you:

Used a recreational drug or used a prescription for non-medical reasons?

Geography	Never	Less than once per month	Once per month	Once per week	Daily or almost every day
Franklin N = 585	89.4%	4.0%	1.6%	1.1%	3.9%
Delaware N = 108	85.9%	1.4%	0.4%	8.9%	3.4%
Licking N = 103	83.1%	4.7%	0.0%	0.5%	11.7%
Fairfield N = 116	89.3%	4.6%	0.0%	2.6%	3.5%
Union N = 97	90.4%	4.8%	2.9%	0.6%	1.4% ▼
Pickaway N = 113	91.3%	0.0% ▼	1.0%	0.3%	7.4%
Madison N = 105	85.3%	2.5%	5.5%	0.0% ▼	6.6%
Fayette N = 115	86.8%	2.5%	2.9%	0.0% ▼	7.9%
City of Columbus N = 418	87.8%	4.1%	1.4%	1.6%	5.0%
All Geographies N = 1343	88.4%	3.0%	1.3%	1.8%	5.6%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

During the past 12 months, how often have you:

Felt badly about your use of drugs or alcohol?

Geography	Never	Less than once per month	Once per month	Once per week	Daily or almost every day
Franklin N = 580	95.4%	1.4%	1.9%	1.0%	0.4%
Delaware N = 108	83.1%	2.5%	7.0%	0.9%	6.6%
Licking N = 102	97.2%	2.8%	0.0%	0.0% ▼	0.0%
Fairfield N = 115	94.2%	0.0% ▼	0.0%	1.5%	4.3%
Union N = 97	95.3%	1.9%	0.0%	2.9%	0.0%
Pickaway N = 115	99.7% ▲	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%
Madison N = 105	99.5% ▲	0.0% ▼	0.5%	0.0% ▼	0.0%
Fayette N = 115	95.8%	4.2%	0.0%	0.0% ▼	0.0%
City of Columbus N = 415	94.9%	1.5%	1.4%	1.7%	0.5%
All Geographies N = 1333	95.2%	1.3%	1.5%	0.9%	1.1%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How often do you feel...

That you lack companionship?			
Geography	Hardly ever	Some of the time	Often
Franklin N = 590	63.5%	25.8%	10.7%
Delaware N = 108	84.9% ▲	10.0% ▼	5.2%
Licking N = 103	65.8%	21.5%	12.8%
Fairfield N = 115	65.1%	26.0%	8.9%
Union N = 97	73.9%	21.1%	5.0%
Pickaway N = 115	67.2%	29.1%	3.7% ▼
Madison N = 105	75.0%	20.1%	4.9%
Fayette N = 115	48.8%	38.4%	12.8%
City of Columbus N = 423	59.9%	29.3%	10.9%
All Geographies N = 1348	66.3%	23.1%	10.6%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How often do you feel...

Left out?			
Geography	Hardly ever	Some of the time	Often
Franklin N = 587	61.6%	30.0%	8.4%
Delaware N = 108	76.7%	18.2%	5.0%
Licking N = 102	61.4%	33.3%	5.3%
Fairfield N = 115	58.9%	34.7%	6.5%
Union N = 97	71.3%	24.9%	3.8%
Pickaway N = 115	72.9%	23.2%	3.9%
Madison N = 105	75.9%	17.7%	6.4%
Fayette N = 114	49.7%	41.9%	8.4%
City of Columbus N = 420	58.0%	33.7%	8.3%
All Geographies N = 1343	64.5%	27.7%	7.9%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How often do you feel...

Isolated from others?			
Geography	Hardly ever	Some of the time	Often
Franklin N = 584	69.1%	20.6%	10.3%
Delaware N = 108	83.7% ▲	10.2%	6.1%
Licking N = 102	63.6%	30.1%	6.2%
Fairfield N = 115	65.2%	22.3%	12.4%
Union N = 97	67.2%	27.4%	5.4%
Pickaway N = 115	74.3%	20.4%	5.3%
Madison N = 105	81.8%	10.3%	7.9%
Fayette N = 113	54.7%	35.4%	9.9%
City of Columbus N = 417	65.9%	23.8%	10.3%
All Geographies N = 1340	70.0%	20.4%	9.6%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Over the last 2 weeks, how often have you been bothered by the following problems?

Feeling nervous, anxious or on edge?

Geography	Not at all	Several days	More than half the days	Nearly every day
Franklin N = 588	61.1%	29.3%	5.0%	4.6%
Delaware N = 108	66.6%	26.8%	1.7%	5.0%
Licking N = 103	66.7%	26.6%	2.1%	4.6%
Fairfield N = 116	51.8%	34.8%	6.4%	6.9%
Union N = 97	71.4%	23.9%	3.5%	1.2%
Pickaway N = 115	62.4%	35.6%	1.0% ▼	0.9%
Madison N = 105	67.8%	21.1%	10.4%	0.7% ▼
Fayette N = 112	46.6%	47.4%	5.4%	0.6% ▼
City of Columbus N = 419	58.5%	31.1%	5.3%	5.1%
All Geographies N = 1346	60.3%	30.3%	4.7%	4.7%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Over the last 2 weeks, how often have you been bothered by the following problems?

Not being able to stop or control worrying?

Geography	Not at all	Several days	More than half the days	Nearly every day
Franklin N = 588	67.4%	22.9%	5.1%	4.6%
Delaware N = 108	71.8%	18.5%	4.8%	5.0%
Licking N = 103	69.0%	26.1%	2.6%	2.4%
Fairfield N = 116	56.7%	29.3%	8.2%	5.7%
Union N = 97	74.4%	22.0%	2.1%	1.5%
Pickaway N = 115	80.6%	13.5%	5.0%	1.0%
Madison N = 105	81.2%	11.7%	6.4%	0.7% ▼
Fayette N = 112	61.6%	31.4%	5.1%	1.8%
City of Columbus N = 422	65.5%	23.6%	7.6%	3.2%
All Geographies N = 1345	67.0%	23.3%	5.6%	4.1%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Over the last 2 weeks, how often have you been bothered by the following problems?

Feeling little interest or pleasure in doing things?

Geography	Not at all	Several days	More than half the days	Nearly every day
Franklin N = 585	69.8%	21.1%	6.7%	2.3%
Delaware N = 108	71.1%	22.4%	1.5% ▼	5.0%
Licking N = 103	65.2%	29.1%	1.0% ▼	4.7%
Fairfield N = 116	55.9%	26.1%	15.8%	2.1%
Union N = 97	63.4%	31.8%	2.6%	2.3%
Pickaway N = 115	71.7%	14.3%	3.4%	10.6%
Madison N = 105	76.3%	14.2%	8.6%	0.9%
Fayette N = 112	44.8% ▼	49.4% ▲	3.4%	2.4%
City of Columbus N = 418	65.8%	23.3%	9.0%	1.9%
All Geographies N = 1343	68.3%	21.5%	6.8%	3.4%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Think about all your family or friends, including those in your neighborhood:

How many of your family or friends do you see or hear from at least once a month?

Geography	None	1	2	3-4	5-8	9 or more
Franklin N = 587	2.3%	3.6%	9.6%	36.5% ▲	25.9%	22.1%
Delaware N = 108	2.7%	1.8%	12.0%	25.2%	26.6%	31.6%
Licking N = 103	3.9%	0.6% ▼	11.7%	24.5%	27.5%	31.8%
Fairfield N = 116	2.3%	5.1%	15.6%	25.2%	33.2%	18.5%
Union N = 97	0.0% ▼	5.5%	6.1%	24.1%	33.9%	30.5%
Pickaway N = 115	1.7%	5.1%	6.9%	30.7%	16.4%	39.3%
Madison N = 105	3.3%	0.8%	12.4%	23.6%	24.2%	35.7%
Fayette N = 113	2.2%	6.4%	14.5%	29.5%	24.0%	23.5%
City of Columbus N = 422	1.0%	3.7%	12.0%	37.8%	23.7%	21.8%
All Geographies N = 1344	2.0%	3.8%	10.7%	29.6%	28.1%	25.9%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Think about all your family or friends, including those in your neighborhood:

How many friends do you feel at ease with that you can talk with about private matters?

Geography	None	1	2	3-4	5-8	9 or more
Franklin N = 590	11.5%	10.1%	29.3%	33.7%	11.2%	4.1%
Delaware N = 108	6.9%	16.4%	17.6%	40.6%	9.3%	9.3%
Licking N = 103	7.9%	12.6%	24.0%	37.9%	10.1%	7.5%
Fairfield N = 116	12.6%	9.8%	38.4%	22.1%	13.4%	3.8%
Union N = 97	8.1%	10.2%	24.8%	31.4%	15.4%	10.0%
Pickaway N = 111	15.7%	15.6%	18.0%	35.1%	10.4%	5.3%
Madison N = 105	6.4%	15.6%	18.6%	32.2%	16.5%	10.8%
Fayette N = 114	17.8%	13.1%	18.6%	36.7%	8.9%	4.9%
City of Columbus N = 423	10.5%	10.6%	29.8%	34.4%	10.0%	4.7%
All Geographies N = 1346	10.4%	12.0%	26.1%	34.5%	11.8%	5.1%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Think about all your family or friends, including those in your neighborhood:

How many friends do you feel close enough to that you could call on them for help?

Geography	None	1	2	3-4	5-8	9 or more
Franklin N = 590	7.4%	13.8%	20.1%	35.8%	13.4%	9.5%
Delaware N = 108	0.9% ▼	13.7%	13.4%	37.5%	15.9%	18.7%
Licking N = 103	5.0%	8.5%	31.3%	29.3%	15.0%	10.9%
Fairfield N = 116	1.8% ▼	11.9%	30.2%	30.8%	16.0%	9.4%
Union N = 95	4.3%	8.1%	26.6%	23.6%	20.7%	16.8%
Pickaway N = 111	10.3%	10.2%	23.1%	20.4%	18.5%	17.4%
Madison N = 105	7.9%	7.4%	11.8%	33.6%	25.5%	13.9%
Fayette N = 112	13.4%	9.4%	19.3%	32.2%	10.7%	14.9%
City of Columbus N = 423	8.3%	14.2%	22.0%	36.4%	12.4%	6.6%
All Geographies N = 1341	7.4%	11.6%	20.8%	33.8%	15.2%	11.3%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements:

There are negative stereotypes about older adults

Geography	Strongly agree	Somewhat agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Somewhat disagree	Strongly disagree
Franklin N = 589	29.8%	40.7%	23.6%	4.5%	1.4%
Delaware N = 101	41.0%	30.1%	26.7%	2.0%	0.2%
Licking N = 102	19.0%	56.0%	24.5%	0.6% ▼	0.1%
Fairfield N = 116	40.3%	41.4%	15.0%	2.4%	0.9%
Union N = 97	28.0%	55.0%	15.4%	0.6%	1.0%
Pickaway N = 111	32.3%	34.9%	18.3%	11.2%	3.4%
Madison N = 105	22.3%	51.2%	15.0%	5.0%	6.6%
Fayette N = 114	17.7%	53.7%	26.4%	2.1%	0.0% ▼
City of Columbus N = 422	34.6%	39.2%	20.9%	3.8%	1.5%
All Geographies N = 1339	29.0%	43.2%	22.5%	3.7%	1.7%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements:

My ideas and opinions are valued by local decision makers

Geography	Strongly agree	Somewhat agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Somewhat disagree	Strongly disagree
Franklin N = 587	5.4%	26.7%	35.9%	14.5%	17.6%
Delaware N = 108	0.8%	29.9%	33.1%	13.2%	23.0%
Licking N = 102	1.0%	24.7%	46.4%	15.6%	12.4%
Fairfield N = 116	0.6%	19.7%	34.9%	22.5%	22.2%
Union N = 97	1.5%	20.5%	46.1%	15.4%	16.6%
Pickaway N = 109	5.5%	23.0%	23.7%	17.9%	29.9%
Madison N = 105	1.3%	25.3%	46.3%	19.6%	7.5%
Fayette N = 114	4.8%	17.6%	32.5%	32.5%	12.7%
City of Columbus N = 422	5.4%	28.6%	30.5%	16.9%	18.6%
All Geographies N = 1340	3.6%	24.7%	36.7%	16.3%	18.7%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Would you say you are a caregiver for someone else or not?

Geography	I am a caregiver	I am not a caregiver
Franklin N = 590	29.8%	70.2%
Delaware N = 108	30.1%	69.9%
Licking N = 103	23.2%	76.8%
Fairfield N = 116	28.2%	71.8%
Union N = 97	31.8%	68.2%
Pickaway N = 115	22.0%	78.0%
Madison N = 105	12.1%	87.9%
Fayette N = 115	29.8%	70.2%
City of Columbus N = 423	22.0%	78.0%
All Geographies N = 1349	27.9%	72.1%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Who do you care for?

Geography	Spouse / partner	Child over age 18	Child under age 18	Parent	Sibling	Other family member	Someone who is not in your family
Franklin N = 176	27.9%	16.4%	24.6%	37.8%	8.0%	24.2%	12.5%
Delaware N = 32	30.7%	4.5%	44.3%	47.1%	0.0%	15.1%	1.9% ▼
Licking N = 24	18.1%	32.3%	0.9% ▼	70.8%	4.8%	0.0% ▼	13.0%
Fairfield N = 33	43.6%	14.1%	2.2% ▼	56.5%	2.1%	2.4% ▼	7.4%
Union N = 31	43.8%	22.2%	44.3%	66.7%	0.0%	20.5%	9.7%
Pickaway N = 25	48.1%	11.7%	8.8%	61.0%	0.0%	4.2%	7.6%
Madison N = 8	10.4%	59.2%	4.5% ▼	18.4%	0.0%	17.1%	8.3%
Fayette N = 34	46.1%	0.0% ▼	27.9%	42.2%	0.0%	14.6%	0.0% ▼
City of Columbus N = 93	16.8%	19.8%	23.4%	23.8% ▼	17.4%	24.8%	11.1%
All Geographies N = 375	32.0%	16.1%	22.6%	47.5%	4.5%	15.4%	11.0%

- ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).
- Percentages do not sum to 100% because respondents could select more than one response.

Caregiving experiences

Overall, how often do you feel stressed about caring for someone else?

Geography	Hardly ever	Sometimes	Often
Franklin N = 176	17.5%	59.6%	22.9%
Delaware N = 32	61.5%	14.5% ▼	24.1%
Licking N = 24	13.1%	53.8%	33.1%
Fairfield N = 33	29.2%	37.1%	33.7%
Union N = 31	21.6%	62.8%	15.6%
Pickaway N = 25	13.1%	60.1%	26.8%
Madison N = 13	41.7%	54.4%	3.9% ▼
Fayette N = 34	15.9%	78.1%	6.0% ▼
City of Columbus N = 93	21.0%	51.0%	28.0%
All Geographies N = 376	27.3%	49.2%	23.5%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Caregiving experiences

How often do you find it difficult to care for yourself because you have to care for someone else?

Geography	Hardly ever	Sometimes	Often
Franklin N = 176	56.3%	31.8%	11.9%
Delaware N = 32	74.4%	14.3%	11.3%
Licking N = 24	59.4%	30.7%	9.9%
Fairfield N = 33	41.8%	30.4%	27.8%
Union N = 31	43.5%	52.8%	3.7%
Pickaway N = 25	28.1%	70.1% ▲	1.8% ▼
Madison N = 13	48.7%	11.8%	39.5%
Fayette N = 34	52.3%	47.7%	0.0% ▼
City of Columbus N = 93	64.0%	30.5%	5.5%
All Geographies N = 376	59.9%	28.1%	12.1%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Please circle each thing you have in your home.

Geography	Working smoke detector	Working carbon monoxide detector	Working air conditioner	Working flashlight	First aid kit	Portable charger	Backup power (i.e., generator)
Franklin N = 590	93.1%	76.4%	92.5%	91.3%	74.1%	65.0%	15.9% ▼
Delaware N = 108	98.8% ▲	86.9% ▲	98.5%	92.2%	79.2%	76.1%	34.4%
Licking N = 103	92.6%	68.1%	93.5%	89.5%	86.3%	65.3%	41.0%
Fairfield N = 116	96.4%	66.1%	96.2%	94.8%	80.0%	67.0%	30.3%
Union N = 97	95.5%	68.6%	90.9%	98.3% ▲	86.6%	73.3%	24.0%
Pickaway N = 115	87.1%	56.3%	92.7%	96.1%	78.9%	67.2%	51.9% ▲
Madison N = 105	85.9%	61.0%	86.2%	86.6%	72.5%	55.9%	42.8%
Fayette N = 115	86.2%	59.6%	94.8%	95.5%	74.5%	66.8%	41.2%
City of Columbus N = 423	92.0%	73.8%	91.7%	89.0%	70.1%	62.6%	13.5% ▼
All Geographies N = 1349	93.9%	73.6%	93.5%	92.0%	78.9%	66.1%	25.2%

- ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).
- Percentages do not sum to 100% because respondents could select more than one response.

Do you have any pets or service animals or do you not have any pets or service animals?

Geography	I have pets or service animals	I do not have any pets or service animals
Franklin N = 590	53.8%	46.2%
Delaware N = 108	58.7%	41.3%
Licking N = 103	57.3%	42.7%
Fairfield N = 116	70.6%	29.4%
Union N = 97	53.7%	46.3%
Pickaway N = 115	54.3%	45.7%
Madison N = 105	62.7%	37.3%
Fayette N = 115	68.9%	31.1%
City of Columbus N = 423	51.9%	48.1%
All Geographies N = 1349	54.6%	45.4%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

In the event of an emergency, how prepared do you feel to care for your pets or service animals?

Geography	Do not have pets	Very prepared	Somewhat prepared	A little prepared	Not prepared at all
Franklin N = 590	46.2%	22.1%	20.1%	8.4%	3.3%
Delaware N = 108	41.3%	35.4%	14.3%	9.0%	0.0% ▼
Licking N = 103	42.7%	32.3%	18.7%	1.4% ▼	4.9%
Fairfield N = 116	29.4%	27.5%	29.5%	9.9%	3.6%
Union N = 97	46.3%	37.8%	8.3% ▼	3.3%	4.3%
Pickaway N = 115	45.7%	30.7%	20.1%	2.9%	0.6%
Madison N = 105	37.3%	39.1%	14.8%	7.3%	1.5%
Fayette N = 115	31.1%	22.5%	32.7%	8.0%	5.7%
City of Columbus N = 423	48.1%	21.6%	21.5%	5.7%	3.1%
All Geographies N = 1349	45.4%	26.7%	18.9%	6.4%	2.6%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

During the last 12 months, has extreme heat, a power outage, or flooding ever prevented you from doing any of these things, or has that never happened?

Geography	Getting to a health appointment	Getting medicine	Getting to work or volunteer duties	Getting to a community event or to worship	Staying in your home
Franklin N = 590	2.7%	3.1%	3.1%	4.7%	6.5%
Delaware N = 108	1.1%	1.1%	0.3% ▼	0.0% ▼	8.1%
Licking N = 103	0.0% ▼	0.0% ▼	0.3% ▼	0.6% ▼	4.9%
Fairfield N = 116	9.1%	4.3%	9.4%	4.1%	5.4%
Union N = 97	0.9%	0.9%	1.0%	1.8%	0.3% ▼
Pickaway N = 115	1.1%	1.0%	0.0% ▼	4.2%	5.1%
Madison N = 105	0.1% ▼	0.0% ▼	4.7%	7.9%	0.6% ▼
Fayette N = 115	3.5%	0.0% ▼	8.8%	6.5%	3.0%
City of Columbus N = 423	2.2%	3.0%	2.6%	3.6%	7.2%
All Geographies N = 1349	2.9%	2.3%	3.3%	3.5%	5.4%

- ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).
- Percentages do not sum to 100% because respondents could select more than one response.

FEMA recommends that you have at least a 3-day supply of these items for use in an emergency.

Geography	Food you can eat without cooking	Bottled water	Clothing	Medicine	First aid kit
Franklin N = 590	80.3%	73.0%	91.2%	87.2%	71.4%
Delaware N = 108	83.0%	68.1%	99.5% ▲	84.9%	79.7%
Licking N = 103	84.1%	76.0%	95.1%	88.7%	77.5%
Fairfield N = 116	81.1%	88.8% ▲	99.8% ▲	98.5% ▲	79.4%
Union N = 97	93.7% ▲	81.0%	98.9% ▲	87.5%	85.0%
Pickaway N = 115	74.6%	79.2%	93.8%	92.6%	79.8%
Madison N = 105	83.0%	73.4%	98.2%	95.4%	78.4%
Fayette N = 115	73.5%	68.6%	92.6%	89.1%	67.1%
City of Columbus N = 423	78.5%	67.5%	88.4%	85.1%	66.7%
All Geographies N = 1349	81.5%	74.3%	93.7%	88.9%	75.0%

- ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).
- Percentages do not sum to 100% because respondents could select more than one response.

Do you have a safe place to go if you must evacuate during an emergency?

Geography	Do have a place	Do not have a place
Franklin N = 590	72.1%	27.9%
Delaware N = 108	86.4% ▲	13.6% ▼
Licking N = 103	74.3%	25.7%
Fairfield N = 116	71.1%	28.9%
Union N = 97	82.9%	17.1%
Pickaway N = 115	64.8%	35.2%
Madison N = 105	75.7%	24.3%
Fayette N = 115	64.3%	35.7%
City of Columbus N = 423	72.8%	27.2%
All Geographies N = 1349	73.0%	27.0%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

If you have a safe place, do you have a way to get to your safe place in an emergency?

Geography	Have a way	Do not have a way
Franklin N = 424	98.8%	1.2%
Delaware N = 93	100.0%	0.0%
Licking N = 77	100.0%	0.0%
Fairfield N = 82	93.5%	6.5%
Union N = 80	100.0%	0.0%
Pickaway N = 74	100.0%	0.0%
Madison N = 79	93.7%	6.3%
Fayette N = 74	98.5%	1.5%
City of Columbus N = 305	98.7%	1.3%
All Geographies N = 981	98.2%	1.8%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Please circle each thing you need to add or update in your home.

Geography	Ramp(s)	Grab bar(s)	Walk-in shower or tub	Roof repair	Furnace repair	First floor bedroom
Franklin N = 583	5.8%	14.1%	16.4%	12.7%	4.5%	8.3%
Delaware N = 108	5.9%	14.0%	7.0% ▼	7.2%	4.5%	5.0%
Licking N = 103	7.5%	14.0%	23.0%	19.2%	12.9%	3.1% ▼
Fairfield N = 116	3.8%	28.5%	23.2%	19.8%	9.7%	15.6%
Union N = 97	0.8% ▼	12.2%	10.4%	7.3%	2.5%	7.1%
Pickaway N = 115	13.5%	26.4%	17.6%	12.5%	0.1% ▼	4.5%
Madison N = 105	9.8%	22.9%	20.0%	12.7%	4.1%	9.6%
Fayette N = 115	18.3%	26.1%	22.4%	13.3%	13.0%	4.4%
City of Columbus N = 418	6.5%	16.8%	16.9%	13.5%	3.6%	4.5%
All Geographies N = 1341	5.2%	17.2%	16.9%	14.9%	5.5%	8.6%

- ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).
- Percentages do not sum to 100% because respondents could select more than one response.

What is your usual way of getting where you need to go?

Geography	Drive myself	Friends or family drive me	Bus or paratransit	Uber or Lyft	Taxi	Bike or walk	Senior transportation	I don't get where I need to go	Other
Franklin N = 575	89.0%	26.3%	3.5%	8.3%	2.2%	10.6%	2.1%	0.2%	0.7%
Delaware N = 108	96.5%	20.1%	2.8%	12.9%	0.0%	3.7% ▼	0.0% ▼	0.0%	0.0%
Licking N = 103	92.1%	28.1%	3.3%	5.9%	0.0%	4.6%	0.3%	0.0%	3.3%
Fairfield N = 116	81.2%	32.5%	1.7%	3.8%	0.0%	12.5%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Union N = 97	97.3% ▲	13.4%	0.0% ▼	0.0% ▼	0.0%	6.5%	0.4%	0.7%	1.0%
Pickaway N = 115	94.6%	15.9%	0.2% ▼	0.0% ▼	0.0%	4.8%	1.7%	0.0%	1.2%
Madison N = 100	88.3%	16.5%	3.0%	0.0% ▼	0.0%	18.6%	0.0% ▼	0.0%	0.0%
Fayette N = 114	92.6%	32.8%	0.0% ▼	1.6% ▼	1.1%	2.1% ▼	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
City of Columbus N = 408	88.1%	24.5%	4.3%	11.2%	2.3%	13.8%	1.5%	0.0%	0.6%
All Geographies N = 1331	90.8%	24.6%	2.9%	7.6%	1.2%	9.5%	1.4%	0.1%	0.7%

- ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).
- Percentages do not sum to 100% because respondents could select more than one response.

If your usual way of getting around was no longer an option, how would you get where you need to go?

Geography	Drive myself	Friends or family drive me	Bus or paratransit	Uber or Lyft	Taxi	Bike or walk	Senior transportation	I wouldn't get there	Other
Franklin N = 575	13.5%	67.5%	15.4% ▲	42.2%	11.3%	24.3%	16.0%	6.3%	0.0%
Delaware N = 107	8.3%	81.3%	16.2%	53.3%	7.3%	20.5%	10.1%	0.3% ▼	0.0%
Licking N = 99	7.0%	75.0%	3.5% ▼	16.3% ▼	6.4%	19.9%	26.5%	12.4%	0.1%
Fairfield N = 115	12.7%	69.1%	8.8%	41.9%	7.2%	15.0%	14.3%	14.1%	0.1%
Union N = 97	5.6%	75.7%	3.3% ▼	39.9%	5.9%	14.5%	20.5%	7.4%	1.5%
Pickaway N = 115	12.0%	77.4%	0.1% ▼	18.2%	8.7%	15.1%	17.3%	9.6%	0.2%
Madison N = 103	12.0%	90.8% ▲	0.0% ▼	6.1% ▼	0.6% ▼	29.9%	9.5%	2.0%	7.5%
Fayette N = 115	14.0%	74.9%	3.7% ▼	12.1% ▼	9.7%	11.6%	9.6%	10.3%	0.0%
City of Columbus N = 408	15.9%	66.8%	15.9%	44.7%	8.8%	22.2%	10.2%	5.2%	0.0%
All Geographies N = 1325	13.0%	69.5%	10.9%	36.7%	9.0%	20.7%	15.5%	8.3%	0.4%

- ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).
- Percentages do not sum to 100% because respondents could select more than one response.

Transportation challenges during the past 12 months

During the past 12 months, how often did transportation challenges prevent you from reaching places you needed to go?

Geography	Hardly ever	Sometimes	Often
Franklin N = 560	88.7%	10.2%	1.1%
Delaware N = 105	83.3%	15.0%	1.7%
Licking N = 100	96.5% ▲	3.1% ▼	0.4%
Fairfield N = 113	86.8%	9.1%	4.1%
Union N = 97	94.4%	3.9%	1.7%
Pickaway N = 114	94.9%	3.9%	1.2%
Madison N = 100	85.9%	9.1%	5.0%
Fayette N = 112	90.3%	9.7%	0.0%
City of Columbus N = 403	88.2%	10.7%	1.0%
All Geographies N = 1298	89.1%	9.7%	1.3%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Transportation challenges during the past 12 months

During the past 12 months, how often did you feel concerned that asking for a ride might inconvenience your family or friends?

Geography	Hardly ever	Sometimes	Often
Franklin N = 558	74.0%	16.5%	9.6%
Delaware N = 102	73.0%	23.9%	3.1% ▼
Licking N = 94	64.1%	28.0%	7.9%
Fairfield N = 114	67.0%	20.9%	12.1%
Union N = 95	86.8% ▲	8.9%	4.3%
Pickaway N = 115	72.8%	14.4%	12.9%
Madison N = 103	74.6%	12.0%	13.4%
Fayette N = 110	69.3%	27.3%	3.4% ▼
City of Columbus N = 403	72.2%	18.9%	8.9%
All Geographies N = 1284	73.3%	16.8%	9.9%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

What is your employment status?

Geography	Work full time	Work part time	Unemployed but looking for a job	Retired but looking for a job	Retired and not looking for a job	Disabled and unable to work
Franklin N = 568	37.2%	6.2%	3.4%	1.7%	40.9%	10.6%
Delaware N = 108	46.7%	5.2%	0.0% ▼	3.8%	44.2%	0.1% ▼
Licking N = 103	35.1%	5.6%	0.0% ▼	0.4%	47.5%	11.4%
Fairfield N = 116	34.6%	1.2% ▼	4.3%	3.8%	49.1%	7.0%
Union N = 96	46.8%	8.1%	0.0% ▼	2.2%	41.8%	1.1% ▼
Pickaway N = 112	27.5%	5.3%	0.0% ▼	0.4%	58.2%	8.5%
Madison N = 101	46.1%	5.5%	4.9%	8.8%	28.6%	6.1%
Fayette N = 114	38.9%	7.4%	0.3%	1.3%	37.0%	15.0%
City of Columbus N = 413	39.1%	3.8%	4.4%	3.1%	38.3%	11.4%
All Geographies N = 1320	38.1%	6.0%	2.8%	2.2%	42.5%	8.4%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Are you a veteran, or a spouse/partner of a veteran?

Geography	Veteran	Spouse / partner of veteran	Neither
Franklin N = 567	9.7%	8.9%	81.4%
Delaware N = 107	6.8%	10.9%	82.3%
Licking N = 103	12.8%	8.3%	78.9%
Fairfield N = 113	11.8%	10.5%	77.7%
Union N = 93	10.8%	4.1%	85.0%
Pickaway N = 113	5.1%	10.4%	84.6%
Madison N = 105	14.3%	8.4%	77.3%
Fayette N = 114	11.3%	3.5%	85.2%
City of Columbus N = 405	11.0%	10.9%	78.1%
All Geographies N = 1314	9.6%	9.2%	81.2%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Do you use the internet, including email or social media, or do you not do that?

Geography	Use internet	Do not use it
Franklin N = 590	93.8%	6.2%
Delaware N = 108	99.7% ▲	0.3% ▼
Licking N = 103	91.3%	8.7%
Fairfield N = 116	90.8%	9.2%
Union N = 97	97.7%	2.3%
Pickaway N = 115	84.3%	15.7%
Madison N = 105	94.4%	5.6%
Fayette N = 115	92.2%	7.8%
City of Columbus N = 423	91.4%	8.6%
All Geographies N = 1349	94.5%	5.5%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Answer only if you do not use the internet: Please circle all the reasons why you don't use the internet.

Geography	Do not want to use the Internet	Do not know how to use the Internet	Do not have internet access where I live	Cannot afford internet access where I live	Do not have a device to use the Internet	Cannot afford a device to use the Internet	Do not know how to use a device to use the Internet	Other
Franklin N = 31	61.2%	74.9%	19.0%	25.6%	52.5%	27.0%	49.8%	3.9%
Delaware N = 0	100.0% ▲	31.7%	68.3%	0.0%	31.7%	0.0%	31.7%	0.0%
Licking N = 9	51.2%	99.6% ▲	0.4%	0.0%	0.4% ▼	0.0%	13.5%	0.0%
Fairfield N = 11	29.3%	6.8% ▼	0.0%	0.0%	0.0% ▼	5.8%	20.3%	47.0%
Union N = 2	84.3%	0.0% ▼	0.0%	0.0%	15.7%	0.0%	0.0% ▼	0.0%
Pickaway N = 18	33.5%	90.5%	0.0%	42.2%	11.0%	10.8%	66.1%	31.1%
Madison N = 4	5.6% ▼	94.4%	0.0%	5.8%	0.3% ▼	87.5% ▲	1.1% ▼	0.0%
Fayette N = 8	80.3%	26.4%	0.0%	0.0%	77.8%	38.4%	77.8%	0.0%
City of Columbus N = 30	56.0%	65.8%	16.6%	26.3%	57.6%	29.5%	50.6%	1.7%
All Geographies N = 65	56.1%	69.2%	12.4%	19.4%	36.9%	20.3%	40.3%	6.8%

- ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).
- Percentages do not sum to 100% because respondents could select more than one response.

Age Groups

Geography	50-54 years	55-59 years	60-64 years	65-69 years	70-74 years	75+ years
Franklin N = 573	19.4%	17.9%	18.8%	15.3%	12.0%	16.6%
Delaware N = 108	16.4%	23.1%	16.4%	13.9%	13.3%	16.8%
Licking N = 102	11.2%	23.7%	18.7%	15.2%	12.6%	18.6%
Fairfield N = 113	18.2%	18.3%	17.4%	14.5%	12.6%	19.1%
Union N = 94	10.6%	23.1%	25.7%	15.4%	9.9%	15.3%
Pickaway N = 115	0.1% ▼	15.0%	39.4%	14.7%	12.7%	18.0%
Madison N = 105	20.2%	19.0%	17.6%	13.9%	11.7%	17.5%
Fayette N = 114	17.3%	17.1%	18.1%	13.9%	15.1%	18.5%
City of Columbus N = 412	20.0%	18.6%	19.4%	15.1%	11.4%	15.4%
All Geographies N = 1307	19.3%	18.1%	18.2%	15.0%	12.3%	17.1%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

What is your marital status?

Geography	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Single, never married	Not married, living with a partner
Franklin N = 583	54.1%	11.4%	21.5%	10.5%	2.5%
Delaware N = 108	71.2%	9.1%	14.5%	3.2%	2.0%
Licking N = 102	63.7%	12.6%	17.4%	3.5%	2.9%
Fairfield N = 115	64.9%	11.0%	17.7%	4.6%	1.7%
Union N = 97	70.6%	9.0%	14.6%	4.6%	1.1%
Pickaway N = 114	59.5%	13.8%	19.4%	1.1% ▼	6.2%
Madison N = 105	58.2%	10.9%	21.2%	0.5% ▼	9.3%
Fayette N = 115	58.9%	14.0%	21.3%	5.8%	0.0% ▼
City of Columbus N = 416	47.2% ▼	11.6%	24.7%	15.3% ▲	1.3%
All Geographies N = 1338	59.0%	11.3%	19.5%	7.5%	2.7%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

Who lives in your home with you?

Geography	Spouse / partner	Children	Grandchildren	Other relatives	Tenant / renter	Other people not related to me	I live alone
Franklin N = 585	58.0%	26.9%	7.2%	3.9%	0.1%	1.5%	27.0%
Delaware N = 108	73.0%	27.8%	0.3% ▼	4.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.3%
Licking N = 103	66.7%	37.2%	0.5% ▼	5.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.9%
Fairfield N = 116	63.5%	20.1%	6.7%	5.6%	0.0%	3.5%	22.6%
Union N = 97	72.4%	37.2%	3.7%	1.5%	0.0%	1.3%	18.1%
Pickaway N = 115	67.0%	21.2%	1.8%	0.8% ▼	0.2%	1.3%	25.2%
Madison N = 105	69.9%	16.2%	0.5% ▼	4.9%	0.0%	0.0%	25.3%
Fayette N = 115	59.0%	19.2%	7.8%	1.9%	1.2%	0.9%	33.2%
City of Columbus N = 418	51.1% ▼	20.0%	6.8%	4.0%	0.2%	2.4%	31.8%
All Geographies N = 1344	62.6%	26.8%	5.2%	4.1%	0.1%	1.0%	25.3%

- ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).
- Percentages do not sum to 100% because respondents could select more than one response.

What is the highest level of education you have completed?

Geography	Less than 12th grade (no diploma)	High school diploma or GED	Some college (no degree)	Associate's degree	Bachelor's degree	Graduate or professional degree
Franklin N = 583	3.3%	33.9%	18.9%	7.2%	21.4%	15.4%
Delaware N = 108	0.0% ▼	22.6%	17.6%	7.4%	32.1%	20.3%
Licking N = 102	0.0% ▼	47.7%	18.9%	7.8%	16.8%	8.8%
Fairfield N = 115	2.0%	40.6%	21.4%	7.4%	17.3%	11.3%
Union N = 94	0.4%	18.9% ▼	10.7%	4.7%	26.5%	38.8% ▲
Pickaway N = 115	8.7%	41.8%	18.6%	7.7%	15.4%	7.8%
Madison N = 105	4.7%	45.1%	18.6%	7.5%	15.8%	8.2%
Fayette N = 115	2.1%	57.3% ▲	17.9%	8.7%	8.4% ▼	5.5%
City of Columbus N = 415	3.4%	34.9%	19.1%	7.2%	20.7%	14.7%
All Geographies N = 1337	2.3%	36.2%	18.9%	7.4%	21.1%	14.1%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

What is your race?

Geography	African American	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian	Middle Eastern or North African	Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	White	Other
Franklin N = 559	20.2% ▲	1.7%	5.3%	2.0%	0.5%	74.4% ▼	0.0%
Delaware N = 104	1.1% ▼	1.2%	4.0%	0.0%	6.8%	89.2%	0.0%
Licking N = 100	3.6% ▼	0.0%	4.0%	0.0%	0.0%	91.5%	0.9%
Fairfield N = 111	5.3% ▼	4.5%	0.0% ▼	0.7%	0.0%	94.7% ▲	0.0%
Union N = 95	0.0% ▼	0.0%	4.3%	4.3%	0.0%	91.4%	0.0%
Pickaway N = 115	0.0% ▼	5.8%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	99.2% ▲	0.0%
Madison N = 103	4.9%	0.4%	0.0% ▼	0.0%	0.0%	91.8%	2.9%
Fayette N = 113	3.4% ▼	0.0%	0.0% ▼	0.0%	0.4%	96.6% ▲	0.0%
City of Columbus N = 404	25.7% ▲	1.1%	4.3%	1.9%	0.6%	67.9% ▼	0.0%
All Geographies N = 1303	13.9%	1.8%	4.2%	1.7%	0.7%	80.6%	0.4%

- ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).
- Percentages do not sum to 100% because respondents could select more than one response.

Are you of Hispanic or Latino descent or origin?

Geography	Yes	No
Franklin N = 568	1.6%	98.4%
Delaware N = 100	7.1%	92.9%
Licking N = 100	0.0%	100.0%
Fairfield N = 115	0.0%	100.0%
Union N = 97	0.0%	100.0%
Pickaway N = 115	0.3%	99.7%
Madison N = 98	0.0%	100.0%
Fayette N = 113	0.0%	100.0%
City of Columbus N = 407	1.4%	98.6%
All Geographies N = 1302	1.1%	98.9%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

What is your gender?

Geography	Man	Woman	Non-binary	Transgender	I use another term
Franklin N = 572	46.5%	53.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Delaware N = 108	48.8%	51.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Licking N = 102	47.7%	52.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fairfield N = 115	47.5%	52.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Union N = 95	48.4%	51.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Pickaway N = 115	48.9%	51.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Madison N = 103	51.7%	48.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fayette N = 113	47.4%	53.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
City of Columbus N = 410	46.7%	53.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
All Geographies N = 1325	47.3%	52.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

- ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).
- Percentages do not sum to 100% because respondents could select more than one response.

How would you describe yourself?

Geography	Straight / heterosexual	Gay	Lesbian	Bisexual or pansexual	I use another term
Franklin N = 556	96.3%	1.6%	1.6%	0.3%	0.7%
Delaware N = 101	95.4%	1.0%	2.3%	1.2%	0.0%
Licking N = 101	100.0% ▲	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fairfield N = 115	96.4%	2.9%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Union N = 94	100.0% ▲	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Pickaway N = 115	100.0% ▲	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.1%
Madison N = 102	100.0% ▲	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fayette N = 112	98.3%	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%
City of Columbus N = 399	94.2%	2.2%	2.8%	0.5%	0.3%
All Geographies N = 1290	97.6%	1.0%	1.1%	0.3%	0.5%

- ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).
- Percentages do not sum to 100% because respondents could select more than one response.

Did you immigrate or were you born in the U.S.?

Geography	Immigrated	Born in the U.S.
Franklin N = 572	12.6%	87.4%
Delaware N = 101	8.3%	91.7%
Licking N = 102	3.9%	96.1%
Fairfield N = 116	0.0% ▼	100.0% ▲
Union N = 97	8.4%	91.6%
Pickaway N = 115	0.8% ▼	99.2% ▲
Madison N = 103	3.3%	96.7%
Fayette N = 115	1.8% ▼	98.2% ▲
City of Columbus N = 414	13.8%	86.2%
All Geographies N = 1322	9.5%	90.5%

• ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).

What languages are spoken in your home?

Geography	English	Other(s)
Franklin N = 574	98.3%	9.1%
Delaware N = 101	100.0%	12.5%
Licking N = 102	96.1%	3.9%
Fairfield N = 116	100.0%	1.8%
Union N = 97	99.3%	5.9%
Pickaway N = 115	100.0%	0.2% ▼
Madison N = 103	100.0%	5.8%
Fayette N = 114	100.0%	0.0% ▼
City of Columbus N = 417	98.8%	10.7%
All Geographies N = 1325	98.5%	7.3%

- ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).
- Percentages do not sum to 100% because respondents could select more than one response.

What is your primary source of income?

Geography	Social Security	Social Security Disability (SSDI)	Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	Pension	401k or 403b	State retirement plan (OPERS / STRS)	Savings / Investment or ROTH IRA	Working	Other
Franklin N = 539	31.8%	7.7%	4.1%	19.2%	6.6%	9.0%	12.6%	45.2%	4.8%
Delaware N = 99	22.3%	4.7%	0.0% ▼	14.3%	14.7%	15.1%	17.4%	58.1%	2.1%
Licking N = 102	36.4%	11.5%	0.0% ▼	22.0%	8.5%	9.8%	10.2%	43.2%	8.7%
Fairfield N = 116	43.8%	3.1%	4.8%	25.8%	11.3%	8.6%	15.9%	42.6%	2.0%
Union N = 96	27.5%	0.0% ▼	0.7%	13.2%	17.5%	11.6%	23.4%	51.9%	6.3%
Pickaway N = 115	45.3%	2.2%	0.7%	31.8%	13.4%	11.9%	26.0%	32.6%	5.2%
Madison N = 105	32.0%	4.8%	0.0% ▼	16.4%	8.6%	8.7%	16.2%	49.5%	5.5%
Fayette N = 114	44.8%	8.6%	2.1%	10.7%	4.5%	12.4%	7.2%	44.7%	8.7%
City of Columbus N = 394	27.4%	6.9%	5.9%	18.9%	6.7%	9.4%	10.7%	44.6%	6.4%
All Geographies N = 1277	34.0%	5.6%	3.2%	20.4%	8.5%	9.9%	14.6%	45.6%	4.6%

- ▲ / ▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).
- Percentages do not sum to 100% because respondents could select more than one response.

Which of these categories includes your total household income in 2025, before taxes?

Geography	Under \$10,000	\$10,000 - \$24,999	\$25,000 - \$39,999	\$40,000 - \$59,999	\$60,000 - \$74,999	\$75,000 - \$99,999	\$100,000 or more
Franklin N = 547	3.8%	8.5%	9.6%	14.3%	8.9%	13.0%	42.0%
Delaware N = 100	1.1%	4.1%	4.7%	9.8%	11.4%	4.5% ▼	64.3%
Licking N = 99	2.7%	8.4%	8.7%	14.2%	8.9%	13.9%	43.2%
Fairfield N = 104	2.1%	8.0%	8.7%	11.6%	8.2%	14.0%	47.4%
Union N = 92	0.0% ▼	8.3%	7.1%	13.6%	13.6%	8.3%	49.2%
Pickaway N = 106	2.8%	7.8%	8.9%	14.7%	10.8%	11.3%	43.6%
Madison N = 96	3.7%	7.2%	8.5%	14.6%	10.5%	11.6%	43.9%
Fayette N = 111	4.2%	12.9%	12.6%	16.5%	9.6%	12.0%	32.2%
City of Columbus N = 401	4.1%	9.1%	10.0%	14.8%	8.9%	12.8%	40.4%
All Geographies N = 1258	3.2%	7.7%	8.8%	13.6%	8.6%	12.7%	45.4%

• ▲/▼ indicates a statistically significant difference from All Geographies after Holm adjustment within each response/item (two-sided weighted linearized Wald test; adjusted $p < 0.05$).